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LEE'S CAMPAIGN.

A Complete View of the Late Rebel Movements.

THE OBJECT OF THE ADVANCE.

The Strategy of Both Sides---What Was Aimed At and What Effected.

The Present Position and Situation of Both Armies.

LEE ACROSS THE RAPIDAN

Full Details from Our Special Correspondent.

ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, WARRENTON, VA., Thursday, Oct. 22, 1863.

GENERAL CHARACTER OF THE CAMPAIGN.

The Army of the Potomac has at length settled down, after its great race up and down Virginia. The whirl, and bustle, and confusion of the backward and the forward movement have so far given place to calmer moods, that it is possible now to survey with some satisfaction the series of complicated and exciting events whose relations and upshot it was at the time impossible to grasp.

It must be acknowledged that the campaign of the past fortnight has not been one that has brought much glory to either army. The operations, with the exception of a variety of skirmishes and the one considerable brush at Bristoe, have all been of the kind included under the term *strategy*—that is, marches and manœuvres *out of sight* of the enemy. The rebels have inflicted no great damage on us. We have inflicted no great damage on the rebels. *In truth, the real results of this invasive movement on the part of Gen. Lee are to be sought for not so much in anything that has been accomplished here in Virginia, as in the relations of operations here to the whole field of war.* In this regard it remains to be seen how far the progress and fortunes of the war will be effected by the late rebel movement. At present it assumes the character of a diversion in favor of operations in the Southwest. There is not the shadow of a doubt that a considerable portion of the troops with which LEE threw back MEADE are now on their way to reinforce the rebel army in Tennessee for active work against some portion of the great line now being held by the Union forces, from Chattanooga to the Gaps of Virginia.

REBEL THEORY OF LEE'S FORWARD MOVEMENT.

I have had frequent opportunity of learning the *rebel* theory of LEE'S late movement, having conversed with many citizens of the country through which we have, during the past two or three days, passed in the wake of LEE'S army, and they all tell the same story. It is that the movement was made for the purpose of throwing the Army of the Potomac back on Washington and then utterly destroying the railroad connecting MEADE'S army, on the line of the Rapidan with its base, thus relieving Richmond from the standing menace which our occupation of that front of operations held out, exhausting the season during which it is possible for us to make a Fall campaign, and throwing us over till next Spring, when the dissolution of our army and prospective rebel operations in the Southwest would secure them peace.

These views were stated to me as those of the rebel leaders by (among many others) an intelligent and cultivated Englishman named GREEN, who lives in the style of an English gentleman on a charming estate at Greenwich, a few miles north of Warrenton, and with whom Gens. LEE and EWELL, and their respective staffs, stayed last Sunday, while on the retreat.

REAL OBJECT OF THE CAMPAIGN.

Such was the theory given out by the rebels on their *backward* movement. And though perhaps not the whole truth, it is, doubtless, a large element in it. A plan of campaign such as that on which Gen. LEE lately entered embraces, doubtless, a complex of aims; and there can be no doubt that, if the rebel Generalissimo had been able to plant himself in a favorable position on MEADE'S communications, he would have given battle. The desperate dashes which they made at our trains show, too, how greedy they were for booty. With these addenda we have, perhaps, the whole of the series of motives that prompted LEE to the forward movement. There is no probability that he ever purposed crossing the Potomac for a fresh invasion of Maryland or Pennsylvania. There is, on the contrary, very great certainty that he did *not* design such a movement, for *his army brought no pontoon train*, a fact in itself conclusive against any such design, and further corroborated by the limited quantity of supplies he had with him.

As to the results of the movement, the rebels did not succeed in any considerable captures; the movements of the lieutenants on whom LEE relied to execute his plans were too slow; the retrograde movement of MEADE too swift and too skillful, to afford him the fitting opportunity for battle, and the one practical result obtained is the destruction of the railroad, and what that involves.

THE DESTRUCTION OF THE RAILROAD.

This work has been very thoroughly done, LEE'S whole army having been engaged on it for two days. From Bristoe to the Rappahannock, the destruction is complete—bridges burnt, culverts blown up, ties taken up and burnt, rails twisted and rendered useless, cuts filled up, etc., etc. The engineers say that it will be at least a month before it can be again put in running order. It is with no small mortification, therefore, that we have to confess the rebels have achieved an end fully commensurate with the labor and risk of the campaign. The rebel theory, so far as it consigns the army of the Potomac to a *rôle* of inactivity in Virginia *is accepted by our own Generals*, and it will depend on the conduct of those who direct military operations over the whole theatre of war how far the pass to which the rebels have brought affairs in Virginia will affect the fortunes of the war on other fields.

A RETROSPECTIVE GLANCE.

In order to be able to draw any just deductions from the events of the past fortnight, it will be well to take a glance at the salient features of the campaign as a whole. It is, perhaps, due to state that my personal experience is confined to what happened on the return tide of the army, not having been with it on its retrograde movement, but having joined it at Bull Run on Monday of this week. On the march, however, and sitting around the bivouac fires with the leading Generals in the army, during the past three days, I have heard so much about it that I can give the dates and marches with more accuracy than has hitherto been done.

FIRST DISCLOSURE OF REBEL INTENTIONS.

On Friday and Saturday, the 9th and 10th of the current month, the designs of LEE to execute a turning movement on the right flank of the position along the Rapidan began to be suspected. The geographical configuration of the region on the Rapidan peculiarly favors a secret manœuvre of this kind on the part of the rebels, for while on the north side of the Rapidan, occupied by us, the face of the country falls down to a wide extended plain, on which every movement on our part could be seen with the greatest ease—the south side, occupied by the rebels, presents a series of high ridges, which completely mask their movements. Gen. MEADE, in order to learn the design of the enemy, sent out cavalry reconnoissances, the details of whose operations you have already published, and having satisfied himself that LEE was actually making a movement northward from Madison Court-house, the army was on Sunday drawn back from the Rapidan to the Rappahannock, passing the latter river at Kelly's and the upper fords.

A FORWARD MOVEMENT TO FEEL THE ENEMY.

Gen. MEADE was still, however, in great doubt as to the real proportions of the rebel demonstration; so on the following morning, Monday, the 12th, at 11 A. M., the Second, Third and Sixth corps were sent back across the Rappahannock, and pushed forward to the vicinity of Brandy Station. Having become satisfied of the reality of the rebel movement on our right, these corps at midnight of Monday retraced their steps across the Rappahannock.

POSITION OF OUR ARMY AT STARTING.

On Monday night the position of the army was as follows: The Third corps at Freeman's ford; the Second, Fifth and Sixth near Brandy Station; the First at Kelly's Ford; BUFORD'S cavalry at Brandy Station; GREGG at Fayetteville; KILPATRICK toward Hartwood.

THE REBEL POSITION AND MOVEMENTS.

In the meantime, where were the rebels? From Madison Court-house LEE had pushed directly north to Sperryville, and on Monday night, while we were at the positions just indicated, the rebels were advancing across the fords of the Hedgeman River.

Thus far the rebels had clearly the advantage of us. We had lost a day by the counter movement. This was clear gain to them. They had the shorter line, whether to Washington or any point between them and Washington. Accordingly, for the next two days—Tuesday and Wednesday—it became a regular race between the two armies which should first reach the heights of Centreville.

The Second corps marched all Monday night up to Fayetteville to guard the road, and stayed there till the whole army passed.

A RACE BETWEEN THE TWO ARMIES.

On Tuesday both armies were pushing forward as fast as they could, parallel to each other and separated by but half a dozen miles or less.

The rebels passed through Warrenton, and citizens here tell me that they occupied the whole of Tuesday in doing this, their trains being extremely long

We passed some miles to the right, crossing Cedar Run at a place named Auburn, five miles due east of Warrenton.

GEN. LEE FORMS A PLAN.

At Warrenton Gen. LEE formed the bold design of sending one of his corps (HILL'S) by a rapid detour to seize the heights of Centreville, while his other (EWELL'S) should fall upon our flank and rear.

It was on Wednesday morning, when our whole army passed Cedar Run at Auburn, Gen. WARREN'S corps (Second) bringing up the rear. To this commander was assigned the duty of covering the trains of the army, which were much delayed in the crossing by the pontoons.

A CRITICAL MOMENT.

The occasion was now an extremely critical one. EWELL had begun pressing severely on our rear, and already on Wednesday morning, at Auburn the rear guard became engaged with a portion of his force. A double necessity was upon Gen. MEADE: first, he must move with extreme celerity to reach Centreville in advance of HILL, who had the start of him, and was on the shorter line; secondly, he must keep back the enemy from his trains in the rear.

MEADE REQUESTS WARREN TO HOLD ON.

The army having passing Auburn, pushed rapidly on toward Catlett's. A couple of miles beyond Auburn, WARREN received a message from Gen. MEADE to hold on to give him time for his trains. The Second corps, accordingly, for two hours exhausted all the resources of tactics to keep back the enemy, by forming line of battle, skirmishing, shelling the woods, &c., the enemy making vigorous demonstrations all the while. The task was boldly and bravely and effectually performed by Gen. WARREN.

About noon we reached CATLETT'S and began his retreat toward Bristoe. The latter place was made at 2:45 P. M. on Wednesday.

HILL'S corps had reached Bristoe about simultaneously with WARREN—in fact, had just got ahead of him sufficiently to form a line of battle, which he did perpendicular to the railroad.

THE BATTLE OF BRISTOE.

The position was the most perilous one in which a column can be placed—marching by the flank and met by the enemy in line of battle. Gen. WARREN was equal to the emergency. The troops were brought up at the run—the First division (CALDWELL'S) having come up thus for a mile and a half, laden with eight days' rations.

The troops which had been marching on the left of the railroad were brought quickly over to the right, and Gen. WARREN, seeing that the enemy had neglected to occupy the cut and embankment of the railroad, on the instant jumped his men, unseen, into it. More prudence on the part of the rebel commander, or less sagacity on the part of the Union commander, would have proved the destruction of that corps.

The rest of the army had all gone ahead. The First corps (NEWTON'S) had already reached Manassas. The last one but WARREN'S, namely, the Fifth, (SYKES,) passed beyond Bristoe simultaneously with WARREN'S coming up, and just as he got engaged with the enemy, he received from SYKES the comforting intelligence that he "was moving off slowly and in good order!"

Gen. WARREN had formed his troops under cover of the cut and embankment of the railroad, constituting ready-made breastworks. On the left he placed a defensive crotchet. Down rushed the enemy, charging on this flank, when suddenly the troops under cover rose up, and at close range poured volley after volley of deadly fire into the advancing and presently retreating rebels.

After twenty minutes' fight the enemy was glad to make off, leaving a thousand dead and wounded and five hundred prisoners in our hands! It was well that night came on as it did, for just as the sun set, EWELL, who had been following in WARREN'S rear, came up, but had only time to form line of battle when the darkness interrupted further operations, and the rear guard was able to pass on and join the main body of the army.

LEE'S PLANS DISCONCERTED.

The repulse at Bristoe completely disconcerted LEE'S plans, so far as they embraced the view of getting on the communications of Gen. MEADE or reaching Centreville before him. LEE had no longer with him that unmatched executive officer, Stonewall JACKSON, unequaled at a rapid march. HILL proved slow and feeble and instead of striking the head of the Union column he struck its rear, and got badly handled in consequence.

THE REBELS HALT.

From this moment LEE abandoned all purpose of giving battle, and never advanced the main body of his army much beyond Bristoe. Detachments were, however, sent to follow up the Union force and make demonstrations. On Friday, at 11 o'clock A. M., the enemy appeared in front of Blackburn's and Mitchell's fords, and made a vicious attack on our skirmishers, but were promptly driven back. STUART'S cavalry, meanwhile, was sent by a detour round northward and westward; but being checked and repulsed in all their efforts, they gave up the attempt. The rebel army was now set to work to destroy the railroad, and the effectual manner in which they did their work has already been mentioned. Thursday, Friday and Saturday seem to have been employed in this manner, and then LEE began his retrograde movement—the rebel army passing through Greenwich on Sunday, and Warrenton on Monday, and thence down across the Rappahannock, their rear covered by the cavalry.

MEADE AWAITS FURTHER DEVELOPMENTS.

In the meanwhile the Union army lay at Blackburn's Ford, Bull Run, Chantilly and Centreville, awaiting the development of the enemy's plans. Headquarters were on the old Bull Run battle-field itself, by the woods through which the regulars made their charge.

A FORWARD MOVEMENT.

On Monday, the 19th, the forward movement was begun, the army crossing Bull Run on pontoons. The Second corps took the road toward Auburn, the Sixth toward Warrenton, the Third toward Catlett's, the First and Fifth toward New-Baltimore. Tuesday, 20th, found the army on the line indicated—the line of Cedar Run. It had been expected and hoped that we should meet the enemy, but they were far ahead, and nothing but small cavalry parties appeared. On Wednesday, our cavalry returning, gave the intelligence that the rebels were all across the Rappahannock and the Rapidan. In this situation, pursuit was, of course, hopeless, and has for the present been given up.

CRITICISM OF THE CAMPAIGN.

In passing judgment upon the conduct of this campaign—even if that be possible at all at this time—we must weigh duly all the elements that enter into the problem. *Had Gen. Meade been free to operate with no other considerations in view save those of a military order, a blow might have been struck at the audacious invaders that would have proved their death-blow.* When LEE'S force was massed at Sperryville, and MEADE'S on the Rappahannock, the Union Commander was already practically on the rebel line of communications, and an advance on the part of Gen. MEADE direct on Gordonsville he would have brought LEE promptly back to attend to the menaced safety of the rebel Capital, and he might have, in a strong position, given the rebel forty thousand battle with double that force. This would have been to repeat the brilliant strategy of TURENNE, who, when his opponent, MONTECUCULI, crossed to the left bank of the Rhine to invade Alsace, himself passed to the right bank, and thus brought MONTECUCULI hurriedly back to look after his own communications. TURENNE *had no Washington to look after.* MEADE was bound, at all hazards, to cover the Capital, and could not possibly afford to risk a battle with his face to the Potomac. The conduct of Gen. MEADE was prudent, and, under the circumstances, probably the best possible; but, in a purely military point of view, a line of action was open to him which was not only prudent, but, in an extraordinary degree, bold and decisive, which is oftentimes the best kind of prudence.

MEADE'S ANXIETY TO GIVE BATTLE.

As to the imputation that Gen. MEADE was, during the retrograde movement, trying *to get away* from LEE, and manœuvering, throughout, to *avoid* a battle, it is utterly false. *He tried repeatedly to get battle*, and would have fought the rebels at Sperryville, at Winchester, at Centreville, or anywhere else in which he could have brought his army into position, had not the wily strategy of LEE, and his own exceedingly defective information as to the position of the enemy baulked his designs and desires. Referring last night as we sat around the camp-fire, to his disappointment at not having been able to get battle out of LEE, he said, to report literally his own pungent expression, that it "was like pulling out his eye teeth not to have had a fight." Whether a man of a different stamp would not have been able to *compel* a battle I know not; but MEADE was not only willing but eager to bring such a result about, and did all he could in this view.

THE CORPS COMMANDERS.

If the whole truth must be told, it must be confessed he was too little aided by the Corps Commanders. Too many of them are possessed by the mere spirit of routine, by an unwillingness to go beyond the mere letter of orders, (whatever change of action circumstances may dictate,) and to do nothing without orders. It is not that they do not do what they are told, but that they lack zeal. There is hardly one—I think I am sure there is not *more* than one—who would take the responsibility and do on the moment what the highest duty requires. The conduct of that Corps Commander, who, when WARREN became engaged with one corps of the enemy at Bristoe and the other rebel corps was coming up close behind, sent word, as the booming cannon plead with him to return and aid WARREN to engage the enemy and make the action decisive, that he "was moving leisurely off," is an illustration of the spirit of the conduct of too many of these General officers.

THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

The Army of the Potomac—which I revisit after an interval of some months, and after seeing several of our other great armies in the field—remains the same splendid military organism—unchanged, save in having bettered itself in many soldierly qualities. In marching, especially, I detect a very marked improvement, as compared with my recollections of the march over the same ground last year. Nothing could be more perfect than the training which these old campaigners have acquired in all the arts and economies of marching. As an illustration of the marching done during the campaign of the past fortnight, I may mention that on the 14th WARREN'S corps marched twenty-four miles and fought two engagements. As to the upshot of the wonderful tramps which they have been making through the days and nights of this late curious campaign, they feel puzzled, amused, and are somewhat disposed to think they have been bamboozled. But they are the same patient, all-suffering, heroic men. Yet how seldom do we hear a word of praise to these brave, self-sacrificing fellows!

Our losses in men, during the campaign have been inconsiderable, and in material very slight; but the horses have suffered severely. Gen. PLEASANTON, Chief of Cavalry, tells me that the number of killed, wounded and broken-down horses during this campaign will reach thirty-five hundred.

INCIDENTS BY THE WAY.

In the counter-march we passed over much of the same ground over which we had come up, and almost every spot of which has been rendered famous by some action during the numerous campaigns of the last three years. As I rode over the battle-field of Bull Run my horse's hoofs knocked about the skulls of poor fellows who, having been laid in shallow graves by the hill slopes, had been litterally washed out of their last resting places by the rains. All along the way the army was followed by flocks of carrion crows preying on the dead horses that strew the way, or picking out the eyes of unburried rebels lying in the woods.

I conversed on the way back with several citizens who had seen and talked with Gen. LEE. They say he never looked so well. Gen. EWELL was with him, looking cadaverous and wasted with long sickness. Though minus a leg, he rides his horse, and a mounted orderly attends him with a crutch for his use when he dismounts. The citizens report that the rebel army appears in fine condition, physically and morally—being, as a general thing, well clothed and fed. The cavalry and battery horses are, however, in a wretched plight, being almost universally utterly broken down. The rebels in passing through the country took everything they could find in the way of forage and subsistence, and corn-fields belonging to Virginians which our troops had protected, were unceremoniously stripped by the rebels. The rebel army started out with but fourteen days' provisions, and the heavy rains of Saturday had carried away the railroad bridge over the Rapidan, thus endangering their supplies. Gen. LEE accordingly sent all round to hunt up everything in the way of food and forage he could find. At Warrenton, Gen. JEB. STUART being invited to dine by a citizen, sent back to inquire if the proposed host could feed his command. On receiving in reply to this droll interrogatory that he could not, the famous raider sent back word, "Then you cannot feed me."

PROSPECTS.

It remains to be seen what action the military authorities at Washington will take in regard to the Army of the Potomac, in view of the pass to which affairs have been brought by the late campaign. Every one in the army here agrees that active operations against Richmond by this line are over for this year. I may say, further, that everybody is persuaded that nothing can *ever* be done against Richmond by this line. The map is against our ever being able to do anything effective in this way by any such force as we now have. Every General in the army agrees that the south side of the James River is the only line on which to operate directly against Richmond. If, therefore, the Army of the Potomac is for the present to do nothing, we should at once abandon this barren wilderness, fortify the fords of the Potomac, man the defences of Washington thoroughly, and send two or three of our best corps to the decisive theatre of war in the Southwest. When the business there is once well done up, it will be no longer a question either of Richmond or of Virginia.

WILLIAM SWINTON.

REPORTS BY TELEGRAPH.

WASHINGTON, Friday, Oct. 23.

Major-Gen. MEADE, after a brief visit to Washington, returned to his headquarters to-day.

Cavalry reconnoissances are continued on our part as far as the Rappahannock.

The Orange and Alexandria Railroad has already been repaired one mile beyond Bristoe Station. Forces are engaged day and night in repairing the damages of the enemy.

Reports from the army say the discipline and *morale* of the army were never better than at the present time, and both officers and men have the greatest confidence in the ability of Gen. MEADE.

The Signal corps has earned additional honors during the late campaign. Among other valuable services, it first discovered the movements of the enemy from the Rapidan to Madison Court-house, and thence, *vid* Sperryville, to Warrenton, thus enabling Gen. MEADE to take such measures as resulted in defeating LEE'S plans. The corps attached to the Army of the Potomac is under the direction of Capt. NORTON.

The condition of the residents of Fauquier and Prince William Counties is represented as painful, there being very scant supplies of the necessities of life. They are bordering on starvation.

It is estimated that 1,500 men will cover all our losses in the late campaign, including killed, wounded, stragglers and prisoners.

FROM THE REBEL STATES.

FORTRESS MONROE, Thursday, Oct. 22.

The flag-of-truce boat *New-York* arrived this morning from City Point with late Southern papers, from which we make the following extracts:

OPERATIONS IN CHARLESTON HARBOR.

CHARLESTON, Wednesday, Oct. 21.

Our batteries have kept up a brisk fire upon the Yankees, who appear in much larger force than usual at Gregg and Wagner.

Another monitor from the North has joined the fleet, making five in all. The *Ironsides*, for the first time since the attack upon her, steamed around Cummings' Point this afternoon, evidently making a trial of her machinery.

CHARLESTON, Saturday, Oct. 17.

A boat from the French corvette *Tisephone*, Capt. MARIVAUX, off the bar, came up to-day to communicate with the French Consul.

FROM NORTHERN VIRGINIA.

From the Richmond Dispatch, Oct. 21.

The advices yesterday developed nothing new in the condition of affairs in Northern Virginia. Since the great chase given the army of MEADE our forces have been quietly resting in their camps waiting for the enemy to make the next demonstration.

GORDONSVILLE, Tuesday, Oct. 20.

One thousand Yankee prisoners, captured last week, are expected here to-night. The Rapidan bridge will be repaired to-morrow morning.

SHALL RICHMOND BE STARVED?

On this question the people of this city will be called on to vote next Tuesday. The "Extortion bill," as it is called, is no new thing. All history is against it. If the people neglect to vote, and thus allow the bill to pass, they will howl for food when it is too late to apply a remedy.

DEMONSTRATION ON LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

Gen. PRICE, with a force of 20,000 men, is marching on Little Rock, with only about 6,000 Federals in his front. Gen. E. KIRBY SMITH says PRICE is on his way to Missouri.

A FIGHT ON THE BIG BLACK.

MERIDIAN, Saturday, Oct. 17.

A column of cavalry and infantry, 8,000 strong crossed the Big Black a few days since, at Bridgeport, moving toward Canton. They were met yesterday by our forces near Brownsville, where a light artillery fight occurred. Our forces have fallen back a few miles. A general engagement is looked for.

AFFAIRS AT CHATTANOOGA.

MISSIONARY RIDGE, Saturday, Oct. 17.

For the first time in four days we are blessed with sunshine. The flooded creeks are receding and the bridges are rapidly being repaired. The enemy's pontoons were swept away again, and the trestle-bridge above the town submerged.

Gen. ADAMS was brought out under a flag of truce to-day.

SIGEL'S corps is reported to have been at Stevenson on the 14th.

THE MISSOURI TROUBLES.

President Lincoln's Reply to the Missouri Delegation—Gen. Schofield Sustained.

ST. LOUIS, Friday, Oct. 23.

President LINCOLN'S reply to the Missouri delegation, his letter of instructions to Gen. SCHOFIELD, together with an address by Mr. DRAKE in answer to the President's reply, appear in the *Democrat* of this morning.

The main points of the President's reply are as follows: He fails to see that the condition of Missouri and the wrongs and sufferings of the Union men are attributable to weakness and imbecility, but rather to the civil war, of which he gives a vivid picture, referring to the condition of the State under Gens. FREMONT, HUNTER, HALLECK and CURTIS, to sustain his position. He does not believe that the massacre at Lawrence proves imbecility on the part of Gen. SCHOFIELD, as similar acts could have been committed by Col. GREERSON or JOHN MORGAN, had they chosen to commit them. He approves Gen. SCHOFIELD'S action to prevent a counter raid into Missouri by citizens of Kansas, as the only safe way to avoid indiscriminate massacre. He says the charge that Gen. SCHOFIELD has purposely withheld protection from loyal people, and facilitated the objects of the disloyal, is altogether beyond the power of his belief. With his present views he declines to remove Gen. SCHOFIELD.

Regarding the enrollment of the militia, he says he shall ascertain better than he now knows what its exact value is. In the meantime, he declines to abandon it, and expresses gratitude to Gen. SCHOFIELD for ordering it in June last, thereby enabling him to strengthen Gen. GRANT at the time reinforcements were imperatively needed.

He discusses the propriety of removing Gen. CURTIS, and concurs with the delegation regarding the elections, and concludes as follows:

"I do not feel justified to enter upon the broad field you present in regard to the political differences between the radicals and conservatives. From time to time I have done and said what appeared to me proper to do and say. It obliges nobody to follow me and I trust it obliges me to follow nobody. The Radicals and Conservatives each agree with me in some things and disagree in others. I could wish both to agree with me in all things; then they would agree with each other, and would be too strong for any foe from any quarter. They, however, choose to do otherwise. I don't question their right. I too shall do what I consider to be my duty. I hold that whoever commands in Missouri is responsible to me and not to either radicals or conservatives. It is my duty to hear all. But at least I must within my sphere judge what to do and what to forbear to do.

Mr. DRAKE says, in his reply, the material point presented by the Delegation to the Executive has been overlooked by the President, and the case has apparently been decided in reference to matters not urged by the Committee. In regard to certain charges against Gen. SCHOFIELD referred to by the President, which may be enumerated thus: First, imbecility; second, that SCHOFIELD, on purpose to protect the Lawrence murderers would not allow them to be pursued into Missouri; third, that SCHOFIELD has purposely withheld protection from loyal people and purposely facilitated the object of disloyal men. Mr. DRAKE says no such charges were made in the address of the delegation or in the letter of their Executive Committee, and that he heard no such charges made at the interview with the President. He accounts for them, therefore, only in supposing that they were contained in one or two statements made by the Missouri Committee, which were presented to the President, but not submitted to the delegation or the Executive Committee. He regrets that such charges were made, and states for himself that he has no knowledge which would lead him to make or believe those charges. Mr. DRAKE claims it was manifest to the delegation, while in Washington, that the sympathies of the unconditional Unionists in all the loyal States were enlisted in their belief, that they were the recognized representatives of the true Union party of Missouri, and will be so recognized hereafter by the whole body of such Union men as have just swept Conservatism and Copperheadism from the face of Pennsylvania, Ohio and Iowa, and will in due time perform the same glorious work in other States.

The President's letter to Gen. SCHOFIELD advises him to make efficient the militia establishment of Missouri, and, so far as practicable, to compel the excited people to let one another alone. He directs the General to only arrest individuals suppress assemblies or newspapers, when they are working palpable injury to the military, and in no other case is he to interfere with the expression of opinion in any form, or allow it to be interfered with violently by others.

He leaves to the General's discretion all matters relating to the removal of the inhabitants *en masse* from certain counties, the removal of certain individuals deemed mischievous, and restrictions upon trade and intercourse. Fugitive slaves are not either to be returned, nor are they to be forced entirely from their homes by the military. No one is to enlist colored troops except by order of the General, no one is to confiscate property except upon orders from Washington, and none but clearly qualified voters are to be allowed to vote. Guerrillas, marauders and murderers are to be held, and all who are known to harbor, aid or abet them, and all assumption of unauthorized individuals to perform such service are to be punished.

THE WAR IN THE SOUTHWEST.

CAIRO, Friday, Oct. 23.

Memphis dates of the 21st are received. Loyal Tennesseeans from the upper counties of Tennessee are coming to Memphis in large number to avoid the rebel conscription bands and guerrillas. It was estimated that over 200 were seen only five miles below Memphis, and it was supposed they design to operate against steamboats.

Two hundred and fifty bales of cotton, and several rebels, were captured at Friar's Point, on the 19th.

The steamer *Crescent City* had taken aboard 2,700 bales of cotton, at the mouth of the White River.

The *National Union* newspaper at Little Rock had been suppressed by the military authorities.

There was great excitement among the soldiers there on learning of the murder of Gen. BLUNT'S officers and men, and vengeance was sworn against all rebels hereafter caught.

MEMPHIS, Wednesday, Oct. 23.

Gen. SHERMAN'S advance was attacked by FORREST'S cavalry at Barton's Station, and the rebels were handsomely whipped.

WHEELER'S cavalry are reported near Decatur, Tenn., 10,000 strong.

BRAGG is reported to have crossed the Alabama and Tennessee Railroad, and transported his supplies to Rome and Selma. His depots are at Rome.

The Tennessee River has eight feet of water on the shoals. Heavy rains have fallen here.

Large Fire at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Friday, Oct. 23.

The largest fire for many years occurred this morning. Only two small buildings are left standing on the block bounded by Davis, Sacramento, Drumm and California streets. The buildings were old frame buildings, of one or two stories height, and occupied as cheap lodgings, drinking saloons, groceries and small shops. The loss is about $200,000, without much insurance.

GUERRILLAS WHIPPED IN TENNESSEE

LOUISVILLE, Friday, Oct. 23.

A Nashville dispatch to the *Journal* says the command at Columbia attacked and killed a number of guerrillas yesterday, and took 13 prisoners.

Capt. BUNCH, with 60 men, attacked 200 of HAWKINS' rebels, killing 9, wounding several, and taking 12 prisoners.

HAWKINS, in the afternoon, with 400 men, attacked BUNCH at Kingston Spring, and was repulsed.

TWO DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

THE ETNA OFF CAPE RACE.

Further Concerning the Detention of the Rebel Rams.

MISCELLANEOUS CONTINENTAL NEWS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

CAPE RACE, Friday, Oct. 23.

The steamship *Etna*, from Liverpool on the 14th, *vid* Queenstown on the 15th inst., arrived off this point at 6 o'clock this (Friday) morning. She was boarded by the news boat of the Associated Press and a summary of her news obtained, which is two days later than that per the *Hibernia*.

The *Etna* has 67 cabin and 395 steerage passengers. She makes the following report:

"On the 18th, passed the steamship *Glasgow*, and on the 19th the *City of Manchester*, bound to Liverpool. On the 20th, passed the steamship *Europa*, also bound to Liverpool."

The steamship *City of Washington*, from New-York, arrived at Liverpool on the 14th inst.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Morning Post* asserts that France has no intention of recognizing the Confederates.

A guard of marines had been placed on board of the rams seized in the Mersey.

The London *Times* says that nothing is as yet certain in regard to the rams. They are, however, suspected of a destination like that of the *Alabama*, but they will not be allowed to slip off as she did.

The Liverpool Emancipation Society have memorialized Earl RUSSELL to favor the detention of suspected vessels, and applaud the action of the Government toward the rams in the Mersey.

The first Cabinet Council of the season was held at London on the 13th inst.

Queen VICTORIA made her reëntry into public life at the inauguration of Prince ALBERT'S statue at Aberdeen.

The shareholders of the *Great Eastern* have passed a resolution in favor of raising the requisite amount of funds to pay off the claims against the vessel, and to employ her in the India or Australia trade.

FRANCE.

M. BILLAULT and Marshal D'ORNANO are dead.

The Bank of France continues to lose gold.

POLAND.

The Polish question continued without change.

SPAIN.

The Spanish elections were favorable to the Government.

The Minister of Finance has resigned. It is asserted that he did not do so for political reasons.

SWEDEN.

Sweden declines to sign a treaty of alliance with Denmark.

INDIA.

Dates from Bombay are to the 27th of September. Cotton goods were higher.

LATEST VIA QUEENSTOWN.

QUEENSTOWN, Thursday, Oct. 15.

The steamship *America*, from New-York, arrived at Londonderry on the 14th.

LONDON, Thursday, Oct. 15.

The Breslau *Gazette* to-day announces an Imperial decree incorporating the Government of the Augustaroro district of the Lonza Provinces with the Russian Empire, and MOURAVIEFF has already assumed the Governorship.

Financial and Commercial.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET—OCT. 14.

The sales for two days have been 50,000 bales, including 25,000 bales to speculators and exporters. The market is excited with an advance of 1d.@1½d. per lb.

TRADE REPORT.

Manchester advices state that the market for Goods and Yarns is buoyant and excited, with an advance on Cotton Goods of 2d.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET—OCT. 14.

The market is more steady and firmer. Messrs. RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co., WAKEFIELD, NASH & Co. and others report: FLOUR dull. WHEAT steady and firm. CORN firm; mixed, 27s. 9d.@28s.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET—OCT. 14.

The market is steady. The above-named circulars report: BEEF steady. PORK steady. BACON quiet but steady. LARD dull. TALLOW steady.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET—OCT. 14.

PETROLEUM nominal; Crude, 19s. 6d.; refined, 2s. 3d. SUGAR has an upward tendency. COFFEE—no sales. RICE firmer. ASHES steady. LINSEED OIL quiet. RESIN—sales small at 30s. for common. SPIRITS TURPENTINE quiet and steady.

LONDON MARKETS.

BREADSTUFFS dull but steady. SUGAR active and advanced 6d. COFFEE firm. RICE steady. TEA firm. TALLOW steady at 45s.

LONDON, Wednesday, Oct. 14.

CONSOLS closed at 92⅞@93 for MONEY.

AMERICAN STOCKS.

Illinois Central Railroad, 18⅜@17⅜ discount; Erie Railroad, 68@69.

LATEST COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, Thursday, Oct. 15.

COTTON—The sales yesterday reached 20,000 bales, with prices still advancing. The sales to-day have been 5,000 bales, the market ruling quiet at unchanged rates.

BREADSTUFFS—The market is steady. Corn is firm at 28s. for mixed.

PROVISIONS—The market is quiet and steady. Lard easier at a decline of 6d.

PRODUCE—Petroleum heavy.

LONDON, Thursday, Oct. 15.

CONSOLS closed at 93 for MONEY.

AMERICAN STOCKS.

Illinois Central Railroad, 18⅜@17⅜ discount; Erie Railroad, 68⅜.

FROM JAPAN.

Defeat of the British Fleet.

SAN FRANCISCO, Thursday, Oct. 22.

An arrival at Victoria brings dates from Navegaski, Japan, of the 27th of August. It is reported that one of the Japanese Damios has severely repulsed the British fleet. No particulars received.

Execution of a Deserter and Murderer.

SANDUSKY, Ohio, Friday, Oct. 23.

REUBEN STOUT, private in Company K, Sixtieth Indiana Volunteers, was executed to-day at the depot of the prisoners of war on Johnson's island, for desertion and murder. He made the statement this morning, that he was led to desert by the Knights of the Golden Circle, one of whom he became while a paroled prisoner.

National Loan—Philadelphia Races.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, Oct. 23.

The sales of Five-Twenties to-day amounted to $2,617,600. One firm in New-York ordered a million.

The Canadian horse *Thunder* won in the four-mile dash to-day; time 7:43¼. MURPHY'S *Lexington*, three year old filly, beat *Hillsboro* and *Canary Bird* in a mile and one-eighth handicap dash; time, 2:02.

The Hibernia at Boston.

BOSTON, Friday, Oct. 23.

The steamship *Hibernia* from Galway, *vid* St. Johns, N. F., arrived at 10 o'clock to-night. Her mails go by the morning train, due at New-York at 5 P. M. to-morrow. Her news is anticipated.

The Vermont Colleges.

MONTPELIER, Thursday, Oct. 22, 1863.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The annual message of the Governor of the State of Vermont, recently communicated to the Legislature now in session, proposes a union of the Colleges of the State, as most advantageous to the interests of the institutions themselves, and of the cause of education generally. The occasion of making this suggestion is the proposition to found an Agricultural College, the Legislature having, at its last session in 1862, taken the necessary steps to secure its apportionment of land scrip appropriated by act of Congress for the founding of such institutions in States that comply with the conditions of the act. Gov. SMITH estimates the scrip appropriated to Vermont at not less than a quarter of million of dollars, while it may eventually be worth much more. For the University at Burlington or the College at Middlebury to compete with an institution so well endowed as the Agricultural College will be, would seem to be unwise. Gov. SMITH therefore proposes a union of these institutions, in a manner conformable to the act of Congress, in one State University.

Yesterday the Corporations of the Colleges and the State Board of Education held informal meetings here, and consulted in reference to the suggestion presented to them. The opinion prevails with them that the plan is impracticable. Local preferences are believed to be too strong to yield, both at Burlington and Middlebury. The sentiment among the citizens generally, however, is very much in favor of a union.

A public discussion of so much of the Governor's Message as relates to this matter is appointed to be held, under the direction of the Board of Education, in the Representatives Hall of the Capitol this evening.

A bill providing for the organization of the militia of the State is the measure of greatest public importance now under consideration by the Legislature.

P.

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

[OFFICIAL.]

STATED SESSION—THURSDAY, Oct. 22, 1863, } Four o'clock P. M. }

The Board met pursuant to adjournment, in their chamber, number sixteen City Hall.

Present—Morgan Jones, Esq., President, and the following members:

Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—23.

In the absence of the President at roll-call, Councilman Keenan moved that Councilman Hayes take the chair.

Which was carried.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Councilman Repper—

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built in Clinton-street, between Rivington and Delancey streets, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was referred to Committee on Sewers.

By Councilman Brice—

Whereas, The house of Engine Company number Forty-six is undergoing alterations and additions for the better accommodation of the company; and

Whereas, It is necessary for the protection of public property that said company should be kept in service during the Winter months: be it, therefore,

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to procure a temporary location for the use of Engine Company number Forty-six, while the alterations and additions are making to their permanent location.

Which was laid over.

By Councilman Gross—

Resolved, That Otto C. Sheuermann be and he is hereby appointed a Commissioner of Deeds in and for the City and County of New-York, in place and stead of Edward Scheuermann, deceased.

Which was adopted.

By the President—

Resolved, That West Twenty-second-street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, be paved with Belgian pavement, one-half at the expense of the property holders and the remainder by the City, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was referred to the Committee on Belgian Pavement.

By Councilman Sandford—

Resolved, That the sidewalk on the north side of Leroy-street, between Washington and West streets, be flagged and reflagged where necessary.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

By Councilman McVay—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized to advertise for proposals for a new hose carriage for the use of Hose Company number Forty-seven, to be in every respect similar to the one now in use by Hose Company number Twenty-four.

Which was referred to the Committee on Fire Department.

REPORTS.

Report of Committee on Belgian Pavement, to pave Forty-second-street with Belgian pavement.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Belgian Pavement, to pave Ninth-avenue, from Fortieth to Forty-fifth-street.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Belgian Pavement, to pave Avenue B with Belgian pavement.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Belgian Pavement, to pave Fifty-second-street.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Belgian Pavement, to pave Fifty-first street with Belgian pavement.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Belgian Pavement, to pave Forty-eighth-street, from Lexington-avenue to Second-avenue.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Belgian Pavement, to pave Forty-seventh-street, between Lexington and Third avenues.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Belgian Pavement, to pave Seventy-ninth-street.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Finance, concurring to pay rent hire for Hose Company number Thirty-two.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Donations and Charities, to donate two thousand dollars to the Five Points house of Industry.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Roads, concurring to pave sidewalk in Broadway, from Fifty-fourth to Fifty-ninth streets.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Roads, concurring to grade, &c., Seventy-second-street, between Third and Fourth avenues.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Roads, concurring to lay crosswalks in Eighth-avenue and Fifty-sixth-street.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Roads, concurring to flag sidewalks of Forty-ninth-street, between Broadway and Sixth-avenue.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Roads, concurring to reset curb and gutter stones, &c., in Forty-sixth-street, between Broadway and Hudson River.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Roads, to regulate, &c., Fifty-seventh-street, between Second and Third avenues.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Fire Department, concurring to grant Engine Company Number Fifty-three a new location.

Which was laid over.

PAPERS FROM BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Resolution that permission be given to James Davis to keep a newspaper stand in front of number sixty South-street during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution that permission be given to William Peyton to place a show-case in front of his premises, number two hundred Bowery, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Ordinance to amend section thirty-four, article two, chapter two, of the Revised Ordinances of one thousand eight hundred and fifty, to appoint a doorkeeper to the Board of Aldermen.

Which was laid over.

Resolution that the salary of the inspector on contract work in the Street Department be increased to two dollars and fifty cents per day from the passage of the resolution.

Which was laid over.

Resolution directing the Comptroller to draw his warrant in favor of William Carroll for the sum of two thousand six hundred and twenty-nine dollars and sixty cents, for services and funeral expenses of Brigadier-General Zook, Brigadier-General Weed, Colonel James Huston, Captain Shine, Lieutenant Herbert, Colonel Stevens, and Colonel M. A. Bryan.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Streets, with resolution that the curb and gutter stones in Thirty-ninth-street, between the Seventh and Eighth avenues, be reset where necessary, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Streets, with resolution that the sidewalk in front of numbers one hundred and twenty-six, one hundred and twenty-eight, and one hundred and thirty Franklin-street, also in front of numbers two, four, six and eight Varick-street, be flagged, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Streets, with resolution that a crosswalk be laid across Sullivan-street, directly opposite to the entrance of the county jail, immediately, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Taxes, with resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Ebenezer Wiggins, Trustee of the Dutch Reformed Church, located in Avenue B, southeast corner of Fifth-street, for the sum of one hundred and twelve dollars and eight cents, to enable him to pay taxes on their church property for the years one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one and one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and charge the same to account of Donations.

Which was referred to Committee on Donations and Charities.

Bill of Hill's brass band, amounting to seventy-six dollars, for music furnished on the Fourth of July, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three.

Which was referred to Committee on Finance.

Resolution that permission be given to James Heffeon to keep a stand for the sale of papers in the street, corner of Catherine-slip and South-street, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

MOTIONS.

Councilman Brice moved that the Committee on Finance be discharged from the further consideration of the following bills of C. S. Graffula for music:

May 11, Reception of Guard by the Thirteenth regiment	101 00
May 12, Reception of the First regiment, on the Seventh regiment	230 00
May 12, Banquet of First regiment	50 00
May 20, Reception of the Seventh regiment	145 00
May 20, Banquet of the Seventh regiment	45 00
June 5, Reception of the Thirty-seventh and Thirty-eighth regiments by the Seventh regiment	230 00
June 5, Reception of the Thirty-seventh and Thirty-eighth regiments by the Twenty-third regiment	81,00
June 8, Reception of the Thirty-seventh and Thirty-eighth regiments by the Seventh regiment	230 00
December 23, 1862, Funeral of Major Hogan, Sixty-ninth regiment	69 00
May 13, 1863, Funeral of Colonel Ringgold, Ninth regiment	153 00
Total	$1,325 00

Which was laid over.

Councilman Brice moved that the Committee on Finance be discharged from the further consideration of bill from Board of Aldermen (and by that Board ordered to be paid) of Edward Van Ranst, amounting to one hundred and eighty-eight dollars, for coaches furnished Committee, &c.

Which was carried.

The action of the Board of Aldermen was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—23.

Councilman Webster was here called to the chair.

Councilman Brice moved that the Committee on Finance be discharged from the further consideration of bill from Board of Aldermen (and by that Board ordered to be paid) of N. & R. L. Conklin, amounting to forty-eight dollars, for coaches on the occasion of the reception of the Thirty-second regiment New-York Volunteers.

Which was carried.

The action of the Board of Aldermen was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—24.

Councilman Hayes moved that the Committee on Streets be discharged from the further consideration of report of Committee on Streets of the Board of Aldermen, with resolution that Catherine-street and Catherine-slip be paved with Belgian pavement, the property owners to pay one-half of the expenses and the City the remaining half, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was carried.

And the same was laid over.

Councilman Hayes moved that the Committee on Streets be discharged from the further consideration of report of Committee on Streets of Board of Aldermen, with resolution that Thirtieth-street, from Second to Third avenues, be paved with trap-block pavement, the property owners to pay one-half of the expenses, and the City the remaining half, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was carried.

And the same was laid over.

Councilman Hayes moved that the Committee on Salaries and Offices be discharged from the further consideration of resolution that the salary of the Superintendent of the Bureau of Meat Inspection and Slaughter-houses be increased to the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars, and that the salaries of the Deputy Inspectors be increased to the sum of one thousand two hundred dollars per annum, the amount of such increase to be charged to and taken from the appropriation to City Contingencies, the same to take effect from the date of the passage of this resolution.

Which was carried.

And the resolution was laid over.

Councilman McVay moved that the Committee on Belgian Pavement be discharged from the further consideration of report of Committee on Roads of Board of Aldermen, with resolution that Fifty-fifth-street, between Third and Fourth avenues, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was carried.

And the resolution was laid over.

Councilman McVay moved that the Committee on Public Health be discharged from the further consideration of report of Committee on Public Health, with resolution that the sunken lots between One Hundred and Twelfth and One Hundred and Fourteenth streets and the First and Second avenues, be filled in forthwith, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was carried.

And the resolution was laid over.

Councilman Russell moved that the Committee on Roads be discharged from the further consideration of resolution of the Board of Aldermen that permission be given to James Noonan, Vitat Bussian and Dennis O'Brien to regulate and grade in front of their premises in Fifty-ninth-street, between First and Second avenues, said street being under the course of regulating and grading, the work to be done under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was carried.

And the resolution was then concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Joyce—19.

Negative—Councilmen Keenan, Repper, Houghtalin—3.

Councilman O'Brien moved that the Committee on Sewers be discharged from the further consideration of ordinance of Board of Aldermen, that a receiving basin be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, at the northwest corner of Broadway and Twenty-fifth-street.

Which was carried.

And the same was laid over.

Councilman O'Brien moved that the Committee on Sewers be discharged from the further consideration of resolution of Board of Aldermen, that the necessary receiving basins and culverts be rebuilt in Eighth-street, from Second-avenue to within seventy feet of Third-avenue, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was carried.

And the same was laid over.

Councilman O'Brien moved that the Committee on Sewers be discharged from the further consideration of report of Committee on Sewers of Board of Aldermen, with resolution that a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Eighth-avenue, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth streets, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was carried.

And the same was laid over.

Councilman O'Brien moved that the Committee on Sewers be discharged from the further consideration of report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Aldermen, amending resolution of Board of Councilmen, viz.: "That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built in Broadway, between Forty-first and Forty-second streets, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted," by substituting therefor the following, viz.: "Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built in Broadway, commencing at a point fifty feet north of the northerly side of Forty-first-street and terminating at Forty-second-street, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted."

Which was carried.

And the same was laid over.

MESSAGE FROM HIS HONOR THE MAYOR.

A message was received from his Honor the Mayor returning, unapproved, resolution permitting E. S. Johnson and Company to place a small sign on the northwest corner of Broadway and Pine-street.

Which was received, laid on the table for ten days, directed to be entered upon the minutes, and published under direction of the Clerk.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Resolved, That the Deputy Superintendent of Sanitary Inspection be allowed the use of a horse and wagon, at a cost not exceeding the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, and the Comptroller is hereby directed to draw his warrant for the above sum, and charge the same to City Contingencies.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, Webster, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Joyce—18.

Negative—Councilmen Hays, McVay, Repper, Russell—4.

Resolution that the pay of all persons employed by the City Government as laborers be increased to the sum of two dollars per diem.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—24.

Subsequently, Councilman Sandford moved that the vote by which the above resolution was adopted be reconsidered.

Which was carried.

He then moved to amend such resolution by adding thereto the words "to take effect from the passage of this resolution."

Which was carried.

The resolution as amended was then adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—24.

Resolution that the sidewalk in Tenth-avenue (West side,) between number five hundred and fifteen and ——— Forty-third-street, be flagged full width, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—24.

Resolution that Fifty-ninth street, between First and Second avenues, be regulated and graded, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—24.

Resolution that Fifty-ninth street, between First and Second avenues, be regulated and graded, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—24.

Resolution that curb and gutter stones be set in Barrow-street, between Washington and West streets, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—24.

Report of Committee on Finance in favor of adopting resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Terence McGuire for the sum of two thousand one hundred and twenty-eight dollars and seventy-five cents, to be in full for extra work performed in the regulating, &c., of Seventy-ninth-street, and from Broadway to the Hudson River, a resolution having heretofore been passed and approved by the Mayor providing for the payment of this claim having failed to receive the necessary number of votes in the Comptroller called to justify him in so doing.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Sandford, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Joyce—17.

Negative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, the President, Webster—6.

And the same was reconsidered and laid over.

Subsequently Councilman Joyce called up said general order and moved its adoption.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Joyce—16.

Negative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, The President, Webster—6.

Councilman Brandon moved that such vote be reconsidered.

Councilman Webster moved that said motion be laid upon the table.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Councilmen McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Joyce—17.

Negative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Webster—5.

Councilman Hayes moved that the Board do now adjourn.

Which was lost.

Question being taken on the motion to reconsider,

The same was carried.

The paper was then laid over.

Councilman Hayes moved that the Board do now adjourn,

Which was lost.

Resolution of Board of Aldermen that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of George W. Roome for the sum of one hundred and eighty-seven dollars, in full for bill of refreshments, crape, &c., furnished at the funeral of Colonel M. K. Bryan, and charge the same to its appropriate account.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Joyce—22.

Negative—Councilman Hayes—1.

The President here assumed the Chair.

Resolution of the Board of Aldermen that Forty-first-street, from Fifth to Madison avenues, be paved with trap-block pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, the property owners on the line of the improvement to pay half of the expense and the City the remaining half, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Joyce—21.

Negative—Councilmen Keenan, Gross—2.

Report of Committee on Streets, in favor of adopting resolution that the sidewalks in Twelfth-avenue, between Twentieth and Twenty-sixth streets, be regulated and graded, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—24.

Report of Committee on Streets, in favor of adopting resolution that the sidewalks in Fifteenth-street, from Fifth-avenue to the East River, be flagged a space four feet wide where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—24.

Report of Committee on Streets, in favor of adopting resolution that the sidewalks of Avenue A, between Fourteenth and Twenty-fourth streets, be flagged full width, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—24.

Report of Committee on Streets, in favor of adopting resolution that the curb and gutter stones be set and reset and the sidewalks flagged their full width opposite numbers three hundred and ten, three hundred and twelve, three hundred and fourteen, and three hundred and sixteen, Twenty-fourth-street, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Joyce—24.

Report of Committee on Streets of Board of Aldermen, with resolution that Thirty-seventh-street, between Lexington and Third avenues, be paved with cobble-stone pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Joyce—24.

Report of Committee on Streets, in favor of adopting resolution that the curb and gutter stones be set and reset and the sidewalks flagged their full width opposite numbers three hundred and ten, three hundred and twelve, three hundred and fourteen, and three hundred and sixteen, Twenty-fourth-street, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—24.

Resolution that Forty-ninth-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues, be paved with Belgian pavement, the property owners to pay one-half the expense and the City the remainder, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Riley, Sandford, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Joyce—20.

Negative—Councilman Keenan, The President, McConnell—3.

Resolution that Thirty-eighth-street, from First to Second-avenue, be paved forthwith, with cobble-stone pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—24.

Resolution of Board of Aldermen that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Walter Roome for the sum of one hundred and fifty-six dollars, for music for the Thirty-seventh regiment New-York National Guards, on the occasion of the reception of the Thirty-seventh and Thirty-eighth regiments New-York Volunteers.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—24.

Councilman McVay moved that the Board do now adjourn.

Which was lost.

Resolution of Board of Aldermen, that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of George W. Roome for the sum of one hundred and fifty-five dollars, in full for refreshments furnished the guard of honor, &c., on the occasion of the funeral of Colonel Ringgold, of the One Hundred and Third regiment, and charge the same to its appropriate account.

Which was laid on the table.

Report of Committee on Sewers, in favor of adopting resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Peter Masterson, H. J. Ryer and M. Duffy, each for the sum of one hundred dollars for excess of assessment for sewer in Fifty-eighth-street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues, and charge to account of Donations.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—24.

Resolution that a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Suffolk-street, between Broome and Delancey streets, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Joyce—24.

Resolution that Forty-ninth-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues, be paved with Belgian pavement, the property owners to pay one-half the expense and the City the remainder, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Riley, Sandford, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Joyce—20.

Negative—Councilman Keenan, The President, McConnell—3.

Resolution that Thirty-eighth-street, from First to Second-avenue, be paved forthwith, with cobble-stone pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—24.

Resolution of Board of Aldermen that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Walter Roome for the sum of one hundred and fifty-six dollars, for music for the Thirty-seventh regiment New-York National Guards, on the occasion of the reception of the Thirty-seventh and Thirty-eighth regiments New-York Volunteers.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—24.

Councilman McVay moved that the Board do now adjourn.

Which was lost.

Resolution of Board of Aldermen, that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of George W. Roome for the sum of one hundred and fifty-five dollars, in full for refreshments furnished the guard of honor, &c., on the occasion of the funeral of Colonel Ringgold, of the One Hundred and Third regiment, and charge the same to its appropriate account.

Which was laid on the table.

Report of Committee on Sewers, in favor of adopting resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Peter Masterson, H. J. Ryer and M. Duffy, each for the sum of one hundred dollars for excess of assessment for sewer in Fifty-eighth-street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues, and charge to account of Donations.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—24.

Report of Committee on Finance in favor of adopting resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Terence McGuire for the sum of two thousand one hundred and twenty-eight dollars and seventy-five cents, to be in full for extra work performed in the regulating, &c., of Seventy-ninth-street, and from Broadway to the Hudson River, a resolution having heretofore been passed and approved by the Mayor providing for the payment of this claim having failed to receive the necessary number of votes in the Comptroller called to justify him in so doing.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Sandford, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Joyce—17.

Negative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, the President, Webster—6.

And the same was reconsidered and laid over.

Subsequently Councilman Joyce called up said general order and moved its adoption.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Joyce—16.

Negative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, The President, Webster—6.

Councilman Brandon moved that such vote be reconsidered.

Councilman Webster moved that said motion be laid upon the table.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Councilmen McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Joyce—17.

Negative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Webster—5.

Councilman Hayes moved that the Board do now adjourn.

Which was lost.

Question being taken on the motion to reconsider,

The same was carried.

The paper was then laid over.

Councilman Hayes moved that the Board do now adjourn,

Which was lost.

Resolution of Board of Aldermen that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of George W. Roome for the sum of one hundred and eighty-seven dollars, in full for bill of refreshments, crape, &c., furnished at the funeral of Colonel M. K. Bryan, and charge the same to its appropriate account.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Joyce—22.

Negative—Councilman Hayes—1.

The President here assumed the Chair.

Resolution of the Board of Aldermen that Forty-first-street, from Fifth to Madison avenues, be paved with trap-block pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, the property owners on the line of the improvement to pay half of the expense and the City the remaining half, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Joyce—21.

Negative—Councilmen Keenan, Gross—2.

Report of Committee on Streets, in favor of adopting resolution that the sidewalks in Twelfth-avenue, between Twentieth and Twenty-sixth streets, be regulated and graded, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—24.

Report of Committee on Streets, in favor of adopting resolution that the sidewalks in Fifteenth-street, from Fifth-avenue to the East River, be flagged a space four feet wide where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—24.

Report of Committee on Streets, in favor of adopting resolution that the sidewalks of Avenue A, between Fourteenth and Twenty-fourth streets, be flagged full width, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—24.

Report of Committee on Streets, in favor of adopting resolution that the curb and gutter stones be set and reset and the sidewalks flagged their full width opposite numbers three hundred and ten, three hundred and twelve, three hundred and fourteen, and three hundred and sixteen, Twenty-fourth-street, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—24.

Report of Committee on Streets of Board of Aldermen, with resolution that Thirty-seventh-street, between Lexington and Third avenues, be paved with cobble-stone pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Riley, Sandford, The President, Webster, McVay, Gross, Brady, McConnell, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, Gaw, McGrath, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—24.

Resolution that Forty-ninth-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues, be paved with Belgian

Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good middle, 30½c.@31½c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good heavy, 31½c.@32½c.; Hemlock, California, good light, 28c.@29c.; Hemlock, California, good middle, 30c.@31c.; Hemlock, California, good heavy, 31½c.@32½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good light, 27½c.@29c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good middle, 29c.@30c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good heavy, 29½c.@30½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, and B. A. damaged, all weights, 26c.@27½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, and B. A. poor, all weights, 20c.@24c.; Hemlock Slaughter, in rough, 33c.@36c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, 37c.@40c., cash, ℔ lb. Receipts of Sole have been limited during the past week, and the available supply is quite moderate. Calf Skins are selling freely at steady rates.

LATHS—Eastern continue in demand at $1 50 ℔ M.

LIME—Has been in good request at buoyant prices. Common Rockland @ $1 15; Glen's Falls Lump @ $1 20; Rockland Lump @ $1 40; and Jointa, $1 50 ℔ bbl.

MOLASSES—New-Orleans was in more demand, and sales were made, privately and by auction, of 1,400 bbls., at from 47c.@58c. ℔ gallon. Other kinds were quiet.

NAILS—Are in moderate request, including cut at 5c., and clinch at 6c.@6½c. ℔ lb.

NAVAL STORES—Have been less sought after, including Spirits Turpentine at $3 05@$3 15 ℔ gallon; Resin $42@$50 ℔ 280 lbs.; Tar $12 50@$15 ℔ bbl.

OILS—The leading kinds have in been in moderate demand at irregular prices, including Crude Whale at $1 05@$1 10; do. Sperm at $1 62½@$1 65; Bleached Winter Whale at $1 20; Unbleached Sperm, $1 95@$2 05; Linseed, $1 40@$1 41; No. 1 Lard at 90c.@$1 10; City Red 75c.; Olive at $1 90@$2 ℔ gallon; and $6 50 and $4 50@$4 62½ for pints and quarts; Crude Petroleum at 30c.; Refined do. 57½c.@59c. ℔ gallon.

OIL CAKE AND MEAL—Have been in fair request, at from $45@$52 50 for the former, ℔ ton; and $2 12½@$2 25 for the latter, ℔ 100 lbs.

PROVISIONS—Pork is in more demand, and New Mess is somewhat firmer. Sales since our last, 2,100 bbls., in lots, at $15 75@$15 87½ for New Mess; $14 12½@$14 37½for Old Mess, and $11 75@$12 for Prime. ℔ bbl. Cut Meats are in limited demand, at 8¾c.@9¼c. for Hams, and 5¾c.@6¼c. for Shoulders, ℔ lb. Bacon is more active at 7c.@9¾c., according to quality, ℔ lb. Sales 700 boxes. Lard is doing better to-day; sales 2,450 tcs. and bbls. at 11¼c.@11¾c. ℔ lb. Beef has been in demand, at steady rates; sales 250 bbls., at $14@$16 for Extra Mess, and $10 50@$14 for Plain Mess, ℔ bbl. Also, 1,750 tcs. to arrive at $24@$28 for Prime Mess, and $27@$35 for India, the latter rate for Extra, ℔ tierce. Beef Hams, $17@$18 50 ℔ bbl. Butter continues in moderate demand, at 19c.@23c. for poor to choice Western, and 23c.@27c. for common to prime State, ℔ lb. Cheese has been in limited request, at 12c.@15c. ℔ lb. Government has contracted for 6,088 bbls. Prime Mess Pork at $15 23@$16 50; 3,300 bbls. Mess Pork at $16 33@$16 50; 3,000 bbls. Extra Mess Beef at $14 45@$15 ℔ bbl.; 250,000 lbs. Bacon, Sides, in bulk, at $7 17@$7 45 ℔ 100 lbs., and 20,000 Sugar-cured Hams at 11c. ℔ lb.

RICE—Sales since our last small lots of Carolina at $11, and 350 bags East India, part at $7 25@$7 37½ ℔ 100 lbs. Government contracted for 600,000 lbs. Rangoon and Patna at from $7 42@$7 87½ ℔ 100 lbs.

SALT—Has been in good request at buoyant prices, including Liverpool Ground, at $1 55@$1 60; and do. Fine at $2 30@$2 70 ℔ sack; Turk's Island, 48c.@50c. ℔ bushel.

SALTPETRE—Crude is quiet, but held firmly at 12c.@15½c. ℔ lb.

SEEDS—Are in light supply and fair demand, including old Clover at 10c.@11c.; new do. at 11¾c.@12¾c. ℔ lb.; Rough Flax $3 10@$3 25; reaped Timothy at $2 50@$2 75; Linseed at $3 60@$3 75 ℔ bushel.

SOAP—Castile is quiet at from 17¾c.@18c. cash, ℔ lb.

SPELTER—Is in limited request at 8¼c.@8¾c. ℔ lb.

SUGARS—Have been quiet at unchanged prices; sales since our last 164 hhds., including New Orleans at 13¾c.; Porto Rico at 12¾c., and Cuba at 11¾c.@12¾c., and 76 boxes Havana at 13¾c.@14¾c., ℔ lb.; Refined are less active, ranging at from 13¾c.@16¾c. ℔ lb., and closing in favor of buyers.

TOBACCO—Has been in more request for export and consumption, and prices have been well sustained. Sales since our last 633 hhds. Kentucky at 11¾c.@28c.; 560 cases Seed Leaf at 13c.@35c., with 98 bbls. Havana and 30 bbls. Yara, on private terms, ℔ lb.

TALLOW—Sales 105,000 lbs. at 11¾c.@12½c., and 150 pkgs. Grease at 10c.@10¾c. ℔ lb.

TEAS—Are in less request, at previous prices.

TIN—Is in less demand at drooping prices. Straits, 45c.@46c.; Banca, 55c.@56c. ℔ lb.; I. C. Charcoal Plates, $13 75@$14; I. C. Coke do., $10 75@$11 ℔ box.

WHALEBONE—Is quiet at full prices. Ochotsk, $1 50@$1 55; South Sea, $1 35@$1 40; N. W. Coast, $1 45@$1 50; Arctic, $1 55@$1 60 ℔ lb.

WHISKY—Sales to-day 550 bbls., in lots, at 61½c.@62c. ℔ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Engagements were quite moderate to-day at drooping rates. For Liverpool, 3,000 bbls. Flour, at 1s. 7½d. ℔ bbl.; 17,000 bushels Wheat, at 4¼d.@5d. ℔ bushel; 250 tcs. Lard, at 20s.; 75 hhds. Tallow, at 21s. 3d. ℔ ton. For Glasgow—100 hhds. Tallow, at 26s. 6d. ℔ ton. For Londonderry—7,000 bbls. Flour, at 2s. 6d. ℔ bbl. For Belfast—4,000 bbls. Flour, on private terms, ℔ bbl.

Movements of European Steamers.

FROM AMERICA.

Bremen	Oct. 24	New-York	Southampton.
City of Baltimore	Oct. 24	New-York	Liverpool.
Jura	Oct. 24	Quebec	Liverpool.
Olympus	Oct. 28	New-York	Liverpool.
Bellona	Oct. 29	New-York	London.
Hammonia	Oct. 31	New-York	Southampton.
City of New-York	Oct. 31	New-York	Liverpool.
Germania	Nov. 1	New-York	Southampton.
Hibernia	Nov. 3	Boston	Liverpool.
Scotia	Nov. 4	New-York	Liverpool.
Carolina	Nov. 6	New-York	Liverpool.
Etna	Nov. 7	New-York	Liverpool.
Arabia	Nov. 11	Boston	Liverpool.
China	Nov. 18	New-York	Liverpool.
Louisiana	Nov. 20	New-York	Liverpool.
Europa	Nov 25	New-York	Liverpool.
Teutonia	Nov. 28	New-York	Southampton.
Borussia	Dec. 12	New-York	Southampton.

FROM EUROPE.

Hibernia	Oct. 13	Liverpool	Boston.
Etna	Oct. 14	Liverpool	New-York.
Damascus	Oct. 15	Liverpool	Quebec.
City of Cork	Oct. 17	Liverpool	New-York.
Arabia	Oct. 17	Liverpool	Boston.
Hecla	Oct. 20	Liverpool	New-York.
Germania	Oct. 20	Southampton	New-York
Edinburgh	Oct. 21	Liverpool	New-York.
Nova Scotian	Oct. 22	Liverpool	Quebec.
China	Oct. 24	Liverpool	New-York.
City of Washington	Oct. 28	Liverpool	New-York.
Bohemian	Oct. 29	Liverpool	Quebec.
Kangaroo	Oct. 31	Liverpool	New-York.
Asia	Oct. 31	Liverpool	Boston.
Teutonia	Nov. 3	Southampton	New-York.
Borussia	Nov. 17	Southampton	New-York.

For New-Orleans.

George Cromwell Oct. 24 New-York New-Orleans.
Columbia Oct. 24 New-York New-Orleans, thence Havana.
Morning Star Oct. 31 New-York New-Orleans.

For Havana and the West Indies.

Columbia Oct 24 New-York Havana.
Corsica Nov. 9 New-York Havana *via* Nassau
Corsica Dec. 7 New-York Havana *via* Nassau

European Mails.

The mails for Great Britain and the Continent by the *Bremen*, *viâ* Southampton, will close on Saturday, at 10:30 A. M.

The mails for Ireland by the *City of Baltimore* will close on Saturday, at 10:30 A. M.

For California.

Illinois Nov. 13 New-York Nicaragua.

For New-Orleans.

The mails for New-Orleans by the *George Cromwell* will close on Saturday, at 2 P. M.

For the West Indies.

The mails for Havana by the *Columbia* will close on Saturday, at 2 P. M.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

North Mails close at 5 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.
South Mails close at 5 A. M. 4:30 and 10 P. M.
Western Mails (via Erie Railroad) 5 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.
Eastern Mails at 5 A. M., 1 and 6:30 P. M.
Mails for California, Oregon, Washington and the Sandwich Islands close daily at the New-York Post-office at 8½ A. M. and 3½ P. M.
On Sunday all Mails close at 1:30 P. M.

BUILDING MATERIALS, &C.

BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

F. & L. MANY,

No. 48 Warren-st., New-York,

Offer to owners, architects and builders the following goods at low prices:

RIM LOCKS, MORTICE LOCKS,
SLIDING DOOR SHEAVES AND WAY,
FASTENINGS FOR SASHES AND SHUTTERS,
FRONT DOOR LOCKS, SAFE NIGHT LATCHES,
HAND PLATED KNOBS,
BUTT HINGES,

and everything necessary for the completion of first-class houses.

MARBLE AND MARBLEIZED SLATE mantels, roofing slate, billiard beds, tiling, marble and slate slabs, &c., &c. The trade supplied. WEST CASTLETON SLATE CO., No. 412 Broadway, N. Y.

MARBLE MANTELS.—THE BEST PLACE IN the City to purchase cheap and well-finished MANTELS is at A. KLABER'S Mantel Manufactory, No. 109 East 14th-st., near 3d-av. New-York. Cut this out.

FULTON WHITE LEAD MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Office and Store No. 36 Dey-st., New-York.

We are offering Lead and Zinc, of our own manufacture, which we warrant equal in body, purity, color and durability to any in market, and on as favorable terms. We also import English White Lead and French Zinc, which we sell at the lowest market price.

WILLIAMS & GILLETT, Sole Agents.

PEACH PITTS. 200 BARRELS, PRIME, FRESH, suitable for planting, for sale by
HENRY BUTLER, No. 13 Moore-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE German woman a situation as first-rate cook; can cook in the French and American styles thoroughly, and is a good baker; would assist with the washing, if required; best City references. Address T. C., Box No. 167 *Times* Office.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—A respectable Protestant woman wants a situation as cook, washer and ironer in a private family; good City reference. Call at No. 104 West 17th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., 3d floor, front room.

AS COOK AND LAUNDRESS.—AN English Protestant woman, lately arrived in this country, desires a situation in City or country in the above capacity; understands the work well. Call at No. 378 6th-av.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED, BY A first-class cook, who thoroughly understands her business; good City references given. Can be seen at No. 115 West 15th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., rear building.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A Wanted a situation by a young woman as chambermaid and waitress, or as child's nurse; is neat, attentive and obliging; refers to her last employer, with whom she has lived a number of years. Call at No. 353 West 34th-st.

AS HOUSEKEEPER.—AN AMERICAN LADY desires a situation as housekeeper, or as lady's companion; she has had the entire charge of a gentleman's family for the last four years, and would refer to him for particulars. Call at No. 148 West 20th-st., or address M. W., Box No. 1,688 Post-office.

AS WET NURSE.—WANTED, BY A HEALTHY respectable Protestant woman, a situation as wet nurse; has a fresh breast of milk. Can be seen from 10 o'clock until 5, at No. 120 West 32d-st., near 7th-av.

AS DRESSMAKER.—A FIRST-CLASS DRESSmaker wants a situation as seamstress in a family; can cut and fit perfectly, and do all kinds of sewing; can give the best of City reference. Address DRESSMAKER, Madison-square Post-office, for two days.

AS GENERAL SERVANT.—A PROTESTANT girl desires a situation, in City or country, in the above capacity; is a good cook and baker, excellent washer and ironer, and willing and obliging. Call at No. 378 6th-av.

MALES.

TWO IMPORTERS, A GENTLEMAN FOR FIFteen years past engaged in the active duties of salesman, in charge of the woolen and silk departments of several of the largest German and French importers of this City, with an extensive acquaintance among the buyers and a knowledge of the European markets, also with capital to invest in business if desired, wishes a first-class position as salesman. References of the highest character will be furnished, and communications in answer to this will be strictly confidential. Address Box No. 4,109 Post-office.

AS TRAVELING AGENT.—WANTED, A SITuation, by a competent person, as traveling agent; perfect satisfaction as to ability and integrity given, by calling on T. OLIVER, No. 91 Duane-st., New-York, or J. R. PIDGEON, Nos. 27 and 29 Pearl-st.

AS GARDENER, &c.—WANTED, A THOROUGH practical vegetable, fruit and flower gardener, (Protestant,) who understands the care of a horse, and is a good driver. One competent, and willing to make himself useful, may secure a good permanent situation on a small place near this City, by applying, with references, at No. 45 Beekman-st., after 10 o'clock, A. M.

AS COACHMAN.—A PROTESTANT SINGLE man wants a permanent place as coachman; he thoroughly understands it, as his reference will show. Address C, Box No. 205 *Times* Office.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A competent waiter, in a private family; a colored man; has City reference, if required, from most respectable families. Call, for two days, at No. 126 West 35th-st., rear.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN, ACQUAINTED in Ohio, Illinois and Wisconsin, a situation to travel for a dry goods, grocery or hardware house. Address TRAVELING AGENT, Box No. 180 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A MERCANTILE house, by a boy 16 years of age, who has had some experience; has first-class reference. Address WALTER, Box No. 189 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, 20 YEARS OF age, a situation in a store or office; City reference given. Address W., Box No. 61 Post-office.

HELP WANTED.

RAILROAD LABORERS WANTED.

Five hundred railroad laborers wanted to work on the Leavenworth, Pawnee and Western Railroad, now called the Union Pacific Railway, Eastern Division.

For further information, apply at our office, No. 52 Shawnee-st., or to W. L. B. WILCOX, engineer in charge of the work on the line of the road.

ROSS, STEELE & CO.

LEAVENWORTH CITY, Sept. 28, 1863.

WANTED,

One thousand laborers for Hilton Head, S. C. For particulars, call upon Mr. L. B. HINE, at No. 6 State-st., between the hours of 10 and 12 A. M. and 2 and 3 P. M.

STEWART VAN VLIET, Major and Q. M., U. S. A.

A YOUNG MAN OF DISTINCTION—A political refugee—who in Germany has been active as editor for German newspaper, and who is a thorough master of the French, Italian, German, English, Hungarian and the ancient languages, who has also a knowledge of music and of the art of drawing, in which he is able to instruct, wishes to obtain a situation as a private secretary, interpreter, amanuensis, traveling companion, or as instructor and teacher, or any other engagement suitable to his education and accomplishments. Answers to the above addressed to A. Z., Box No. 208 *Times* Office.

AGENTS WANTED.—CALL AND EXAMINE, or ten samples sent free by mail for 20 cents that retails for $3; urgently needed by every person. By R. L. WOLCOTT, No. 170 Chatham-square, New-York.

DYER WANTED—FOR A WOOLEN MILL making fancy cassimeres. Address, with reference, SAMUEL HANNA, No. 1 College-place, New-York.

A BLACKSMITH.—A GOOD BLACKSMITH wanted immediately to take Head fire. A. J. QUINBY, Wheelwright, No. 134 East 26th-st.

BOY WANTED—FOR ERRANDS. INQUIRE at No. 813 Broadway. S. CANTRELL.

BOY WANTED—IN A FIRE INSURANCE COMpany from 14 to 16 years of age. Address Box No. 3,407 Post-office, in his own handwriting.

WANTED.—AN EXPERIENCED MAN, TO TAKE charge of the white goods and linen department of a large jobbing firm. One with good qualifications will be dealt with liberally. Address, with references, IMPORTER & JOBBER, Box No. 982 Post-office.

WANTED.—A GERMAN GIRL ACCUSTOMED to general housework, for a small family; one that can speak English; wages $7 per month. Apply with references, to No. 374 West 35th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

WANTED—ALL WHO ARE NOT PAID FOR their labor or goods to call on Lawyer R. M. PECKHAM, No. 14 Chambers-st. Advice free. Divorces obtained privately.

STATIONERY.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INK.

AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black ink, flows freely, and does not corrode. Sold at No. 5 Ludlow-st., and at the stationers generally. JESSE G. KEYS.

PAPER AT LESS THAN MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.—No connection with the combined MONOPOLY FOR HIGH PRICES.

I am selling Note Paper from 75 cents per ream up. A large stock of Flat Caps and Folio Post much less than mill prices. Letter $1 50 up, and Cap $2 up, and every description of Paper at less than any other paper dealer for cash. Orders by mail promptly filled.

A. P. HARD,
Wholesale Paper Dealer,
No. 44 Beekman-st., New-York The Old Stand.

ACCOUNT BOOKS AND STATIONERY.—A full supply constantly on hand and made to order Business men are invited to call at the old stand.
HOWE & FERRY, No. 76 Bowery.

YOUR CUSTOM SOLICITED BY FRANCIS & LOUTREL, No. 45 Maiden-lane. Blank Books, Paper, Stationery and Printing at moderate prices.

MISCELLANEOUS.

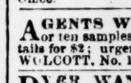
FISH'S PATENT

LAMP-HEATING APPARATUS,

Boiling, frying, stewing, steeping, with the flame that lights the room.

EVERY FAMILY SHOULD HAVE ONE.

For descriptive pamphlet and price list, address W. D. RUSSELL, Agent, No. 206 Pearl-st., N. Y. Agents wanted.



WEDDING CARDS.

French Note Papers, Seals and Presses, Silver Plates, etc., at J. Everdell's, 302 Broadway, cor. Duane St. For Specimens by mail, send 25 cents.

DROWNED—FROM OFF THE STEAMER *Samuel L. Brewster*, in North River, nearly opposite Pier No. 43, GEORGE LASHER, deck hand; five feet 10 inches high, dark hair, whiskers on chin, two upper front teeth badly decayed, weighed about 160 pounds, 27 years of age. A reward of $25 will be paid for the recovery of the body.

PHILLIP W. ROCKEFELLER, No. 195 West-st.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 22, 1863.

FRENCH PORCELAIN, PARIAN MARble, gas fixtures and chandeliers, bronzes, tableglass and cutlery, silver-plated and Japanned ware, antique and Bohemian fancy goods, kitchen crockery, &c., &c., &c. RUFUS M. BRUNDIGE,
No. 949 Broadway, corner 31st-st.

A FIRE-PROOF SAFE FOR SALE.—McFARLAN & Co.'s Patent medium size, as good as new, except painting. Size 31 by 24 inches; height, 38 inches. Will be sold at a bargain. Price $80. Inquire No. 138 East Broadway, in the basement.

FOR SALE CHEAP—21 STANDS OF STEINthorp's patent candle moulds—96 moulds to each stand, 2 hydraulic presses—10-inch ram. Also, one of Stephens' patent self-acting oil strainer. For particulars inquire of CHARLES FOX, Nos. 70 and 72 Bowery.

RUSSIA SHEET IRON, ASSORTED NOS., imitation Russia Iron, of Alan Wood & Co. manufacture. For sale by A. A. THOMSON & CO.,
Nos. 215 and 217 Water-st.

TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON OF ALL kinds, tin, lead, zinc, spelter, copper, &c., for sale by EDWARD S. SHERMAN, No. 253 Pearl-st., between Fulton and John.

DRY GOODS.

KID GLOVES,

A NEW BRAND,

THE EMPRESS GLOVE,

FOR LADIES.

Fine, Soft, Elastic, equal to any in market.

$1 a pair.

RICHARD GREEN,

No. 375 Canal-st., corner Laurens.

HOSIERY

AND UNDERGARMENTS

FOR FALL AND WINTER.

LADIES', GENTLEMEN'S and CHILDREN'S

COTTON,

MERINO and

LAMBSWOOL,

IN GREAT VARIETY and at LOW PRICES.

RICH'D GREEN,

No. 375 Canal-st., corner Laurens.

SHIRTS.

GENTLEMEN'S FINE DRESS SHIRTS.

MADE TO MEASURE AT

$2 50 EACH,

A PERFECT FIT AND FIRST-CLASS WORK.

NEGLIGE SHIRTS,

COLLARS,

CRAVATS,

SCARFS,

SUSPENDERS,

GLOVES, &c.

RICHARD GREEN,

No. 375 CANAL-STREET.

CURTAINS.

New Styles, 1863.
Swiss Lace. Nottingham Lace. Lama Lace. Muslin. Brocatelle. Reps. Terry Cloth. Japanese &c. Damask. Cornices. and all other Trimmings.

G. L. & J. B. KELTY, No. 359 Broadway, N. Y.

WINDOW SHADES

Gold. Opaque. White. Buff. Green. and Blue. Holland. Bray's Patent Fixtures. and all other Approved styles.

G. L. & J. B. KELTY, No. 359 Broadway.

HOW TO SAVE MONEY!!

MAKE YOUR PURCHASES OF

SMITH & LOUNSBERRY,

No. 456 Broadway, (near Grand,)

CARPETS AND OIL-CLOTHS,

AT THE EARLIEST POSSIBLE MOMENT.

Having completed our orders and contracts previous to the late important advance, we still continue to offer our entire stock of New Fall Styles at less than importers' and manufacturers' present prices.

CALL EARLY IF YOU WANT CHOICE STYLES AT A BARGAIN.

HOSIERY, GLOVES AND UNDERGARMENTS.

All the best makes in ladies' and misses' English and German hosiery; ladies' and misses' drawers and vests; all the best makes in kid gloves, Alexandre's, Jouvin's and others celebrated; also, a great variety of Fall and Winter gloves, Ladies' and Misses' gaiters, sontags, capes, hoods, &c., &c.; French kids 75 cents, $1 and $1 25; children's kids 50 cents. N. B. Two hundred dozen undressed kids, in all the fashionable shades at

ELGER'S, Nos. 860 and 862 Broadway, near 19th-st.

FOUNTAIN'S INDIA AND AMERICAN Indian Store, No. 858 Broadway, second story, between 13th and 14th sts., is filled with goods from China, India, Manilla, Japan, and the American Indians, not to be found elsewhere, viz.: Silks, Satins, Shawls, Scarfs, India Muslins, Pineapple Dress Goods, elegant and new; also, plain white, white and colored Crapes, Cowan and Pongees, Lacquered Boxes, Desks, Tables, Canton China Vases, Tea Sets, unique Fans from China, and the newest styles from France; American Indian Fans, with birds and fancy bark work; also, suitable fancy articles for Europeans; Camphor, Sandal Wood and other Trunks and boxes. Wholesale and retail. Catalogues sent per mail. Visitors are welcome to examine our extensive stock without purchasing.

MILLINERY.

MODES DE PARIS.

MME. WALTON, No. 689 Broadway,

Between Amity and 4th sts.,

is constantly receiving the latest and most approved patterns of Parisian Bonnets, and her facility for manufacturing will give to the Ladies of New-York and vicinity a rare opportunity of selecting from her varied stock

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING CLASSES.

NO. 204 5TH-AV., NEW-YORK.

Additional classes for children to meet on Mondays and Thursdays, will commence on MONDAY, Oct. 19, at 4 P. M.

CLASSES FORMING AT J. H. SEARING'S PRIVATE DANCING ACADEMY,

No. 292 4th-av., near 32d-st. Private lessons daily.

C. H. RIVERS' BROOKLYN DANCING ACADEMY—No. 33 Schermerhorn-st., corner of Court-st. All the fashionable dances taught in one course of lessons. Classes are now forming. Send for a circular.

FERRERO'S DANCING ACADEMY—NO. 161 5th-av., is now open for the reception of pupils. Circulars may be had at the Academy, at A. Rankins, No. 165 5th-av., or at J. P. Tyler's drug store, 157 5th-av.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—A GENTLEMAN, WIFE AND daughter wish to obtain suitable rooms, with board, in a good location, and for which $100 per week would be paid. There object is to obtain a quiet comfortable home, and would prefer if this should attract attention of some small family who could spare the rooms, and take no other boarders. Plain living and no display desired. Address BOARD, Box No. 202 *Times* Office.

BOARDING.—PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOMS, suitable for single gentlemen. No. 34 West 29th-st. Dinner at 6.

BOARD CAN BE OBTAINED IN THE VILlage of Hackensack for a lady and gentleman, or two single gentlemen, in the upper part of the village, opposite the park; three minutes' walk to the depot. To obtain further particulars, apply at No. 277 Greenwich-st., New-York.

BOARD WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN WOULD like to make arrangements for board for himself and wife in a quiet private family up town, where no other boarders are taken, and where they can have two rooms en suite. Address L., Box No. 3,008 New-York Post-office. References exchanged.

BOARD WANTED.—A TEACHER WISHES board where instruction in music, English branches and mathematics will be received as compensation; reference given. Address GOVERNESS, Box No. 127 *Times* Office.

BOARD WANTED.—A FRONT ROOM AND bedroom, second story, with board, wanted by a gentleman and wife, in a pleasant location; early dinners. Address J. H. W., Box No. 177 *Times* Office.

BOARD WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN, HIS wife, daughter, child three years old, and nurse; pleasant rooms with good board above 10th-st. Address Box No. 2,758 Post-office.

BOARD WANTED FOR THE WINTER—By a gentleman, his wife, son and daughter, in an eligible situation, between 14th and 40th sts. Address J. P., Box No. 3,530 Post-office.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS—AT No. 34 Cranberry, corner of Willow-st., one block from Columbia-st., three minutes' walk from Fulton or Wall-st. Ferries.

WANTED.—A BACHELOR WANTS A FURnished room with breakfast and tea where the social privileges and comforts of home, which he mainly desires, may be obtained. Address Box No. 616 General Post-office, with full particulars. References unexceptionable.

FURNISHED ROOM WANTED.—WANTED, in a genteel private family, a pleasant well-furnished room, or room and bedroom, in an unexceptionable neighborhood, with board for a lady, who is about returning from the country. Address A. G. S., Box No. 135 *Times* Office, stating terms. Unobjectionable references given and required.

A CLERGYMAN DESIRES A HOME IN a private family for himself, wife, three children and a nurse. Location between 12th and 40th sts. and 3d and 7th avs. Address B., Box No. 1,313 New-York Post-office.

TO LET—FURNISHED SITTING AND ADJOINing bed room to a single gentleman, in 22d-st., near 6th-av., with or without breakfast; every comfort and convenience on the same floor; not another boarder taken; family strictly private, and a permanent arrangement only made. Address H., Box No. 3,346 Post-office.

TO LET—NO. 9 LAFAYETTE-PLACE, ELEGANTly furnished rooms, en suite, with private table only, offering unsurpassed advantages to desirable parties.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR GENTLEMEN, with or without board, at No. 117 East 20th-st.

COUNTRY BOARD.

DESIRABLE COUNTRY BOARD CAN BE procured for the Fall and Winter season in a commodious country residence, surrounded with beautiful scenery, and handsomely located among the hills. Air is pure and dry. Liberal table most rooms, and piano. Reference required. Address B. R., Esopus, Ulster County, N. Y.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

SPIRITUAL MEETING OF THE CONGREGATION of the New Dispensation, every Sunday, at 10½ A. M., 3 and 7½ P. M., at Hall No. 904 Broadway, corner of 33d-st. MORNING—Inspirational and Trance speaking. AFTERNOON—*Human Perfectibility*, by Dr. NEWBERY. N. B.—EVENING—Dr. P. B. RANDOLPH, the distinguished author and speaker will, by request, deliver his celebrated oration on *Woman's Love and the Eternal Affinity Question*. Collections taken up.

NORTH DUTCH CHURCH—CORNER OF William and Fulton sts. Divine service every SABBATH, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ o'clock in the evening. Sabbath School and Bible Class at 9 A. M. and 2 P. M. Young People's Prayer Meeting at 6½ o'clock in the evening. Tuesday Evening Lecture at 7½ o'clock. Friday Evening Prayer Meeting at 7½ o'clock. A daily Prayer Meeting from 12 to 1 o'clock. All are invited, and seats furnished.

HARLEM CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—LAYING THE CORNER-STONE.—The ceremony of laying the corner-stone of the new Congregational Chapel, on 126th-st., near 2d-av., will take place on TUESDAY NEXT, the 27th inst., at 4 o'clock P. M. Addresses by Rev. JOHN M. HOLMES, of Jersey City, and others. The public are cordially invited to be present. The usual services on SUNDAY. Preaching by the Pastor, Rev. S. BOURNE, Jr.

THE NINETY-FIFTH ANNIVERSARY of John-st. M. E. Church will be held on SUNDAY, Oct. 25. The exercises as follows: Love Feast at 8½ A. M.; preaching at 10½ o'clock by Rev. R. L. DASHIEL, of Jersey City; reunion meeting of former pastors and old members at 2 P. M.; general prayer meeting at 6 P. M., conducted by C. WALSH, Esq.; sermon at 7½ o'clock by Rev. ALFRED COOKMAN. All friends of the "Old Homestead" of Methodism are cordially invited to be present.

FORTY-SECOND-ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, between 7th and 8th avs.—Rev. W. A. Scott, D. D., formerly of San Francisco, has received and accepted a call to become the Pastor of this church. He has been received by the Presbytery of New-York, and will be installed Pastor of the church on WEDNESDAY EVENING next, 28th inst., at 7½ o'clock. He will preach in the church on SUNDAY and thereafter, at 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M.

SERMONS TO YOUNG PEOPLE.—REV. ALEXANDER H. VINTON, D. D., Rector of St. Mark's Church, will preach the first sermon of this course on SUNDAY EVENING, in the Church of the Mediator, Lexington-av., corner of East 30th-st. This is the introductory discourse of a series which will be continued in this Church on the last SUNDAY EVENING of each month throughout the Winter. Services will commence at 7½ o'clock.

M. E. CHURCH—ALLEN-ST. DR. W. C. PALMER and wife having returned to this City, after an absence of several years, devoted to religious labors in Europe, will, in compliance with the invitation of the Pastor and leaders and stewards of the M. E. Church, in Allen-st., attend said church next SUNDAY, 25th inst., and take part in the services during the day and evening. Service at 10½ o'clock A. M., 3 P. M., (Love Feast,) and 7 evening.

REV. W. A. SCOTT, FORMERLY OF SAN Francisco, will be installed pastor of the Presbyterian Church on 42d-st., between 7th and 8th avs., on WEDNESDAY EVENING, 28th inst.

A few particulars of this gentleman's antecedents may be found in the New-York *Evangelist*, of Aug. 8, and the New-York *Times*, of October 20, 1861; also the San Francisco *Murror* and *Bulletin*, of the same year. The above will be particularly interesting to the loyal union-loving Christian citizens of New-York.

NEW-YORK YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—Rev. T. N. HASKELL, of Boston, (formerly of Washington, D. C.,) will preach the first sermon in the series to Young Men, on SUNDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, in the Presbyterian Church, (Rev. Dr. POTTS,) University-place, cor. 10th-st. A cordial invitation is extended. Rev. F. G. CLARK will preach the following SUNDAY EVENING in his own church, West 23d-st.

AN INTERESTING REVIVAL IN PROGRESS IN THE W. METHODIST MISSION ROOM corner of 46th-st. and 8th-av., Rev. S. A. BAKER, Pastor. The United Band of Brothers, Brother WALTERS, leader will conduct the services on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M., at 3 P. M. and at 7 P. M. Preaching each evening this week. Public cordially invited.

NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Corner 31st-st. and 8th-av.—Rev. HENRY DARLING, D. D., will preach on next SABBATH MORNING, 25th inst., at 10½ o'clock. The ordinance of the Lord's Supper will be administered in the EVENING at 7½ o'clock. Rev. E. F. HATFIELD, D. D., will officiate on the occasion.

BROTHER PETER, WITH A NUMBER of Praying Brethren, will be present all day on SUNDAY, in the Wesleyan Chapel, northwest corner of 44th-st. and 8th-av. Love-feast at 10½ A. M.; prayer, &c., at 3 and 7 P. M. Preaching in the Wesleyan Chapel, Cottage place, as usual. Revs. T. WALSH and T. MADDEN.

REV. NEWTON HESTON, PASTOR OF THE State-st. Congregational Church, near Hoyt-st., Brooklyn, is preaching a series of Sabbath sermons on the *Heavenly Voyage*. Seamen and their friends are invited on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M., the sixth discourse: subject, *Sailing Directions*. At 7½ P. M., subject, *Man's Mission Among Men*.

NEW-YORK YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—Monthly meeting will be held at the rooms, (Bible House, 3d-av., corner 9th-st., on MONDAY EVENING, the 26th inst., at 7½ o'clock. Essay by V. MORSE, M. D. Subject—*Self Elevation*. Other interesting exercises may be expected. The public are invited. R. R. MCBURNEY, Recording Sec'y.

MARINER'S TEMPLE, CORNER OLIVER and Henry sts. Seats free. Services at 10½ A. M. Preaching by Rev. Dr. WESTON. Madison-av. Baptist Church at 3 P. M. Sunday School meeting in the EVENING at 7½ o'clock. Addresses by Rev. H. Osgood, Rev. WM. C. VAN METER, and others. Singing by the school.

ATHENEUM.—REV. MATTHEW HALE SMITH will preach in the Atheneum, Brooklyn, corner of Clinton and Atlantic sts., on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M., on *Christ an Advocate*. At 7½ P. M., the sixth of the course on Solomon: *How He Blended Religion with the Things of Life*.

SOUTH CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, OF BROOKLYN.—The congregation of this church will worship in the Hall corner of Union and Court sts. Preaching on SUNDAY by Rev. EDWARD TAYLOR. Services at 10½ A. M., and 7½ P. M. Sabbath School at 2½ o'clock P. M.

ST. TIMOTHY'S FREE CHURCH—(PROT. Episcopal)—54th-st., west of 8th-av.—The Second Quarterly Collection to pay off the debt upon the lots of this church will be made on SUNDAY EVENING, Oct. 25. The sermon will be preached by the Rector. Service to commence at 7½ o'clock.

"A VOICE OF NOISE FROM THE CITY; A voice from the Temple! A voice of the Lord, who rendereth recompense to his enemies."—His Messenger will preach on *The Impending Crash of Nations* on SUNDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M., in Union Building, No. 163 Bowery. Seats free.

METHODIST PROTESTANT CHURCH—Attorney-st.—Rev. WM. P. HAMMOND, Pastor, will preach on SUNDAY MORNING, at 10½ o'clock; Rev. Mr. NORRIS will preach at 3 P. M.; and the Pastor will preach in the evening, at 7 o'clock. The public invited. Seats free.

CHURCH OF THE GOOD SHEPHERD—54th-st., near 3d-av., Rev. RALPH HOYT, Rector. Services on SUNDAY at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 3½ P. M. Sunday School at 9½ and 2 o'clock. Episcopalians and others residing in this parish are cordially invited to worship with this congregation. Seats all free

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, OCT. 24, 1863.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—IONE; OR, THE LAST DAYS OF POMPEII.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—GIANT BOY, MOVING WAX FIGURES, &c., at all hours—DRAMATIC PERFORMANCES, GHOST, PANTOMIME AND BALLET, at 3 and 7½ o'clock P. M.

WALLACK'S—ROSEDALE; OR, THE RIFLE BALL.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—GAMEA; OR, THE JEWISH MOTHER.

WINTER GARDEN—KISS IN THE DARK—THE TOODLES—THE RUSSIAN ADMIRAL.

PARK THEATRE—(Brooklyn)—SERIOUS FAMILY—REGULAR FIX.

GEO. CHRISTY'S MINSTRELS—(No. 585 Broadway.)

OLYMPIC THEATRE—PO-CA-HON-TAS; OR, YE GENTLE SAVAGE.

IRVING HALL—MUSICAL MATINEE.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC—RICHARD III.

COOPER INSTITUTE—OSCANYAN'S LECTURES.

CITY ASSEMBLY ROOMS—FESTIVAL.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

The price of the NEW-YORK TIMES (Daily) is THREE CENTS, except of the Sunday morning edition, which is FOUR CENTS.

To Mail Subscribers the price is per annum:—including the Sunday morning edition, it is $10.

The price of the SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES is:

One copy one year	$3 00
Two copies one year	5 00
Five copies one year	12 00

The price of the WEEKLY TIMES is:

One copy one year	$2 00
Three copies one year	5 00
Ten copies one year	15 00
Twenty copies one year	25 00

Payments invariably in advance.

To any person who will send us a Club of Twenty, the SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES will be sent gratuitously for one year. To any one sending us a Club of Fifty, the DAILY TIMES will be sent gratis for one year. Address

H. J. RAYMOND & CO., Publishers.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

Our special correspondence from the Army of the Potomac gives a very comprehensive account of the recent military movements in Virginia, and the present situation of the opposing armies. A dispatch from Washington informs us that Gen. MEADE yesterday returned to the front, and the report that he had been superseded by Gen. SEDGWICK seems to have had no foundation. Our cavalry now reconnoitre as far as the Rappahannock, and the Army of the Potomac is planted on a line of defence from which there is no possibility of displacing it. The entire losses on our side in the recent movements are estimated not to exceed 1,500.

Rebel reports from Chattanooga, up to the 17th, say that the heavy rains had ceased, the flooded creeks were receding, and bridge repairing was the order of the day on both sides.

Reports from North Carolina affirm that Gov. VANCE, heretofore an earnest opponent of the Jeff. Davis Administration and a strong peace man, has been suddenly converted to favor a vigorous prosecution of the war, by a bribe, in the form of an offer of the nomination of President to succeed DAVIS. Mr. HOLDEN, editor of the Raleigh *Standard*, has resumed the publication of his paper, lately destroyed by a mob, and is as defiant in opposition of the Confederate Government as before. An expedition of our forces to the counties in the northeastern part of the State has returned, with a report that the entire population are heartily disgusted with the rebels, and call upon the Federal Government for protection.

The St. Louis *Union* learns, from a citizen of Lafayette County, that SHELBY'S force, or the remnant of it, passed through German Settlement, in that county, twenty miles from Lexington, Friday, Oct. 16. They stopped at the house of a man named VANMETRE, whom SHELBY told he had been "whipped"—referring to the encounter with Gen. BROWN, in Saline County. He had only 700 men with him. He had lost nearly all his ammunition, though still had a considerable quantity of stock that he had stolen. He stated that he had found only twenty recruits in his foray. His original force was estimated at 1,200 men. The citizen militia were called out by Gen. VAUGHAN when the rebels passed through Lafayette, to defend Lexington from an apprehended attack. They conducted themselves with the most commendable spirit, promptly responding to the call, and serving faithfully in the intrenchments, day and night, till the danger had disappeared.

Four hundred guerrillas, under HAWKINS, near Columbia, Tenn., were whipped on Thursday by sixty men, under Capt. BUNCH. The rebels lost 9 killed, several wounded and 13 prisoners.

FROM EUROPE.

The steamship *Etna* passed Cape Race yesterday morning, bringing advices two days later than those received by the *Hibernia*. There is no important news. A correspondent of the London *Post* writes from Paris that LOUIS NAPOLEON has no intention of recognizing the rebel Government. The Mersey rams had been placed under charge of a detachment of marines, and the London *Times* asserts that though nothing had been decided in regard to them, yet, being suspected, they would not be allowed to slip away as the *Alabama* did. Queen VICTORIA had availed herself of the occasion of the inauguration of Prince ALBERT'S statue at Aberdeen to reënter public life. The shareholders of the steamship *Great Eastern* have determined to liquidate all claims against the vessel, and put her in the India or Australian trade. There was no change in Polish affairs. The Spanish elections had occurred, resulting in favor of the Government. Sweden declines an alliance with Denmark. The Liverpool Cotton market remained buoyant at advancing prices. Breadstuffs and Provisions continued steady. Consols closed at 93 for money.

GENERAL NEWS.

Gov. PARKER, of New-Jersey, has issued a proclamation in response to the call of the President for 300,000 volunteers. The quota assigned to the State is 9,441; the quota of each township and ward will be ascertained and published by the Adjutant-General at an early day. Credits for all volunteers furnished by each township or ward, will be allowed up to the 4th of January next. The deficiency then existing will be made good by draft. No draft will be made for the deficiency under the former call before the 5th of January; the draft then to commence will be for the deficiency on both requisitions. The Governor urges the people to use every proper effort to fill the quota assigned us by voluntary enlistment, and enforces the call by pointing out the necessity.

The official orders investing Gen. GRANT with his new command, designate it to include all the territory West of the Alleghany Mountains, to be called the Western Military Division, with headquarters Nashville, Tenn.

The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Ledger*, states that the Court of Inquiry in the case of Gen. BUELL, returned a verdict of acquittal on all the charges preferred against him. The verdict was rendered long since, but for some reason or other has never been publicly announced.

The enlistment of colored troops in Maryland causes a great amount of discontent among the slaveholders in that State, so much, indeed, that a deputation was sent to the President to request a withdrawal of the recruiting officers. The President replied that the country needed soldiers, and if the recruiting officers did anything contrary to law they would be superseded, but the recruiting must go on.

The official returns of the election in Pennsylvania, from all but six counties, give CURTIN 13,255 majority. The unofficial returns from the other counties make CURTIN'S majority in the whole State 15,273.

The rebels have been pretty well cleared out o Eastern Kentucky An expedition, consisting of detachments from two Kentucky regiments, recently sent out by Col. GALLP, has returned to Catlettsburgh, bringing 50 prisoners, 60 horses, and 50 stand of arms, without losing a man.

The Richmond *Examiner* of the 17th, says that the number of prisoners of war held in Richmond at this time, is ten thousand two hundred and fifty-odd.

The demand for the Popular Loan in this market, yesterday, reached $2,400,000. The sales of the previous loan of 1881 were large, of the Coupon issue, at 110¼ ℔ cent. The Railways less buoyant than on Thursday. Money 7 ℔ cent. to the Brokers. Gold advanced to 146⅞, but fell back to 145⅞. Exchange on London 160¼@161 ℔ cent.

Breadstuffs were more active yesterday, at generally advanced prices. Provisions exhibited increased animation; Lard closed higher. Cotton was inactive. Whisky was less freely purchased. Groceries were in limited demand. A fair business was reported in Hay, Hops, Seeds, Salt, Wool, Tallow and Tobacco. Transactions in most other articles were restricted. The freight engagements were light and rates easier.

The War in Virginia—The Late Campaign.

The Fall campaign of Gen. LEE, which has been in progress for nearly a fortnight past, and about which we have known so very little and speculated so much, is probably already closed. His army crossed to the northern bank of the Rapidan with cooked rations for fourteen days, on the 9th inst., and it recrossed the river on Wednesday of this week, and returned to the point from which it had started—having been gone almost the precise length of time for which provision had been made. During that time they made a march which, by the line they took, could not have been short of sixty miles, had a number of heavy skirmishes, and fought an action in which one-half of their force was engaged.

The object of the campaign certainly does not appear on the face of it. We are accordingly left to speculation, to such deductions as may be made from their movements, and to such evidences of their design as the rebels may have left behind them. The fact that they made two efforts to flank MEADE, and a desperate effort to get in his rear at Centreville before he should be able to get to that position, indicates that their army was formidable; and of this fact, indeed, we have positive proof from the details given by the rebels themselves. But their efforts at flanking were failures, and they retreated without having had a general engagement and without having attempted any of the great things which some Northern writers had marked out for them.

We publish in the TIMES this morning a complete summary, review and criticism of this mysterious campaign, from the pen of our special correspondent; and a perusal of that, we think, will throw light upon many things that heretofore have been inexplicable. The rebel theory of the campaign, as stated by some of the general officers of LEE on the retreat, was that the movement was made for the purpose of throwing the Army of the Potomac back on Washington, at the same time utterly destroying the railroad connecting MEADE'S army occupying the line of the Rapidan with its base, thus relieving Richmond from the standing menace which our occupation of that front of operations held out, exhausting the season during which it is possible for us to make a Fall campaign, and throwing us over till next Spring, when the depletion of our army and the prospective rebel operations in the Southwest, would secure them success and peace. This was the theory they propounded on their retreat, by which they tried to make it appear that the campaign had been essentially a success—for there is no doubt that they destroyed bridges, culverts and the railroad, in a style so effective, that many weeks cannot restore the damage, by which time the rebels, doubtless, expect the advent of Mud. The theory they held during the advance, however, and the thing they attempted to achieve in the advance, were to get in a position, disadvantageous to the Army of the Potomac, cut it off and destroy it. But the rapid falling back of MEADE, and the fine fighting and manœuvring of WARREN, prevented this; and one of the officers of Gen. LEE'S Staff was frank enough to confess to a friend of his on the retreat that they had been completely outgeneraled by MEADE, and had been baulked in their original design. Not being able to effect the greater end, they had to be satisfied with the lesser one, which we have already indicated, of destroying things so as to hinder an advance by this line on our part during the Autumn.

It is not to be supposed, for it is not true, that, during the rebel advance or their retreat, Gen. MEADE was attempting to evade or escape battle. On the contrary, on their advance, he frequently invited them to battle on ground of his choosing, but they always refused; and Gen. MEADE'S orders were such that he could not act on purely military grounds, get in *their* rear, cut *them* off, and play such havoc as was in his power, had he not primarily had Washington to defend. After the rebels had advanced northward some distance, and our army was properly posted and fully ready, the rebels obtained indubitable proof that it was so strong that they could not afford to accept its offer of battle, and they at once turned round and rushed back so quickly that all the efforts and marches of Gen. MEADE did not avail to induce them to make a stand. After they got to the Rappahannock, it was easy for them to retreat and destroy, so as to prevent effective pursuit. Those who would criticize or blame Gen. MEADE for not catching and whipping them, should know that, under the circumstances, this was beyond the power of any General.

Now that the late campaign may be supposed to be closed, the new question is, What next? It is credited at headquarters that another of LEE'S corps (A. P. HILL'S) has now rushed westward to Georgia, to strike a quick blow at the army of Gen. THOMAS at Chattanooga. We believe that the latter army, under its new direction, and with the coöperation of the forces heretofore acting independently, will be able to endure even this.

The Proclamation of the Governor of New-Jersey.

We were obliged, the other day, to condemn in strong terms the spirit of Governor SEYMOUR'S proclamation for volunteers, in response to the new call of the President. While the practical line of conduct which he urged upon the people was the right one, the attempt to excite prejudice against the Administration, by indirect reflections, was miserably out of place, and such as could come only from a very poor quality of patriotism. A Governor of a leading State, however much he might, in time past, have dissented from the policy of the National Executive, was bound, when professing to coöperate with that Executive in an act whose necessity he recognized, to avoid studiously every allusion of an invidious character, and to do his best to harmonize and inspirit the hearts of the people. Gov. SEYMOUR failed to do this. Even on so momentous an occasion as this, he did not succeed in rising above his low partisan propensities. It was not a pleasant exhibition, yet Gov. SEYMOUR'S character is so well known that it excited no particular disappointment.

The Proclamation of Gov. PARKER, of New-Jersey, we are glad to say, is in a very different tone. It is thoroughly patriotic throughout, in spirit as well as in sentiment; the fact that its author calls himself a Democrat, makes it all the more our duty to note this and to commend it. Our principle from the beginning of this war has been to recognize no political distinctions but that between a truly loyal support of the war, and opposition to it direct or indirect; and when we see that support truly given, we always mean to hail it, let it appear in whatever quarter it may. Gov. PARKER'S political relations to the Administration, whatever they may be, ought not to affect our judgment of this official act. He has here, at least, done his duty to the Government faithfully and well.

The document contains one sentence which gives us peculiar satisfaction; for it sets forth the true doctrine on a cardinal point. As a reason why our armies should be largely reinforced, he gives this:

"A crushing blow at the armed power of the rebellion, *if followed* by wise, just and conciliatory counsels, will open the door to that peace which we so much desire and which has thus far eluded us."

This is the correct way of putting it. No true Union man objects to a peace policy of that sort. Let the "crushing blow" come first, and *then* "wise, just and *conciliatory* counsels" cannot too quickly follow. The peace policy which loyal men have opposed has been of an essentially different kind. It proposed a suspension of the war by armistice, for the purpose of opening negotiations; or, if that could not be effected, then standing overtures put out and kept out *in concurrence with* the prosecution of the war—a policy expressed metaphorically in the favorite phrase, "the sword in one hand and the olive-branch in the other."

This language upon the part of the Democratic Gov. PARKER is the more notable in being in direct contrast to the memorable resolutions passed last March by the Democratic Legislature of New-Jersey, by a vote of about three to one. Those resolutions were factious throughout in spirit and in sentiment, and, as a practical measure, called in so many words for the appointment by the Federal Government of Peace Commissioners "to meet Commissioners similarly appointed by the insurgent States." The proposition was an absurd one. The Federal Government had no such power as it was asked to exercise. The President is sworn to defend the Constitution and to execute the laws. He could neither himself accept peace on any other ground than the Constitution and the existing laws, nor authorize any other man or set of men to do it. The bare attempt would justly expose him to impeachment. Everybody can see at a glance that there is the widest difference between such a proposition and the doctrine now announced by Gov. PARKER. The one is essentially and radically disorganizing; the other is in fact nothing more than the doctrine of the Administration, as fixed, and held to, from the outset. It has always been the declared purpose of the President to subdue the rebellion, and then, through the constitutional action of Congress, or, if necessary, through a National Convention, constitutionally called, to carry out a policy adapted to the circumstances of the time, and calculated to secure the speediest restoration of concord and harmony. If Gov. PARKER really means to take his stand on that ground, and to govern himself by the spirit of his present proclamation, he ought to be classed in a different category altogether from Gov. SEYMOUR, and to be counted as a thoroughly good and true loyal man.

We have no disposition to make anything of the fact that the late elections have shown that a peace policy of any kind is in the highest degree damaging to party interests. Or of the fact that, the Anti-Administration party having committed itself so strongly against the Enrollment act on the ground of its needlessness, would naturally be impelled by party interests now to justify that opposition, by doing its utmost to stimulate volunteering. We will not trouble ourselves about the motives, so long as the action taken, and the spirit evinced, are in keeping with the requirements of public duty. A man may even do perfectly right from wrong motives; but right doing, wherever seen, ought to be none the less commended. Had Gov. SEYMOUR presented the same spirit and sentiment in his Proclamation that are now presented by Gov. PARKER, we should have been just as free to commend. He did not do it and deserved rebuke.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

OUR SPECIAL WASHINGTON DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, Friday, Oct. 23.

REBEL MOVEMENT TO CHECK BURNSIDE.

It is now positively ascertained that a portion of EWELL'S corps has been dispatched from Gordonsville by rail to resist the advance of BURNSIDE toward Lynchburgh. The reported advance of our forces on the Peninsula toward Richmond is of course false. It should be borne in mind that BURNSIDE has a large force of mounted infantry engaged in destroying the main rebel railroad communication with the Southwest. No apprehensions are felt for BURNSIDE'S safety.

FALSE RUMORS RECTIFIED.

An erroneous telegram has removed from office two of the best men in the service, who are busily in place and effectively discharging their duties—Col. MCKELVEY is still in command of the Convalescent Camp in Virginia, and Lieut.-Col. DICKINSON has not been appointed to it; and Col. GREEN is still Chief Provost-Marshal of the Department of Washington, and was never in command of the camp aforesaid, and therefore could not have been relieved.

COMPLIMENT FOR RAPID MARCHING.

By direction of the President, the Secretary of War has written a letter to Col. FITS ROY DE COURCEY, commanding a brigade under Gen. BURNSIDE, complimenting him in the highest terms for his expeditious march from Knoxville to Cumberland, in the movement upon that place. His command of infantry marched sixty miles in fifty-two hours.

THE DRAFT IN NEW-JERSEY.

It is said that the draft in New-Jersey has been suspended, through the exertions of Gov. PARKER, who pledges the faith of the State to make up the deficiency by volunteers.

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

On the 1st September, 1863, the public debt was one billion two hundred and twenty-eight million eight hundred and thirty-two thousand seven hundred and seventy-one dollars, eleven cents.

THE DAMAGE TO THE ORANGE AND ALEXANDRIA RAILROAD.

That the public may not be misled, we repeat that the damage done by the rebels to the Alexandria and Orange Railroad, between Bristoe Station and the Rappahannock, will not be repaired at least within four weeks. The cost of the repairs will be thirty thousand dollars a mile for the twenty-four miles. No one knows what damage may have been done between the Rappahannock and the Rapidan. Every bridge, culvert, embankment and cut have been burned, blown up and filled in.

EXCHANGE OF PRISONERS OF WAR.

The following order relative to the exchange of prisoners has just been published:

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, Oct. 16, 1863.

GENERAL ORDERS No. 339.—I. A declaration of exchanges having been announced by R. OULD, Esq., Agent for Exchange, at Richmond, Va., dated Sept. 12, 1863, it is hereby declared that all officers and men of the United States Army captured and paroled previous to the 1st September, 1863, are duly exchanged. The officers and men herein declared exchanged, will immediately be sent to join their respective regiments. By order of the Secretary of War.

E. D. TOWNSEND, Assistant Adjutant-General.

NON-COMBATANT RELIGIONISTS.

The War Department has decided that Shakers and other sects, professing conscientious scruples against performing military duty are liable to the draft, and if they won't fight they must pay. In these cases commutation money will be a lien and be levied upon common property of the sect.

DISPATCHES TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

WASHINGTON, Friday, Oct. 23.

GEN. MEADE NOT RELIEVED.

The *Evening Star* says, after diligent inquiry in quarters likely to be well informed, we are inclined to believe that there is no truth in the current rumor of the displacement of Gen. MEADE from the command of the Army of the Potomac.

EXPECTED NAVAL GUESTS.

The Russian fleet is expected to arrive here on Tuesday next, and will doubtless meet with a warm reception.

Amusements.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The opera of "Martha" was the attraction last evening. The house, although not crowded, was brilliant, and the ready and discriminating applause testified that it was composed of the right material. We have rarely heard FLOTOW'S favorite work given to greater advantage. Of Miss KELLOGG'S performance of the leading *rôle* we have so frequently spoken, that there is only an opportunity now of recording that its repetition was a complete success. There is no *artiste* in America who could play and sing the part so well, and we doubt if there is one in Europe who, in simple grace and quiet skill, could render it better. Mlle. SULZER, who was the *Nancy*, sang and acted with great spirit. Signor LOTTI was received with warmth, and improved the very favorable and even enthusiastic impression which he created in "Macbeth." Signor BIACHI was thoroughly excellent in the great *rôle* of *Plunkett*. We have not heard a better interpretation since the palmy days of Herr FORMES. The whole performance, indeed, was much above the usual standard.

This evening, (Saturday,) PETRELLA'S favorite opera of "Ione" will be given for the last time this season. On Monday, "Macbeth" will be repeated.

IRVING HALL.—We direct attention to Mr. THEODORE THOMAS' first musical *matinée* to-day at Irving Hall. It is the inauguration of a new species of entertainment, and one which we hope to see flourish here. In all the capitals of Europe there are local orchestras where the immediate music of the day is presented to the public in its most powerful and pleasing form. In Paris there is the orchestra of MUSARD; in London, Mr. ALFRED MELLON has recently succeeded to the *baton* of poor M. JULIEN, and has wielded it with so much acceptance to the public that the largest establishment in the English metropolis was crowded for more than two months. In Vienna, the brothers STRAUSS play not only every night, but frequently several times a night, before delighted audiences who follow them from one part of the city to the other. Elsewhere in Germany, in France, and in England, there are orchestras where light music and that which is called classical can be heard. The effect on the public taste is always beneficial. An orchestra, in fact, is the ultimate demand of all cultivated communities; it gives to music the fullest expression of which it is capable and inculcates a principal of largeness which is healthy and instructive and never to be forgotten. The audience that has once arisen to a full appreciation of the orchestra can never descend to a lower range of feeling.

Mr. THEODORE THOMAS' orchestra is equal in numbers to that of STRAUSS, and in the individual excellence of the players superior to it. He has, in addition, the coöperation of the greatest pianist now before the public—Mr. GOTTSCHALK, a host in himself. Miss LUCY SIMONS, too, a young lady whose *début* on Monday last was an ovation from the public and the profession, will appear for the second time to-day. The orchestral pieces are: the "Prometheus" overture, by BEETHOVEN; the Symphony in E flat No. 3, by MOZART; selections from VERDI'S opera, "Un Ballo in Maschera;" the "Aurora Ball" polka, by STRAUSS; and the "Bijouterie" quadrille, by STRAUSS. In addition to this, Messrs. THOMAS and MOLLENHAUER will play the "Oberlaender," by GUNG'L. It will be seen at once that this programme is instructive as well as entertaining. The public, we hope, will lend a helping hand to an enterprise which means good to art and enjoyment to the community.

GEN. WALBRIDGE.—Gen. HIRAM WALBRIDGE has sent us a strong and conclusive article, "denouncing, in every particular, the false, malignant and unjustifiable assault upon his character by the London *Times*, as given in the telegraphic dispatches from St. John, N. B.," published by the Associated Press yesterday.

UNION MASS MEETING.

Speeches of Hon. Henry Lane, Hon. Lyman Trumain, Hon. John W. Forney and Col. Matthews.

As the time approaches when New-York is to pronounce her verdict on the great issues now pending between the supporters of the Government and the lovers of the Union, and those who would embarrass the one, even at the risk of destroying the other—the meetings called by the Union Central Committee grow in force, and their interest deepens. The talent and position of the speakers who appear on each occasion would at any time draw together a large audience, irrespective of the all-absorbing topics of which they treat. Last evening the fourth call of the series was responded to by an assemblage which, for numbers and respectability, vies with any that ever met in the Hall of Cooper Institute. From the platform there was no "uncertain sound," and among the audience no division of sentiment, such as marked the gathering of the pseudo Democracy on Wednesday, but from every part of the house came the true ring of "unconditional" support of the great Union cause, indorsing the sentiment which was emblazoned on a banner in front: "No compromise with traitors; no neutrals in this war; the flag of the Union shall float over Sumter."

Capt. CHARLES H. MARSHALL was nominated to the chair, and received with applause. Without detaining the audience by any remarks of his own, he at once introduced Hon. HENRY LANE, of Indiana, who was welcomed with loud and prolonged applause.

SPEECH OF HON. HENRY LANE.

Senator LANE said: Freemen of the great State of New-York—my fellow-citizens—for this kindly greeting you have my sincere thanks. Yet I am not sufficiently vain to appropriate this as a compliment personal to myself. [Cheers.] Your reception has a deeper, a higher significance; it is an evidence of the interest you have in the great cause whose humble advocate I am. [Applause.] It gives me pleasure to address the people of New-York, upon an occasion so interesting to me and so full of hope to every loyal and true man in the country. Here, at least in the great Metropolis of the nation, I may make my appeal for the country. I have no partisan advocacy to-night; I trample under my feet the behests of party; I know nothing but the country, and the whole country. [Vehement cheers.] I have no partisan speech. I have a higher mission and a holier work. I speak in behalf of my poor bleeding and distracted country. And I shall speak to willing auditors to-night—the people of this great City, seated, in her queenly robes, between your two rivers, upon your magnificent harbor. At once, this City is a witness and a monument to the beneficial effect of free institutions, the transforming power of mercantile enterprise, and the grandeur of human labor. [Cheers.] We have to-night the grandest issue that was ever submitted to the deliberations of a people, or to the terrible arbitrament of the sword; the question this night is, shall this great Republic live, or shall it die? [Applause.] In this controversy there can be but two parties—the loyal and disloyal—patriots and traitors. [Loud cheers.] In this great contest in which we engage I am surrounded by life-long Democrats—men who were Democrats when democracy meant something—when it meant devotion to human rights and the liberties of the people. [Renewed cheers.] These men I hail as co-workers—as brothers in the noblest brotherhood that ever bound men together—a common effort to save the glorious institutions of the country. [Applause.] I am also surrounded by my old Whig compatriots, scarred veterans of a hundred well-fought, well-contested battlefields,—men who loved and venerated and followed the fortunes of that far-seeing statesman and incorruptible patriot, the lord of the lion-heart and eagle eye, HENRY CLAY, of Kentucky. [Enthusiastic cheering.] But, my fellow-citizens, to approach the great question which has called us together in this hour of the country's peril: *What is this rebellion, and why has it been brought upon the country?* Why are we not all united in the suppression of the rebellion? When the rebellion commenced, all patriotic men seemed to unite and to vie with each other in the effort for its suppression. In the eloquent language of the distinguished Senator from Wisconsin: I saw Democrats—life-long Democrats—after the first gun was fired at Fort Sumter, fall as dead men to the ground, and rise with the glory of a new baptism shining upon their brows. [Cheers.] The blood, the brains of the Democratic party are with us, and the heart also; and we are trying to-night how long a rotten and corrupt association can live without heart, or blood, or brains. [Cheers.] This God-accursed rebellion had no cause. But what was the pretext alleged? That the institution of Slavery was in danger by the election of a Republican President. Why, the institution of Slavery was never more secure upon earth than it was at the inception of this rebellion—never. The abolishment of Slavery was not the object for which we waged war first: it was to establish the supremacy of the Government, and this emancipation followed, not as the object but as one of the consequences, and President LINCOLN has been the instrument in the hands of the Almighty to record the greatest edict that ever changed human history. [Applause.] I myself have been considered rather conservative. [Great laughter and applause.] But I am conservative of the rights of free men and loyal men; I am radical in regard to the punishment of treason and traitors; I support the President as a war measure, and if at the same time it is necessary to suppress the rebellion by the proclamation of emancipation, it is no objection to me that the same act frees and elevates a race of my fellow men. [Applause.] In the time of peace, and before rebellion, Slavery was a local institution; but now, when these rebels have cast off their allegiance, and Slavery is to die and be buried, don't expect I am to be a mourner at the funeral. [Laughter and cheering.] No, Sir. If I, to-day, by an simple fiat could so order, the noonday sun of to-morrow should not look upon a slave in chains. [Great applause.] And yet I, in my country, am considered rather conservative. [Laughter.] Another act of radical legislation, of which these gentlemen complain, is the Confiscation act. Congress, in the exercise of a known power, has passed a Confiscation act, but these very copperheads who denounce the act, have no word of censure for the rebels, who commenced their rebellion by a sweeping confiscation act, by which millions of Northern debts were appropriated. But now, that we commence to retaliate, it is all wrong. [Applause.] I thought these people that had brought this unholy and wicked rebellion on this country would be made to feel some of the effects of it—that they would be made to pay something for this war; hence the act of emancipation was passed. Another act of radical legislation was the Conscription law. Why have we a conscription law at all? Because these miserable sympathizers with treason has discouraged enlistments, and encouraged deserting from the National army. Thank God, we have had no conscription in Indiana. [Cheers for Indiana.] It has not been necessary. It is because the men have volunteered and filled our army without it. But these gentlemen say there are harsh feaures in the conscription law. What are they? One is the $300 exemption clause. That clause was put in the law to prevent a speculation in substitutes; to bring the employment of a substitute within the reach of a poor man. But, fellow-citizens, let the gentlemen explain their own measures. I voted against that clause—not because I thought there was anything wrong in it—but I knew by instinct the handle these miserable demagogues would make of it. [Applause.] Gentlemen talk as though it was the first time in the history of the world in which a conscription law was passed. Why, Sir, there is not a country in Europe, with an established Government, where a conscription law does not prevail. It prevailed during the Revolution; the veterans of Bunker Hill and Saratoga—many of them—were conscripts; in the war of 1812 the army was filled with conscripts, and when the country is in danger, it has a right to call upon every loyal man. [Applause.] But, my fellow-citizens, another measure of radical legislation, to which gentlemen take exception, is the abolition of Slavery in the District of Columbia. I voted for that bill as a war measure, calculated to repress the rebellion. Congress had full power to legislate upon the subject—all the power that State Legislatures have in their respective States, Congress has over this portion of territory—not exceeding ten miles square in extent. You were told if you passed this manumission bill in the District of Columbia it would be overrun with paupers; there were already eleven thousand free colored persons there at the time of the passage of the bill, and it only freed about twenty-six hundred, so that it was not increased. The colored people have been, and are this day the only self-sustaining people there. [Laughter and applause.] Nor is there any danger that the negro will interfere with the labor of the North; the negroes have strong local attachments. There are more free negroes in the Southern States now than there are in the North, and I promise you they will not emigrate to the cold regions of the Northern States. But here I will say a word about the writ of *habeas corpus* and arbitrary arrests. The Constitution of the United States says that the writ of *habeas corpus* shall not be suspended, unless in cases of invasion or insurrection. Well, that has come to pass. The Constitution is silent in regard to who has the right to suspend it; I believe the President is the person—for such a case might arise when it was necessary, when Congress was not in session; the country might be ruined before Congress could get in session; I believe it is more safely left in the hands of the President; but whether it belongs to President or Congress makes now no difference, because if the President has the power to suspend, he has exercised that power, and if he has not, Congress has authorized it by an express law. Gentlemen say that this suspension has disturbed public sentiment in the North; every single charge that I have ever heard or read from a Democratic politician on this subject, I heard in the Senate of the United States more ably and more eloquently urged by JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE, once Vice-President of the United States, he forged all those thunderbolts for those orators; he, once the petted child of the United States, now a rebel in arms against it:

"Since he named the morning star,
Nor man, nor fiend hath fall'n so far."

Now, a word as to *habeas corpus*. Take the great case of the late CLEMENT L. VALLANDIGHAM as an illustration. [Hisses.] Was that an arbitrary arrest? I understand an arbitrary arrest to be one without warrant or charges, but here there was not only warrant, but sworn charges, connecting him with the utterance of sentiments which were in their nature treasonable, and calculated to paralyze the arms of the Government. This cant about the rights of the rebels. They have to-night two rights,—a divine and a legal right;—a legal right to be hanged as traitors upon earth, and a divine right to be damned as traitors hereafter. [Great applause.] They have the rights of war,—no more or less,—and I for one will consent to no peace short of a permanent and honorable one; the only road to peace is through victorious and successful war. [Applause.] We read in the Great Book: "By faith are ye saved." Trust your President, your Congress, your Generals, and above all trust yourself and God above, and the rebellion will be suppressed. [Renewed applause.] I have thought if there was nothing in the transcendental issues of the present, or in future, that there was enough in the sacred memory of the past, and the historical recollections that hang around the United States of America, to hold this people together till the last syllable of recorded time. [Applause.] I cannot but thank you for your kind reception and cordial greeting. If I have spoken intemperately or rashly, I beg you to remember my "conservative" antecedents, [laughter,] and also to believe that whatever I have said to you has been spoken in honesty and in truth. [The speaker retired amid most enthusiastic applause.]

SPEECH OF HON. LYMAN TREMAIN.

The President next introduced Hon. LYMAN TREMAIN, who was warmly greeted. He spoke eloquently and at length, and we are able to give but a brief abstract:

The fearful civil war, he said, which has devastated our country still rages with unabated fury. Men there are who still adhere to old party lines; but throughout the country the masses of the people were no longer trammelled by party names or ties. The party names and party issues of other days failed to be safe guides now. [Cheers.] No stronger illustration of this truth could be found than in the nomination now before the people. There was another striking fact: in the list of speakers announced by the so-called State Central Democratic Committee, not only in the absence of any members of the "old guard," but the presence of such names as A. Oakey Hall, [hisses,] James Brooks, [laughter,] Wm. Duer, of Oswego, Eli S. Thayer, and others of that ilk. Again, in the late elections in our State: thousands and tens of thousands of the old war Democracy severed their support from the pseudo-Democracy, and adhered to the Union party. Although they regarded Slavery as a great moral wrong, they abstained from interfering with it so long as the people of the South were part and parcel of the Republic; but when it was made a pretext for secession—when it was made the cornerstone of the rebellion—these, who had been heretofore called Pro-Slavery Democrats, had no tears to shed over the destruction of Slavery, but would rather rejoice in being able to adopt the eulogium of CURRAN, that whenever a slave set foot upon American soil, his chains fell off. [Great cheering.] To the extent of his humble ability he had endeavored to bring all men to combine on the common platform of supporting the Administration in the prosecution of the war and restoring the Union. Failing in that, he threw in his lot—irrespective of personal or party ties—with the cause of the country. In giving his reasons for this course, Mr. T. asked how was it, if the so-called Democracy were in favor of the war, that their representative, HORATIO SEYMOUR, [hisses,] should be equally popular in Richmond and in Albany, where he was nominated? Tammany Hall—its brow garlanded with the triumphs of a War Democracy—shook hands with MOZART, and the unholy nuptials were consummated by PUARD and FERNANDO WOOD. How could Jeffersonian Democrats, like JOHN MCKEON, find any place in such a convention? The *Daily News* put the true construction upon this coalition, when it designated it a peace convention; and the men nominated were such as were worthy of such unholy nuptials. The administration of HORATIO SEYMOUR and approval of the whole public action of HORATIO SEYMOUR, was made by this convention the test of Democracy. They thrust this issue into the canvass, and in the name of Union men he accepted the challenge, and would say, "We do not approve of the Administration or of the public action of HORATIO SEYMOUR—[cheers]—but on the contrary, we see precious little in it of which to approve." [Applause.] The speaker took a review of the acts of this representative of the Peace Democracy, to show how unworthy he was of any approval or support of honest, Union-loving men. Cotemporaneously with his inauguration at Albany the mob was inaugurated in the capital, and for days took possession of the Assembly. During that time, where was HORATIO SEYMOUR? Cool as a cucumber, in the Executive Chamber. When called upon by the Senate to interfere, he returned the contemptuous answer, that he would "when the Assembly called upon him,"—he well knowing that that body could not, in the presence of this mob, organize to make any call upon him. One of the first measures of importance was a bill to enable our citizens, who are soldiers in the field, to exercise the right of voting. HORATIO SEYMOUR vetoed the bill, and disfranchised the brave men who are fighting for our liberties. They had the audacity to say they believed a majority of the soldiers would be on their side. [Laughter.] Yes, thank God, the soldiers were Democrats; but they were not Democrats of the VALLANDIGHAM or WOOD school. [Cheers.] They were Democrats who would vote as the Democratic soldiers of Ohio voted. [Cheers.] And those were the kind of Democrats that HORATIO SEYMOUR and his followers dreaded. Yet this veto and the whole action of Gov. SEYMOUR in regard to our soldiers was another leaf in the record of which we were told we ought to be proud. [Laughter and hisses.] Then his indorsement of THOMAS SEYMOUR, in Connecticut—writing that he "felt an intense interest in his election." But the people of Connecticut, by a large majority, decided that one SEYMOUR was as much as our country could well bear. Again, another leaf of the record of which we were told to be proud, was his sympathy with VALLANDIGHAM. Well, the mob transferred itself from its headquarters in Albany to New-York. He shed, as a citizen of New-York, he could strike out the disgraceful record of those days in July, when the "friends" of HORATIO SEYMOUR ruled this City with brute violence, murder and rapine. HORATIO SEYMOUR appeared on the City Hall steps, and, oh! what a scene for a painter! The Governor of the State standing before a mob, their hands covered with the blood of their innocent victims—instead of telling them that the law should be enforced at all hazards, truckling to their worst passions. Yet his action here forms another brilliant page in the record of which we are all told to be so proud. Next, he called attention to the correspondence between Gen. DIX and Gov. SEYMOUR, in which the latter said, in effect, he "had nothing to do" with enforcing the laws of Congress. No Governor could thus shirk his high duty to coöperate with the Federal Government in enforcing the laws of Congress as well as the laws of the State. The consequence of his action was the withdrawal of thousands of soldiers from the Army of the Potomac, and preventing that support of ROSECRANS which was intended; and, if the army of that brave General had been driven back, who was responsible? [Cries of "SEYMOUR."] Referring to the Governor's last proclamation, Mr. T. said: there is no argument so convincing as that of our armies in the field; it is the argument that has induced the English Government to arrest the rebel rams fitted out in their ports; it was the argument that had even arrested the course of HORATIO SEYMOUR, and caused him in some degree to reconsider his action, but too late for his political salvation, for in the forthcoming election the people would, in thunder tones, pronounce their disapproval of his whole public record. [Cheers.] In reference to the cries of "conciliation," he had only to say that the people of the North could not treat with, much less conciliate, rebels in arms.

SPEECH OF HON. JOHN W. FORNEY.

Hon. JOHN W. FORNEY was then introduced, and received with enthusiasm.

The Ear.—We copy the following editorial article from the Newport *Daily News*. The writer is a highly esteemed citizen of that place, and well known to this community. Dr. HARTLEY will continue to receive calls at his residence, No. 10 Clinton-place, until the 15th of November:

"Having had occasion, by the affliction of a partial deafness, to call upon Dr. Hartly for his professional advice and treatment, we feel it to be our duty to the community, and to the Doctor himself, to call special attention to his skill and eminent qualifications in his profession. He is a perfect example of the true gentleman, and heartily despises the humbug or quackery of pretending to cure all cases of deafness, without distinction; but he, at once upon examination, declares candidly his ability or disability to help the patient; and if upon trial he should be unable to realize his hopes of a cure, he makes no charge. We know that he has cured in at least two instances. Mr. James G. Albro, a member of our City Government, who was laboring under partial deafness, was entirely relieved, and the restoration was so complete, that he could not sleep the first night after the Doctor's treatment, by reason of hearing every noise in his neighborhood so distinctly, and he told the writer of this article that he would not be put back where he was for $500. Mr. Wm. P. Peckham, on Broad-st., who could not understand any ordinary conversation without difficulty, was cured, so that even the noise of his shoes when walking was painful to him; and he can now hear anything said to him in an ordinary tone or even in a very low tone, as well as ever. We have ourselves experienced relief in the same manner."

A New Perfume for the Handkerchief.
Extract of the
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,

A Most Exquisite, Delicate and Fragrant Perfume, Distilled from the Rare and Beautiful Flower from which it takes its name.
Manufactured only by PHALON & SON.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.
Sold by Druggists generally.

Henry Ward Beecher in England.
HIS SPEECHES AT GLASGOW AND MANCHESTER.
THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE of Oct. 23 contains Dr. Beecher's speeches at Glasgow and Manchester. Price, in wrappers ready for mailing, five cents. Sent by mail at $3 per annum. Address
THE TRIBUNE, No. 154 Nassau-st., New-York.

Still They Come.—The reports still coming in from the various fairs being held throughout the country, are adding to the long list of triumphs which the GROVER & BAKER Sewing-Machines achieved this year. The latest are from the Greenfield, Ohio, and Stephenson County, Ill., Fairs, both of which awarded the Grover & Baker machines the highest premiums.

New Sewing-Machines
To Rent, by
HICKS & COMPANY, No. 480 Broadway,
Three doors below Broome-st.

Kendall's Ambroline is No Humbug. It will restore and beautify the Hair
Kendall's Ambroline.
Kendall's Ambroline.
Kendall's Ambroline.
KENDALL & CO.,
No. 506 Broadway.
Sold by all Druggists.

Gold Pens—THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST, AT A. MORTON'S, No. 25 MAIDEN-LANE, New-York
A. MORTON'S, No. 25 MAIDEN-LANE, New-York

Dr. B. C. Perry,
DERMATOLOGIST,
No. 49 Bond-st., New-York,
formerly of No. 29 Winter-st., Boston,
Treats successfully all diseases of the Scalp, loss of Hair and Premature Blanchips.
Also removes Moth, Freckles and other discolorations from the face without injury to the texture or color of the skin.
No charge for consultation.

Public Speakers, Ministers and Professional Men, who are apt to suffer from the effects of Catarrh, particularly at this season of the year, and who have long desired to obtain some speedy and effective cure and preventive in medical science, will not only get immediate relief, but effect a permanent cure of the worst forms of Catarrh, whether of recent or long standing, and in cases of impaired vision, from intense application or over study, singing in the ears, inflamed eyes, &c., its services are invaluable. Refer to DR. VON EISENBERG'S CATARRH SNUFF.

Furs! Furs!! Furs!!!
Ladies' mink, fitch and squirrel muffs, collars and capes. Children's squirrel sets. French coney and water-mink sets for ladies. Great variety new goods, moderate prices.
S. W. JOHNSON, No. 351 Canal-st., opposite West Broadway.

Distilled Dew is the finest thing in the world for the skin and complexion. It removes tan, freckles and discolorations, and renders the skin white, soft, smooth and clear. Containing no chalk or powder. Sold by druggists generally. H. D. GRISEN, General Agent, No. 489 Broadway.

Grim Winter, with His Stern Visage, stands at your threshold, admonishing you with his icy breath to prepare to meet him. Make no delay, but be clothed at once, and robe yourself in those high fabrics at TERRY'S, and you may laugh to scorn his warning. TERRY, Hat and Fur Emporium, No. 409 Broadway.

Get the Best—At WHITE'S Great Emporium of Fashionable Hats, every style of dress, soft and cloth hats, caps, &c., also military goods in great variety. N. B.—Ladies can select furs from his large stock, purchased carefully for the retail trade. No. 216 Bowery.

The Iron-Clads are Ahead of the World, but the Cork-clads, a new dress hat, by TERRY, are ahead of them. If you are incredulous call and try one. Also a life-preserving hat. Sold Wholesale and Retail by TERRY, No. 409 Broadway.

Spanish and Rydal Hats for Ladies and Misses, Glengarrys, Jockeys and Turbans for children. Cloth, Felt, London and Moleskin Hats for Gents. Splendid variety, moderate prices, quick sales. JOHNSON, No. 351 Canal-st., opposite West Broadway.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.
The best in the world; the only real Instantaneous and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Gold Pens.
FOLEY'S Celebrated "Think" and extra fine GOLD PENS AND PENCILS.
Store and Factory No. 253 Broadway.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, suspensory bandages, elastic stockings for varicose veins, shoulder braces, &c. A lady attendant.

The Palmer Arm and Leg.—B. FRANK PALMER, inventor and patentee, 449 Broadway, (ground floor) N. Y.; also Philadelphia and Boston. Only branches of Palmer & Co. Avoid imposition by calling on the inventor.

Covering for the Feet.—Families returning from the country will find a coverage for the feet in all varieties and styles, and of superior manufacture, suitable for ladies and children, at S. CANTRELL'S, No. 343 Broadway and Canal-st.

Grover and Baker's
FIRST PREMIUM FAMILY SEWING MACHINES
For sale at 495 Broadway, New-York.

The Latest and Prettiest Thing Out—THE LADIES' CRAVATTE.
For the Hair, Barrels Tricopherons.—The best and cheapest article. Sold by all Druggists.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF MURRAY, EDDY & CO.'S KENTUCKY AND MISSOURI STATE LOTTERIES.
KENTUCKY, Extra No. 16.—Oct. 23, 1863.
1, 54, 77, 45, 55, 75, 47, 37, 14, 56, 73, 10, 7, 75, 25.
KENTUCKY, Class 252—Oct. 23, 1863.
65, 52, 69, 25, 44, 11, 3, 23, 19, 40, 16, 12.
Circulars sent free of charge, by mail or otherwise. Circulars sent free of charge, by mail or otherwise.
MURRAY EDDY & CO.,
Office No. 8 Astor House, New-York, and No. 8 Ann-st., Boston, Mass.

ROGERS & RAYMONDS
NEW STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,
CHEAP FOR CASH.
Beside a superb stock and variety of goods in this department, including a splendid assortment of cloths, fancy cassimeres, all the new Paris and London Styles, and manufactured expressly for the present and approaching seasons.
NOW READY,
At the Old and New Establishments,
214 Broadway, corner Fulton-st.,
and 214 Broadway, near the Museum.
PRICES MODERATE AS USUAL.
No deviation from the marked figures.

GOLD WATCHES FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.—Those desiring a fine and reliable Watch at a low price, should call at the Manufactory, where they will find a large assortment of Watches, suitable for presents, of the most approved patterns, and of the best quality, at prices ranging from $10 to $100. Also, Watches of every description repaired and warranted. Factory, No. 11 Maiden-lane, one door below Canal-st., formerly No. 11 Wall-st.

DEAFNESS,
IMPAIRED SIGHT,
NOISES IN THE HEAD,
CATARRHAL AFFECTIONS
IN THE
THROAT,
CHRONIC CATARRH,
CATARRH OF THE TYMPANIC MUCOUS MEMBRANE, OBSTRUCTION OF THE EUSTACHIAN TUBE,
CURED,
CROSS-EYE STRAIGHTENED IN ONE MINUTE.

And every disease of the Eye and Ear requiring either medical or surgical aid, attended to
BY
DR. VON EISENBERG,
Author of "Surgical and Practical Observations on the Diseases of the Ear, with the New Mode of Treatment," at his office,
NO. 816
BROADWAY.

AGAIN NEW TESTIMONY.

READ.

HARLEM, July 30, 1863.

I have been deaf for over TWENTY-FIVE YEARS, and Dr. VON EISENBERG operated on both of my ears without the slightest pain—a thing that I could not believe could be done. I now *hear* well, and feel as I never felt for the last twenty years. The dexterity and skill with which the operation was performed evince the highest practical ability. I *hear perfectly*. It is now over a month since the operation, and I continue to feel as well as ever.

WILLIAM LIDDLE,
Harlem, 126th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

CATARRH CURED.

NEW-YORK, Aug. 23, 1863.

I have been suffering for the last three years from a severe Catarrh, with a continual dullness in my head, a tightness across my chest, a weight over my eyes, which were weak, watery and very painful. My nostrils were continually obstructed with a pouring of fluid. I have had frequent sneezing, hoarseness of my voice, generally attended with spitting, often with a fullness of my throat, together with a soreness and a dropping. Dr. VON EISENBERG has cured me of all these disagreeable sufferings. I now feel a new life. The treatment of Dr. VON EISENBERG is as skillful as it is successful. It is impossible to overrate the benefit I have received at his hands. I heartily recommend any one suffering like myself to place themselves under Dr. VON EISENBERG'S care, with a certainty of being *speedily* cured. I give this with grat itude and pleasure. I cannot forbear again saying that my voice, which was hoarse and thick when I applied to Dr. VON EISENBERG, is now clear and good; indeed, I feel abundantly satisfied.

JAMES LITTLE,
No. 345 7th-st., New-York.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 3.

I have been suffering for years past from a severe Catarrh, with a great heaviness over my eyes, with a severe depression, great uneasiness, and pain in my head, great difficulty in breathing, and a continual accumulation in my nostrils, which gave me restless nights for several years. I have consulted several physicians, who pronounced me to be consumptive. What I suffered for so long a time is indescribable. My system was entirely disarranged and greatly debilitated. I not only felt weak, but I had a cloud continually before my eyes, and my ears were so affected that I was threatened with a total loss of hearing. I must say, I think I was guided by Providence to come to Dr Von Eisenberg, who not only cured me of my Catarrh by removing an astonishing quantity of disagreeable matter from my head, but he restored me to perfect health, a blessing I have not enjoyed for many years. Now I enjoy a good night's rest, and pursue my business with comfort. I must acknowledge that Dr. Von Eisenberg's skill and scientific treatment for Catarrh deserves the highest commendation, as the principle which directs his system of curing Catarrh is such as to render success certain.

JAMES FURLONG, No. 556 2d-av.
JAMES FURLONG, No. 556 2d-av.

No. 134 ALLEN-ST., NEW-YORK, Feb. 9, 1863.

I have been completely deaf in one ear, and partially so in the other, for above seventeen years, with a disagreeable discharge from both ears, combined with continual rumbling noise in the head for which I have been treated by almost eminent practitioner in the City without the slightest relief. Eminent practitioner in the City without the slightest relief. I consulted Dr. Von Eisenberg, but I must candidly say that I had no faith in his success when I did so. I was, therefore, due to Dr. Von Eisenberg to acknowledge that I am entirely cured. I also, think he displayed that skill and knowledge which have procured for him such an unrivaled reputation. As I have had an opportunity of comparing his mode of treatment with that of others, I can truly state that it is not only superior, but the principles which direct his mode of restoring the hearing are, in my opinion, certain. JOHN TAYLOR.

NEW-YORK, July 19, 1862.

This certifies that m, mother has been for some time afflicted with partial deafness, suffering from pain and rumbling noises in the head, together with other indications of a *total loss of hearing*. Dr. Von Eisenberg removed from her ears a great quantity of matter, together with disgusting blood, relieving her instantaneously, and all without pain. I therefore gratefully take that I give this testimony to his skill in grateful thanks that I give this testimony.

CARROLL J. POST, No. 28 South-st.
CARROLL J. POST, No. 28 South-st.

SIGHT RESTORED.

SIGHT RESTORED. JUNE 25, 1863.

My daughter brought me to Dr. VON EISENBERG almost completely blind in both eyes. I could not bear the pain nor the light. I am completely cured by Dr. VON E. remedies and could now to express my gratitude to the Doctor for his skill and unremitting attention, by which I recovered one of the most precious senses to me after being deprived of it for four years. It is only due to Dr. Von Eisenberg to state that I have tried similar remedies in vain. I shall be happy to bear personal testimony to Dr. Von Eisenberg's entire success to any lady or gentleman who will call on me.

HUGH GILLON,
No. 76 Willoughby-st., Brooklyn.
No. 76 Willoughby-st., Brooklyn.

CHRONIC CATARRH CURED.

NEW-YORK, March 20, 1863.

"This is to certify, that I have suffered from very severe CHRONIC CATARRH, with a dull heaviness in the head. I feel my hope completely stopped up, accompanied by a continual soreness of the throat, the chills running over me with occasional sensation of a great tightness of the chest and pain, so much so, that every one thought me in the last consumption. Having heard of the great cures performed by Dr. Von Eisenberg, I consulted him with but little hope of success. I am now happy to be able to add my testimony to the great number already given to the public, publishing his name as an honest and efficient mode of treatment, as he has shown to me, else that still and knowledge which have procured for him such an unrivaled reputation. All have had an opportunity of comparing his mode of treatment with that of others. I can truly state that it is not only superior, but the principles which direct his mode of restoring the hearing are, in my opinion, certain. JOHN TAYLOR.

DR. VON EISENBERG'S OFFICE
NO. 816 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK
NO. 816 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK
NO. 816 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK

GROVER & BAKER'S SEWING-MACHINES
WERE AWARDED THE HIGHEST PREMIUMS OVER ALL COMPETITORS AT THE FOLLOWING STATE FAIRS OF 1863,
FOR THE BEST FAMILY SEWING-MACHINES, THE BEST MANUFACTURING MACHINES, AND THE BEST MACHINE-WORK.

NEW-YORK STATE FAIR.
First Premium for Family Machine.
First Premium for Double-thread Machine.
First Premium for Machine Work.

ILLINOIS STATE FAIR.
First Premium for Machine for all purposes.
First Premium for Machine Work.

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First Premium for Family Machine.
First Premium for Manufacturing Machine.
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KENTUCKY STATE FAIR.
First Premium for Machine for all purposes.
First Premium for Machine Work.

PENNSYLVANIA STATE FAIR.
First Premium for Manufacturing Machine.
First Premium for beautiful Machine Work.

OHIO STATE FAIR.
First Premium for Machine Work.

AND AT THE FOLLOWING COUNTY FAIRS:

CHITTENDEN Co. (VT.) AGR'L. SOC.
First Premium for Family Machine.
First Premium for Manufacturing Machine.
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HAMPDEN Co. (MASS.) AGR'L. SOC.
Diploma for Family Machine.
Diploma for Machine Work.

CHAMPLAIN VALLEY (VT.) AGR'L. SOC.
First Premium for Family Machine.
First Premium for Manufacturing Machine.
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FRANKLIN Co. (N. Y.) FAIR.
First Premium for Family Machine.
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QUEEN'S Co. (N. Y.) AGR'L. SOC.
First Premium for Family Machine.

WASHINGTON Co. (N. Y.) FAIR.
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SARATOGA Co. (N. Y.) FAIR.
First Premium for Family Machine.

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE (PENN.) FAIR.
First Premium for Machine for all Purposes.
First Premium for Machine Work.

The above comprises all the Fairs at which the GROVER & BAKER MACHINES were exhibited this year.

SALESROOMS, No. 495 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.
SALESROOMS, No. 495 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

CONSUMPTION—THE SPECIFIC REMEDY.

Sufferers from PULMONARY COMPLAINTS, whether in the *incipient* or more *advanced stages*, are earnestly advised to try

WINCHESTER'S HYPOPHOSPHITES,
which have been used for the past six years, (since their discovery by Dr. Churchill,) with results UNPARALLELED IN THE ANNALS OF MEDICINE.
They act with *infallible efficacy* in

All Stages of Consumption,
relieving the cough, checking the perspirations, subduing the chills and fever, diminishing the expectoration, and promoting refreshing sleep.

ALL THE GENERAL SYMPTOMS DISAPPEAR WITH A RAPIDITY WHICH IS REALLY MARVELLOUS.

A RAPIDITY WHICH IS REALLY MARVELLOUS.

This remedy acts with equal *promptness* and *certainty* in the cure of acts with equal promptness and certainty in the cure of

Nervous and General Debility,
being unsurpassed as a TONIC TO THE NERVOUS SYSTEM, while at the same time it *increases the quantity* and *improves the quality* of the blood, invigorating and RESTORING THE WASTED STRENGTH AND HEALTH of the sufferer. For

Dyspepsia, Bronchitis, Asthma,
as also in cases of *Scrofula, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Chronic Diarrhœa*, loss of *Flesh* and *Appetite*, it is the most efficacious treatment known.

A FAIR TRIAL IS AN ALMOST CERTAIN CURE.

INQUIRE FOR AND USE ONLY

Winchester's Genuine Preparation,
which is the ONLY RELIABLE FORM OF THE HYPOPHOSPHITES made after the formula of Dr. Churchill.
Price, in 7 and 16 ounce bottles, $1 and $2 each. Three large, or six small bottles, for $5. Circulars FREE to all inquirers. Sold by respectable Druggists, and wholesale and retail by the respectable Druggists, and

GENERAL DEPOT, 36 JOHN-ST., N. Y.,
by WINCHESTER & CO., to whom all orders should be addressed. LET NO SUFFERER DELAY TO TRY THIS REMEDY. LET NO SUFFERER DELAY TO TRY THIS REMEDY.

THE GRAEFENBERG VEGETABLE PILLS.
No. 139 William-st., New-York.
Are the best in the world for family use, and for
INDIGESTION—CONSTIPATION—HEADACHE—NERVOUSNESS—BILLIOUSNESS—HEARTBURN—ACIDITY—NAUSEA—FLATULENCE—WANT OF APPETITE—DYSPEPSIA—LIVER COMPLAINT—GRAVEL—FEVERS.
On account of their great mildness, and from the fact that they never gripe, nauseate, or leave the bowels in a constipated condition, the Graefenberg Pills will be found more pleasant than any others.
Price 25 cents per box. On the receipt of one dollar, four boxes will be sent by mail, free of postage, to any part of the country.
Agents for Graefenberg medicines should be addressed to J. P. BRIDGE, M. D., *Resident Physician Graefenberg Institute*, No. 139 William-st., New-York.
Dr. Bridge will consult with patients at his office from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

DEVLIN & CO.,
CUSTOM DEPARTMENT.
A FINE ASSORTMENT OF
NEW AND ELEGANT GOODS
FOR
FALL SEASON,
NOW READY.
BROADWAY, COR. GRAND-ST.
BROADWAY, COR. WARREN-ST.
BROADWAY, COR. WARREN-ST.

EXTRA HEAVY
SHAKER FLANNEL
SHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
A VERY SUPERIOR ARTICLE AWAITING,
A VERY SUPERIOR ARTICLE AWAITING,
TO BE HAD ONLY OF
DEVLIN & CO.,
BROADWAY, CORNER GRAND-ST.,
BROADWAY, CORNER WARREN-ST.

FALL AND WINTER.
FALL AND WINTER.
I am now ready to offer my extensive stock of FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING, all new and not surpassed in any garments style or price in the City. The Custom-room, cutters and trimming Department remain the same as when I was present. Please call. EDWARD HANDWIN.
Nos. 10 and 12 Bowery.
The Largest Store in the City.
The Largest Store in the City.

PREPARE FOR WINTER'S STORMS.
INDIA RUBBER CLOTHING of every description.
RUBBER BOOTS AND SHOES, RUBBER GLOVES for CHAPPED HANDS AND HOUSEWORK GLOVES
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Oct. 20, 1863.

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For flagging Fiftieth-street, between Lexington and Fourth-avenue.

For fencing lots in Sixth-avenue, from Fiftieth to Fifty-first-street, and also on Fiftieth, from Fifth-avenue to Broadway.

The limits embraced by such assessment, include the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on Fortieth-street, between Fourth and Lexington avenues, known as Ward numbers One, Twelve, and Seventeen, in block number three hundred and thirty-four; also, all the lots or parcels of land on the south side of Fiftieth-street, between Fourth and Lexington avenues; also, the lots on the opposite side of Fiftieth-street, to the distance of one hundred and forty feet westerly from the corner of Lexington-avenue; also, all the lots on the westerly front of block number five hundred and thirty-five, on Sixth-avenue, between Fiftieth and Fifty-first streets; also, all the lots in the southerly half of the same block, between Fifth and Sixth avenues; also, all the lots on both sides of Fiftieth-street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections, in writing, to one of the undersigned, at their office, No. 31 Chambers-street, basement New Court-house, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

CHAS. McNEIL,
JACOB F. OAKLEY,
WM. A. DOOLEY,
Board of Assessors.

OFFICE BOARD OF ASSESSORS,
NEW COURT-HOUSE, Oct. 15, 1863.

THE COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL AFFAIRS will meet every day, until further notice, in the Chamber of the Board of Aldermen, at 1 o'clock P. M. Parties having business with the Committee are respectfully invited to attend.

Alderman TERENCE FARLEY,
Alderman PETER MITCHELL,
Alderman JOHN T. HENRY,
Alderman F. I. A. BOOLE,
Alderman JOHN D. OTTIWELL,
Councilman WM. JOYCE,
Councilman SAMUEL WEBSTER,
Councilman JOHN McCONNELL,
Councilman ALEX. BRANDON,
Councilman JOHN G. HAVILAND.

THE COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC BUILDINGS, of the Board of Aldermen, will meet every TUESDAY, in Room No. 6 City Hall, at 1 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of considering all papers referred to such Committee. All parties interested will please attend without further notice.

PETER MASTERSON,
JOHN FOX,
LEWIS R. RYERS,
Committee on Public Buildings.

THE COMMITTEE ON FIRE DEPARTMENT of the Board of Aldermen, will meet every SATURDAY, at two o'clock, in the City Library Room, City Hall.

JOHN McCOOL,
PETER MITCHELL,
LEWIS R. RYERS,
Committee on Fire Department.

THE COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC HEALTH of the Board of Aldermen will meet in Room number twelve, City Hall, on TUESDAY of each week, at two o'clock P. M., until further notice. All persons interested in papers awaiting the action of the Committee are requested to attend.

TERENCE FARLEY,
JACOB M. LONG,
JOHN D. OTTIWELL,
Committee.

THE COMMITTEE ON POLICE OF THE Board of Aldermen will meet every WEDNESDAY, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 8, City Hall, for the purpose of investigating all papers referred to them. All persons interested are respectfully requested to appear before the Committee without further notice.

PETER MASTERSON,
GEO. A. JEREMIAH,
CHAS. H. HALL,
Committee on Police.

THE COMMITTEE ON LAMPS AND GAS of the Board of Councilmen will meet EVERY WEDNESDAY, at 1 o'clock P. M., until further notice, in Room No. 6 City Hall, for the purpose of investigating all papers referred to them. All persons interested are respectfully requested to appear before the Committee without further notice.

ALEX. BRANDON,
JAMES MURRAY,
RICHARD O'BRIEN,
Committee on Lamps and Gas.

THE COMMITTEE ON SEWERS OF THE Board of Aldermen will meet every WEDNESDAY, at two o'clock P. M., in Room number eight, City Hall. Parties interested in any matter before the Committe will have an opportunity of being heard.

GEORGE A. JEREMIAH,
TERENCE FARLEY,
CHARLES H. HALL,
Committee on Sewers.

THE COMMITTEE ON ROADS OF THE Board of Aldermen will meet every FRIDAY, at two o'clock P. M., in Room number twelve, City Hall. All persons interested in matters pending the action of the Committee, are invited to attend.

TERENCE FARLEY,
JACOB M. LONG,
PETER MASTERSON,
Committee.

CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT, Oct. 20, 1863.

UNPAID WATER RENTS.—NOTICE IS hereby given that a further penalty of Ten per cent. will be added to all unpaid water rents on the 1st day of November next.

THOMAS B. TAPPEN,
Water Registrar.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$5,000 CASH WILL BUY AN INTEREST in a first-class business, ten years established, producing a net income of more than $3,000 a year, which can easily be extended to $20,000 or $30,000 by an energetic business person. The advertiser is, and has been for some time, in poor health. His son will be interested in the concern. Business capacity and $5,000 capital will insure a fortune in a short time. Address Box No. 4,572 General Post-office, New-York.

EXPRESS FOR SALE.—AN OLD ESTABlished concern, doing business between New-York and a neighboring city, with a large amount of permanent work, and in a flourishing condition. For one or two young men, with a few hundred dollars capital, it is a rare opportunity. For particulars inquire of D. L. KENNEDY, No. 50 William-st., from 1 to 3 P. M.

WANTED—A PARTNER, WITH FROM FIVE TO ten thousand dollars in cash, to engage in the manufacture and sale of a patent article for ladies' wear. These goods have been introduced throughout the country, and find a ready sale; are sold for cash, at a fair profit. For further particulars, address Box No. 185, Post-office, Elizabeth, N. J.

AN EXPERIENCED MEMBER OF THE regular Board of Brokers, familiar with banking and controlling some desirable out of town accounts, wishes a partner having not less than $50,000 capital. Principals address Box No. 4,902 Post-office.

A GOOD CHANCE FOR ESTABLISHING A FINE CONFECTIONERY BUSINESS.—$225 will buy the stock, fixtures and manufacturing tools of store No. 237 Fulton-av., Brooklyn. Possession given immediately.

DRUG-STORE FOR SALE CHEAP.—EIGHT miles from the City, doing a good business; no drug-store within a circle of a mile; 5,000 inhabitants. Inquire No. 301 Broadway, for 3 days.

SAVINGS BANKS.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK—CORNER OF 14th-st. and 8th-av.—open daily from 1 to 5 P. M.; on WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS from 1 to 7 P. M. 6 per cent. interest allowed. Deposits made on or before Nov. 1 will draw interest from that date.

THOMAS CHRISTY, President.
R. H. BUTE, Secretary.

SHIPPING.

GALWAY LINE.
THE
ATLANTIC IRISH ROYAL MAIL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

ADRIATIC, 1,200 Horse-power, 4,000 Tons.
HIBERNIA, 1,000 Horse-power, 3,000 Tons.
COLUMBIA, 1,000 Horse-power, 3,000 Tons.
ANGLIA, 1,000 Horse-power, 3,000 Tons.

The magnificent Steamship
HIBERNIA,
Capt. Lang,
will sail from BOSTON, for GALWAY and LIVERPOOL, on TUESDAY, Nov. 3, to be followed by the ADRIATIC, Capt. Nicholson, from NEW-YORK, Nov. 11.

Rates of passage, payable in gold or its equivalent in currency:

First Cabin.....$80
Intermediate.....40
Steerage.....30

Passengers forwarded also to London, Paris, Hamburg, Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at lowest rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Galway to New-York and Boston, $30, $40, $65, $105.

For passage, apply to
SABEL & SEARLE,
No. 23 Broadway.

For freight, and other information, apply to
LAWRENCE, GILES & CO.,
No. 11 South William-st.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS, BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR, AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

PERSIA, Lott, leaves New-York Wednesday, Oct. 21.
OLYMPUS, Muir, leaves Boston Wednesday, Oct. 28.
SCOTIA, Judkins, leaves New-York Wednesday, Nov. 4.
ARABIA, Moodie, leaves Boston Wednesday, Nov. 11.
CHINA, Anderson, leaves New-York Wednesday, Nov. 18.
EUROPA, Shannon, leaves Boston, Wednesday, Nov. 25.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage.....$132 50
Second Cabin Passage.....80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage.....$112 50
Second Cabin Passage.....65 00

payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced Surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless Bills of lading having the value expressed are signed by the Agent.

For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL.—Touching at QUEENSTOWN, (Cork Harbor.) The well-known Steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company are intended to sail as follows:

CITY OF BALTIMORE.....Saturday.....Oct. 24
CITY OF NEW-YORK.....Saturday.....Oct. 31
ETNA.....Saturday.....Nov. 7

and every succeeding Saturday, at Noon, from Pier No. 44, North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

Payable in Gold, or its equivalent in Currency.

First Cabin.....$80 00 Steerage.....$30 00
First Cabin to London 85 00 Steerage to London.....34 00
First Cabin to Paris.....95 00 Steerage to Paris.....40 00
First Cabin to Hamburg 90 00 Steerage to Hamburg 37 00

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Passage from Liverpool to New-York: First Cabin, $75, $85, $105; Steerage, $30. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

STEAM COMMUNICATION
TO LIVERPOOL.

The undersigned will dispatch one of the undermentioned or other first-class full powered British built steamers from

NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL,

calling at Queenstown to land passengers and latest TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.	To sail.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Grace,	Friday, Oct. 23.
CAROLINA	2,978	Roberts.	Friday, Nov. 6.
LOUISIANA	2,866	Brooking.	Friday, Nov. 20.

These steamers have been all built under the inspection of the Chief Surveyor to the Liverpool Underwriters' Registry for Iron Ships, they have extra water-tight compartments, and classed first-class for 25 years.

They are fitted up for first, second, and third-class passengers, which are charged at the following rates:

First Cabin.....{$90 / 75} Payable in Currency.
Steerage.....35

Dieting and accommodation unsurpassed by any other line of steamers.

For further particulars, apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.

STEAM TO LONDON.

The splendid British iron Steamship
BELGIAN,
3,000 TONS, CAPT. W. H. PINKHAM,
WILL SAIL
On THURSDAY, Oct. 29, at 2 P. M.
FOR LONDON DIRECT.

PRICES OF PASSAGE.

First Cabin.....$80
Second Cabin.....50
Steerage.....30

payable in U. S. Currency.

For passage, apply to CHAS. A. WHITNEY, at the office, No. 26 Broadway.

For freight, apply at No. 54 South-st.
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.

STEAM TO LONDONDERRY, GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL.

The Montreal Steamship Company's first-class full-powered City-built steamer

CAURA,
Capt. Aitch,

carrying the Canadian and United States Mails, will sail from Quebec next

SATURDAY, Oct. 24.

Rates of passage from New-York: First-class, according to accommodations, $87 and $72. Steerage, found with good provisions, $35 50, payable in Gold or its equivalent in United States currency. Certificates issued for bringing out passengers from all the principal towns in Great Britain and Ireland at very low rates. For passage, apply at No. 23 Broadway, New-York.

SABEL & SEARLE, General Agents.

M. O. ROBERTS LINE, VIA PANAMA,
FOR SAN FRANCISCO AND OREGON,
On FRIDAY, Nov. 13, at noon,
The steamship
ILLINOIS, 2,500 tons,

the finest, fastest and strongest steam-ship in the California trade, will sail as above from the pier foot o. Warren-st., North River.

For freight or passage, apply to
D. N. CARRINGTON, No. 177 West-st.

N. B.—Attention is called to the change of route.

FOR HAVANA AND NEW-ORLEANS.
To sail on
SATURDAY, Oct. 31, at 3 o'clock P. M.,
The new side-wheel United States steamship
MORNING STAR,
J. M. Courtenay, Commander,
Will sail, as above, from Pier No. 3, North River, foot of Beach-st.

N. B.—The steamship EVENING STAR will sail for Havana and New-Orleans SATURDAY, Nov. 14.

For freight or passage apply to
JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 161 Broadway.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS VIA HAVANA.
THE U. S. MAIL SIDEWHEEL STEAMSHIP
COLUMBIA,
D. B. Barton, Commander,
Will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on SATURDAY, Oct. 24, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, for New-Orleans, touching at Havana to land mails and passengers.

No freight taken for Havana. No freight received or bills of lading signed on the day of sailing. For freight apply to
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,
No. 29 Broadway.

FOR HAVANA—DIRECT.

The United States Mail steamship
"RIO DE JOKE,"
Francis A. Drew, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 13 North River, for Havana, direct, on SATURDAY, Oct. 31, 1863, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely.

No freight received or bills of lading signed on the day of sailing. For freight or passage, apply to LUDLAM, HEINEKEN & CO., No. 115 Broadway.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS—DIRECT.

The United States Mail steamship
"CREOLE,"
John Thompson, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 13 North River, for New-Orleans, direct, on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 28, 1863, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely.

No freight received or bills of lading signed on the day of sailing.

For freight or passage, apply to LUDLAM, HEINEKEN & CO., 115 Broadway.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The new and splendid steamship
PERIL,
Capt. E. A. Delancy,
will leave Pier No. 4, North River,
On SATURDAY, Oct 31,
At 3 o'clock P. M., precisely,
For New-Orleans direct.

For freight or passage—having elegant accommodations—apply to
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,
No. 29 Broadway.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The new and first-class United States Mail steamship
GEORGE CROMWELL,
Capt. John A. Post,
Will leave Pier No. 9 North River, on SATURDAY, Oct 24, at 3 P. M. No freight received or bills of lading signed on day of sailing. For freight or passage, with unsurpassed accommodations, apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO.,
No. 86 West-st.

NEW-YORK AND WASHINGTON
STEAMSHIP LINE.

SEMI-WEEKLY BETWEEN NEW-YORK, WASHINGTON and GEORGETOWN, D. C.

Regular sailing days, SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, at 4 o'clock P. M., from PIER NO. 15 EAST RIVER, foot of Wall-st. For freight or passage, apply to
JAMES HAND, Agent, No. 117 Wall-st.
MORGAN & RHINEHART, Agents,
Washington and Georgetown.

FOR HAVANA DIRECT.

The superior United States Mail steamship MELVILLE, T. S. Ellis, Commander, will sail for Havana direct on THURSDAY, Oct. 29, 1863, at 3 o'clock P. M.

Freight and passage at reduced rates. Apply to
WHITNEY & HATHEWAY, No. 52 South-st.

TRAVELERS TO EUROPE SHOULD PROvide themselves with HARPER'S HANDBOOK FOR EUROPE AND THE EAST, by W. Pembroke Fetridge. This is the only complete guide to Europe published in one volume. Price $3 50. For sale by D. APPLETON & CO., No. 443 Broadway, and WALTER LOW, No. 823 Broadway, or HARPER & BROTHERS will send the work by mail, postage free, on receipt of $3 50.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—THE OPERA—IONE.

Director.....MAX MARETZEK

SECOND GRAND EXTRA NIGHT.

THIS (Saturday) EVENING, Oct. 24, 1863,
BY GENERAL REQUEST,
Petrella's grand Opera, in four acts, of
IONE;
Or, THE LAST DAYS OF POMPEII,
which will be produced
FOR THE LAST TIME,
as it must be withdrawn to make room for other novelties, with
SPLENDID COSTUMES, NEW SCENERY
AND APPOINTMENTS,
MILITARY BAND, &c.,
and its unsurpassed cast, including
Mme. JOSEPHINE MEDORI,
Mlle. HENRIETTA SULZER,
Sig. FRANCISCO MAZZOLENI,
Sig. FERNANDO BELLINI,
Conductor.....Sig. HANIBAL BIACHI
Sig. J. NUNO

ON MONDAY NEXT, Oct. 26,
Verdi's grand and highly successful opera of
MACBETH.

PRICES OF ADMISSION AS USUAL.

The sale of secured seats and admission tickets for any of the above-named representations will commence this morning at the Box Office of the Academy, at Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and down town at Root & Anthony's, stationers, corner of Nassau and Pine sts., from 8 A. M.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—THE OPERA.

MACBETH.

Director.....MAX MARETZEK

TENTH SUBSCRIPTION NIGHT.

On MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 26, at 8,
Mme. MEDORI
in her unrivaled character of
LADY MACBETH,
Signor BELLINI
in his great rôle of
MACBETH,
in Verdi's celebrated and highly successful Opera, in four acts, entitled
MACBETH,
WITH NEW COSTUMES, APPOINTMENTS,
MILITARY BAND, &c.,
and the following complete cast:

Macbeth.....Sig. F. BELLINI
Lady Macbeth.....Mme. J. MEDORI
Macduff.....Sig. COLORED FISH.
Banquo.....Sig. D. COLETTI
Malcolm.....Sig. RUBIO
The Doctor.....Sig. MULLER
Fairies, Witches, Soldiers, Assassins, Attendants, &c.
Conductor.....Sig. J. NUNO

PRICES OF ADMISSION AS USUAL.

Tickets and secured seats may now be obtained at all the regular ticket offices.

THE FIRST POPULAR MUSICAL MATINEE AT IRVING HALL,
under the direction of
Mr. THEODORE THOMAS,
will take place on
SATURDAY, Oct. 24. Doors open at 12 o'clock.
Mr. L. M. GOTTSCHALK,
the great Pianist, will perform, together with
Miss LUCY SIMONS,
soprano pupil of Signor Muzio, and whose début on Monday evening last was so eminently successful.
Mr. HARRY SANDERSON, Pianist,
Signor MUZIO
and
FULL ORCHESTRA.

The programme will be entirely new, comprising
A SYMPHONY,
OVERTURES,
SELECTIONS FROM THE OPERAS,
WALTZ, POLKA and QUADRILLES.

PRICES
Single tickets, 50 cents. No reserved seats.
Family, Season or Professional tickets, admitting one person six times or six persons one time, $2.
For sale at the music-stores and Irving Hall.
Doors open at 12, commence at 1 o'clock.

IRVING HALL.
THE THIRD GRAND CONCERT
of the great Pianist,
Mr. L. M. GOTTSCHALK,
will take place, on
TUESDAY EVENING, Oct. 27.
Miss FANNIE RIDDEL
will make her first appearance this season.

J. GRAU'S ITALIAN OPERA AND CONCERTS.

Mr. GRAU has the honor to announce that after having concluded all his engagements for the ensuing season he will return on the 25th of October, and will open his regular season of operas and concerts on or about the 10th of November. For all particulars see future advertisements.

PARIS, Oct. 4, 1863.

MR. DEMPSTER WILL REPRAT HIS new musical entertainment at Dodworth Hall, No. 806 Broadway, on MONDAY and WEDNESDAY EVENINGS, Oct. 26 and 28, which will include the songs in Tennyson's "Princess" and "Idyls of the King," together with selections of his new compositions—Scotch songs and the "May Queen." Tickets 50 cents; Reserved seats $1. To commence at 8 o'clock. Programmes and books of the words to be had at the Hall.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK & FLUSHING RAILROAD.

Leave New-York, at James-slip Ferry and 34th-st. Ferry, at 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 2, 4, 5, 6 and 7½.

Leave Flushing at 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 1, 3½, 5, 6 and 7½.

N. B.—On TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, a special night train leaves Flushing at 11 P. M., and from 34th-st. Ferry at 12 P. M.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—FALL ARRANGEMENT.—Leaves James-slip and 34th-st., East River, at 8 A. M. Mail train for Greenport, stopping at all stations; and 3:30 P. M. Express Train, stopping at Jamaica, Mineola, Jerusalem, and all stations east to Greenport. For Islip, 8 A. M. and 3:30 P. M. For Syosset, 8 and 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. For Hempstead at 8 and 11 A. M., and 3:30 4:30 and 5:30 P. M. For Jamaica, at 8 and 11 A. M., and 3:30, 4:30, 5:30 and 6 P. M. Sunday Excursion Train to Yaphank, at 9:15 A. M. (from 34th-st.) stopping at all stations. Fare for this train at excursion rates. For Syosset, (on Sundays,) at 6:15 P. M., from 34th-st., stopping at all stations.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD—FOR ALBANY, TROY, THE NORTH AND WEST.—Trains leave

FROM CHAMBERS-ST.	FROM THIRTIETH-ST.
Express, 7 and 10 A. M., and 3:15 and 5 P. M.	7:22, 10:27 A. M. and 3:37 and 5:22 P. M.
Troy and Albany, (with sleeping car,) 10:30 P. M.	10 57 P. M.

On SUNDAYS, at 5:22 P. M., from 30th-st.

Tickets may be procured at any of the offices of Westcott's Express, in New-York and Brooklyn, and baggage checked at the house to all points on the road, and to Saratoga Springs.

ERIE RAILWAY.—PASSENGER TRAINS:
7 A. M.—Express for Buffalo,
8:30 A. M.—Milk, daily, for Otisville.
10 A. M.—Mail, for Buffalo,
4 P. M.—Way, for Otisville, Newburgh and Warwick.
5 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Rochester, Canandaigua and principal stations. The train of Saturday runs through to Buffalo, but does not run to Dunkirk.
7 P. M.—Emigrant.

CHAS. MINOT, General Superintendent

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.—On and after Thursday, Sept. 10, the trips leaving New-York at 10:40 A. M., and Long Branch at 11:10 A. M., will be discontinued. On and after Monday, Sept. 14, the J. D. BEERS will leave foot of Murray-st., at 6:45 A. M., connecting with trains for all stations, and at 3 P. M. for Manchester, Toms River and intermediate stations.

B. S. SEYMOUR, Superintendent.

MORRIS AND ESSEX RAILROAD COMPANY.—On and after WEDNESDAY, Oct. 14, 1863, trains on this road will arrive and depart from foot of Barclay-st., New-York, via Hoboken. Important changes in running time will be made on that date, for which see bills.

J. B. BASSINGER, Sup't.

NORTHERN R. R. OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City at 5:10 A. M., 9:15 A. M., 1:15 P. M., 4:20 P. M., and 6:05 P. M. The 9:15 and 4:20 run to Monsey.

Oct. 12, 1863. THOS. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM AND ALBANY RAILROAD.—For Albany, 10:30 A. M.; for Dover Plains, 10:30 A. M., 4 P. M.; for Croton Falls, 9:15, 10:30 A. M., 4 P. M. For other trains, see time-tables.

JOHN BURCHILL, Superintendent.

STEAMBOATS.

NEW ARRANGEMENT, OCTOBER.
SHREWSBURY.
SANDY HOOK, HIGHLANDS, FORT WASHINGTON MOUNT'S AND BROWN'S DOCK, FAIRHAVEN AND RED BANK.

The steamers META and HELEN will leave Robinson-st., Pier, New-York, for Red Bank and intermediate landings, as follows:

META, Capt. H. B. Parker.

LEAVES NEW-YORK.	LEAVES RED BANK.
Tuesday, Oct. 6, 2½ P.M.	Monday, Oct. 5, 10 A.M.
Thursday, Oct. 8, 2½ P.M.	Wednesday, Oct. 7, 11 A.M.
Friday, Oct. 9, 2½ P.M.	Friday, Oct. 9, 6 A.M.
Saturday, Oct. 10, 2½ P.M.	Saturday, Oct. 10, 6¾ A.M.
Monday, Oct. 12, 2½ P.M.	Monday, Oct. 12, 7¾ A.M.
Tuesday, Oct. 13, 2½ P.M.	Tuesday, Oct. 13, 7¾ A.M.
Wednesday, Oct. 14, 3 P.M.	Wednesday, Oct. 14, 7¾ A.M.
Thursday, Oct. 15, 3 P.M.	Thursday, Oct. 15, 8

THE RUSSIAN TRAVELERS.

The Excursion to Niagara Falls—Admiral Lisovsky Declines Public Ovations—Arrival of the Party in Albany—A Call upon Gov. Seymour—Departure for Niagara.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ALBANY, Friday, Oct. 23, 1863.

The persistent adherence of Admiral LISOVSKY to his original resolution, expressed to the Committee who invited him to visit Niagara Falls, not to accept of any public ovations on the route, promises to render the grand Russian excursion somewhat barren of interest. Every one seems at a loss to account for the Admiral's sudden reluctance to receive the popular demonstrations in honor of his country. His first speech in New-York indicated a very different feeling. Every one will recollect with what evident satisfaction and delight he dwelt upon the friendly greetings which were extended to the Russian fleet, "from every villa, mansion, cottage and hamlet," as it came through the Sound into New-York Bay, and how gratefully he appreciated these popular demonstrations, as indicating—what they were really intended to express—the kindly feelings of the American people toward the nation which he represented. The reasons for this change in the Admiral's demeanor may, perhaps, be conjectured by those who are posted in international politics. That they are not personal, and that the change is not congenial to the Admiral's feelings and impulses, is very evident.

The excursionists arrived at the Capital at 6 o'clock last evening. There was no public demonstration on their arrival, although a large crowd of men and boys were collected on the wharf, who, in the darkness of the evening, cheered all the passengers indiscriminately as they left the boat. The Russians, of course, came in for their share, and seemed to duly appreciate the honor. The Albanians were anxious to give them a formal reception worthy of the Capital of the State, but they had been previously forewarned that the demonstration would be distasteful to the Admiral, and so refrained. The trip hither from West Point was exceedingly pleasant to all on board. The Admiral kept himself secluded in the Captain's state-room the entire trip, but the rest of the officers freely mingled with the passengers about the decks, and appeared delighted at everything they saw. There were no demonstrations worthy of note except at Hudson. Here the people came out *en masse*, with banners and music and cannon, and gave the party a right royal greeting, as the boat passed the town. The reason it was not done in other places, we were told, was because the people did not know the Russians were coming; but an enterprising Hudsonian had got wind of the affair in the morning at New-York, and took the first train of cars home, and organized an *impromptu* demonstration, which did credit to his townsmen. A sumptuous dinner was served up on board the *Daniel Drew*, under the auspices of DELMONICO, who received a *carte blanche* from the Steamboat Company in the way of expense, and who certainly spread himself, as well as his luxuries, without stint. The People's Line of Steamboats have done up their part of the excursion handsomely. On arriving here they turn the party over to the Central Railroad Company, who take them to Niagara, where they are transferred to the Erie Railroad Company, who return them to New-York. The officers of the Russian fleet accompanying the excursion number 104. MR. DAVYDOW, the Russian Secretary of Legation, accompanies the officers, and is the only civilian of that nationality in the party. The Russians were quartered here last night at Congress Hall and the Delavan House—the Admiral, the Secretary of Legation and some thirty officers of the fleet stopping at the former house, and the remainder at the latter. About 9 o'clock last evening Admiral LISOVSKY and the officers who are staying with him at Congress Hall, called in a body on Gov. SEYMOUR at his room in the Capitol. They were cordially received by the Governor, who had not before seen any of the party, and a half hour or more was spent in informal conversation. The Governor has been invited to join the party from here to Niagara, but the press of public duties will probably not permit him to go. Some of the other State officials, however, and several private citizens of Albany will accompany the excursion from here. A special train has been provided for the party, which leaves here at 8 o'clock this morning. It is expected to arrive at Niagara at 7 o'clock this evening.

NIX.

The Relations Between Admiral Dahlgren and Gen. Gillmore.

LETTER FROM ADMIRAL DAHLGREN.

WASHINGTON, Friday, Oct. 23.

Rear-Admiral DAHLGREN, in a communication to the Navy Department, dated the 20th, says that, as the Secretary of the Navy has alluded to the state of the relations between Gen. GILLMORE and himself, the following note from Gen. GILLMORE will satisfy the Department upon this subject, at least to its date, namely, the 23d of September:

MORRIS ISLAND, Sept. 23, 1863.

ADMIRAL: I am much chagrined at the reports in the newspapers about my tendering my resignation in consequence of a disagreement between you and myself, and that we did not cooperate cordially. It is not necessary for me to assure you that I am entirely ignorant of the slightest foundation for such reports, and had no idea that they existed until they appeared in the papers. They were, doubtless, started by some scribbling sensationist in lieu of news. I will see that they are authoritatively contradicted. Sincerely, yours,

Q. A. GILLMORE.

To Rear-Admiral DAHLGREN, Lighthouse Inlet.

I have only to add that Gen. GILLMORE spent several hours in conference with me yesterday, as he did on the 15th, and as usual in the most friendly manner, and came on board this morning to converse on public business. We spoke on the subject, and the General assured me that he was not aware of any foundation for the current rumors. Indeed, our concurrence on the public business between us, and our personal relations, make such rumors absurd.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant, JOHN A. DAHLGREN,

Rear-Admiral commanding South Atlantic Blockading Squadron.

The Steamship Africa.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Friday, Oct. 23.

The steamship *Africa* will sail from this port on Monday next, for Liverpool.

[Advertisement.]

WHAT CAN I Do Best?—It is by the organization Phrenology and Physiology that this question may be answered. Messrs. FOWLER & WELLS, No. 308 Broadway, New-York, make examinations and give full written descriptions of character daily.

[Advertisement.]

Opening of English velvet and Brussels carpetings, from the most celebrated manufacturers, at HIRAM ANDERSON'S ten spacious salesrooms, No. 99 Bowery; also a splendid assortment of Lowell three-ply and ingrain carpets; also rugs, mats, shades, druggets four yards wide, table and piano covers, oil-cloths from one to eight yards wide, at a great reduction in prices. All goods are guaranteed at HIRAM ANDERSON'S, No. 99 Bowery.

[Advertisement.]

One of the features at the Central Park is the great variety of hats worn by gentlemen who crowd the avenues—some of them soft, some otter skin, some the stylish silk and beaver—but all bearing on the inside the magic word KNOX, as maker. The truth is, gentlemen now hardly consider it safe to buy of any other manufacturer. KNOX'S styles lead the ton, and his establishment—No. 212 Broadway—is considered the very temple of fashion.

[Advertisement.]

A beautiful complexion, free from tan, pimples and freckles, may easily be procured by using the "BALM OF THOUSAND FLOWERS." For shaving it is unsurpassed—a single drop making fine lather. When used for washing, night and morning, it renders the skin soft and white, and free from blemish. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

MARRIED.

BURDETT—LANDER.—On Thursday, Oct. 22, at the home of the bride, by Rev. Thomas S. Hastings, JACOB BURDETT and HENRIETTA L., youngest daughter of T. D. Lander, Esq., all of this City.

CANT—JOHNSON.—In this City, on Tuesday, Oct. 13, by Rev. E. W. Bliss, Mr. ANDREW CANT, of Cleveland, Ohio, and Miss SARAH J. JOHNSON, of Brooklyn.

☞ Cleveland (Ohio) papers please copy.

STILES—LAMBERT.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, Oct. 22, by Rev. T. L. Cuyler, WILLIAM L. STILES and FANNIE, daughter of Hon. Edward A. Lambert, all of Brooklyn.

ADAMS—HARRIS.—In Clinton, N. Y., on Thursday, Oct. 22, by Rev. R. G. Voorhees, JOHN QUINCY ADAMS & SARAH, of New-York, and WILLIAM T., daughter of Rev. J. Barton, of the former place.

WOOD—LATHROP.—In South Hadley Falls, Mass., on Thursday, Oct. 22, by Rev. Mr. Marsh, OLIVER J. WOOD, of New-York, and CATHARINE, daughter of Wells Lathrop, Esq.

DIED.

ADEE.—On Thursday, Oct. 22, ANNIE MARIA, wife of Henry Adee.

The funeral will take place on Saturday, Oct. 24, from her late residence, No. 145 East 34th-st. Relatives and friends are invited to attend, without further notice.

ADEE.—On Thursday, Oct. 22, SARAH ADEE, widow of the late William Adee, in the 82d year of her age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her son-in-law, S. M. Hosted, 92 7th-av., at 1 o'clock, on Saturday afternoon, Oct. 24.

☞ California papers please copy.

AVERY.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Oct. 21, Mrs. SARAH AVERY, aged 76 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 164 Clermont-av., on Saturday, Oct. 24, at 2 o'clock P. M., without further invitation.

DARCY.—In Newark, N. J., on Thursday, Oct. 22, Dr. JOHN S. DARCY, in the 76th year of his age.

The funeral services at Grace Church, Newark, on Monday, Oct. 26, at 11 o'clock A. M.

HOFFMAN.—On Friday, Oct. 23, at his residence, No. 280 Spring-st., TOBIAS W. HOFFMAN, son of the late Leonard G. Hoffman, aged 45 years.

Notice of the funeral will be given in to-morrow's paper.

LIGGINS.—At Longsight, Manchester, Eng., on Saturday, Oct. 3, Mr. JOHN W. LIGGINS, well known and much respected in this City, aged 65 years.

LLOYD.—Suddenly, on Thursday, Oct. 22, of congestion of the lungs, Mr. JOHN C. LLOYD, in the 54th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 3 West 33d-st., on Monday morning, Oct. 26, at 11 o'clock.

LYON.—On Thursday evening, Oct. 22, ANNAH, eldest daughter of S. R. Lyon, of Bedford, Westchester County, N. Y.

MCCABE.—On Friday, Oct. 23, DENNIS MCCABE, aged 40 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 3d-av., corner of 71st-st., on Sunday, Oct. 25, at 1 o'clock P. M. His remains will be taken to Cypress Hills Cemetery for interment.

MANCHESTER.—In Albany, N. Y., on Tuesday, Oct. 20, of diphtheria, JOHN F. PORTER MANCHESTER, only remaining child of E. W. and MARY A. Manchester, aged 3 years.

PARKINSON.—In Brooklyn, suddenly, on Thursday, Oct. 22, SARAH C. PARKINSON, in the 76th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her son, Wm. S. Parkinson, No. 163 Prospect-st., Brooklyn, on Sunday afternoon, Oct. 25, at 1 o'clock.

☞ Rockland County (N. Y.) papers please copy.

ROOSEVELT.—In Hyde Park, on Friday morning, Oct. 23, ISAAC ROOSEVELT, in the 73d year of his age.

Funeral from his late residence, on Sunday morning, Oct. 25, at 9 o'clock.

STUDLEY.—In this City, on Friday, Oct. 23, at 1¾ o'clock P. M., WARREN STUDLEY, in the 55th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 69 East 27th-st., on Tuesday, Oct. 27, at 2 o'clock P. M. His remains will be taken to Greenwood.

☞ Boston papers please copy.

STREET.—On Friday, Oct. 23, WILLIAM J. STREET, in the 56th year of his age.

His remains will be taken to Poughkeepsie for interment.

Passengers Arrived.

Oct. 23—*In steamship Hammonia, from Hamburg.*—A. Gump, Wilhelmina Gramm, J. Rechten, Louis Planer, Sally Keyser, Rosalie Samson, Gustav Danzel, Gustav Gossler, Mrs. Toursend and daughter.

In Br. brig Excelsior, from Bermuda.—Mrs. Myles, Capt. and Mrs. Steed and two children, Miss Smith, Mrs. W. F. Steed and child, M. Morris, A. G. Butterfield, H. Jones, F. Johnston, E. Darrell.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 6 20 | Sun sets..... 5 06 | Moon sets .. 4 00

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook 5 17 | Gov. Island.. 6 06 | Hell Gate.. 7 28

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK.....FRIDAY, Oct. 23.

Cleared.

Steamships Champion, Wilson, Aspinwall, D. B. Allen; City of Baltimore, Morehouse, Liverpool, J. G. Dale; Bremen, (Brem.,) Meyer, Bremen, Oelrichs & Co.

Steamer Wm. Woodward, Cundiff, Baltimore, Wm. Daizell.

Ships Carrier Dove, Jackson, San Francisco, W. T. Coleman & Co.; Eureka, (Br.,) Stanwood, St. John, N. B., master; E. C. Scranton, Williams, Liverpool, Lawrence, Giles & Co.; Galena, Leavitt, New-Orleans, W. & A. Nelson & Co.

Barks C. L. Weyn, (Pruss.,) Kastens, Bristol, Funch, Meincke & Wendt; Linda, Hewitt, Philadelphia, J. E. Ward & Co.; Osprey, Norton, Matamoras, Peck & Church; Sam Sheppard, (Br.,) Jewett, Matanzas, J. E. Ward & Co.; Rota, (Norw.,) Eifersen, Dublin, Funch, Meincke & Wendt.

Brigs Rune and Marie, (Hamb.,) Boyd, Philadelphia, Funch, Meincke & Wendt; Wm. Akins, (Br.,) Washman, Ragged Island, P. I. Nevius & Sons; Giraffe, (Br.,) White, St. John, N. F., R. Dinwiddie & Co.; Condor, Brown, St. Croix, B. P. Sherman; Alice, (Br.,) Lord, Jacmel, Brett, Son & Co.; C. H. Ring, Huntley, Havana, H. P. Brigham; Victoria, (Br.,) Monell, Sisal and Campeachy, D. Starr.

Schooners Brandywine, Corson, Washington, J. W. McKee; Python, Candage, Boston, G. L. Hatch; Anna, Hillon, Machias, Jed Frye & Co., Bounbrook, Terry, Boston, J. V. Haviland; Sophie Tabor, Arnold, Washington, Van Brunt & Slaght; Frank Lucas, Taylor, Philadelphia, A. C. Havens; B. F. Woolsey, Soper, Beaufort, Murray & Nephew; W. B. Dyer, Pierson, Boston, Francis, Cromwell, Washington, Van Brunt & Slaght; Mary A. Ivins, Watton, Chincoteague, A. C. Havens; Twilight, Matthews, Washington, Van Brunt & Slaght; Mary Mankin, Cobb, Washington, L. Kenny; Beta Peck, Gardiner, Washington, L. Kenny; J. H. Day, Chase, Washington, L. Kenny; Vigilant, Lightbourn, Nassau, H. C. Lightbourn; Franklin Bell, Robinson, Washington, Van Brunt & Slaght; J. W. Deering, (Br.,) Kennedy, Halifax, James Hunter & Co.; Telegraph, Nickerson, Boston, Ferguson & Wood.

Sloops Deep River, Brisby, Saybrook, H. S. Rackett & Son; P. Hull, Hull, Providence, L. Kenny; Motto, Bliven, Providence, L. Kenny.

Arrived.

Steamship Kangaroo, Bridgman, Liverpool 9th and Queenstown 10th inst., with mdse. and passengers to J. G. Dale.

Steamship Hammonia, (Hamb.,) Schwensen, Hamburg 4th inst., and Southampton 7th inst., at 7 P. M., with mdse. and 461 passengers to Kuhhardt & Co. Had strong westerly gales most of the passage.

U. S. steam transport Constitution, Greenman, Washington, D. C., 48 hours, in ballast to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

Steamer Josephine, Grumley, Washington, D. C., in ballast to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

U. S. transport Cumbria, Sumner, Fortress Monroe 26 hours, to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

Steamer Chesapeake, Willetts, Portland, Me., with mdse. and passengers to H. B. Cromwell & Co.

Steamer F. W. Brune, Foster, Baltimore, with mdse. to Wm. Daizell.

Steamer Artisan, Kirk, Baltimore, with mdse. to Wm. Daizell.

Steamer Falcon, Jones, Providence, with mdse. to E. Bynner.

Steamer Falcon, Adams, Baltimore, with mdse. to Wm. Daizell.

Steamer Concord, Norman, Philadelphia, with mdse. to J. & N. Briggs.

Steamer Bristol, Charles, Philadelphia, with mdse. to James Hand.

Steamer E. N. Fairchild, Trout, Philadelphia, with mdse. to J. & N. Briggs.

Steamer W. Waite, Weaver, Philadelphia, with mdse. to J. & N. Briggs.

Ship American Union, Hubbard, Liverpool Sept. 15, with mdse. and 26 passengers to Grinnell, Minturn & Co. 11th inst., lat. 43 55, lon. 47 38, saw two icebergs. Had light westerly winds and fine weather most of the passage.

Ship Sir Robert Peel, (Hamb.,) Jurgensen, Hamburg 42 ds., with mdse. and 195 passengers to R. M. Sloman & Edye.

Bark America, (Brem.,) Koper, Bremen 41 ds., with mdse. and 195 passengers to Ukart & Co. In lat. 44, lon. 50 30, passed two icebergs.

Bark Castleton, (of Liverpool,) Hill, Shanghai May 13, past St. Helena Sept. 1, with teas, silks, etc., to Napier & Welsford. Had head winds most of the passage; no N. E. trades. Sld. from St. Helena in co. with bark Deborah Pennel, for Falmouth.

Bark Diva, (Aust.,) Valcich, Cork 40 ds., in ballast to Holmboe & Balchen.

Bark Topeka, Sundberg, Havana 9th inst., with sugar to P. V. King & Co.

Brig L. M. Strout, (of Bangor,) Williams, Minititlan Sept. 9, via Key West 12 ds., with mahogany and fustic to B. F. Small & Co. Had very heavy weather the first part of the passage; split and lost sails, etc., and put into Key West to repair. Left no Am. vessels at Minititlan.

Brig Jacinta, Simpson, Matanzas 12 ds., with sugar to master.

Brig Collamer, (Dan.,) Kruse, Havana 13 ds., with sugar to master.

Brig Hebe, (Norw.,) Lohmann, Havana 12 ds., with sugar to order.

Brig Transit, (of Boston,) Pierce, New-Orleans 16 ds., in ballast to master.

Brig Excelsior, (Br.,) Pruden, of and from Bermuda 7 ds., with old iron to McColl & Frith.

Brig Relief, Wallace, Millbridge 14 ds., with lumber to master.

Brig Elizabeth, (Fr.,) Bourge, Keapon, N. F., 23 ds., with fish, etc., to Wheelright & Co.

Schr. J. W. Maitland, Garmo, Key West 12 ds., in ballast to Murray & Nephew.

Schr. Gleaner, (Br., of London,) Law, Matamoras 26 ds., with cotton to master.

Schr. R. Fowler, Oliver, Baltimore 4 ds., with mdse. to master.

Schr. Counsellor, Whitman, Elizabethport for Providence.

Schr. Susan Scranton, Harney, Bridgeport for Washington.

Schr. Lord of the Isles, (of Shelburne,) Cummings, St. Jago de Cuba 21 ds., with sugar to Brett, Son & Co.

Schr. W. W. Brainerd, Bowditch, from Philadelphia for Boston.

Schr. Indian Queen, (Br.,) Whitley, Halifax 7 ds., with fish to Thomas James.

Schr. George R. Lanfair, Snow, Lippican, with boards to master.

Schr. George A. Bearse, Bearse, New-Haven for Matanzas.

Schr. Counsellor, Whitmore, Elizabethport for Providence.

Schr. Maria Louisa, Sheffield, New-London for Rondout.

Schr. Mary and Elizabeth, Cordery, Philadelphia for Providence.

Schr. Colorado, Sheppard, Philadelphia for Pawtucket.

Schr. Northern Light, Ireland, Philadelphia for Boston.

Schr. W. D. Cargill, Dibble, Providence, in ballast.

Schr. Express, Coonan, Hartford, in ballast.

Schr. M. S. Partridge, Hix, Bridgeport, in ballast.

Schr. S. Fowler, Oliver, Baltimore, with coal.

Schr. Jane Haskell, New-Haven, in ballast.

Schr. Haines, Madison, Rondout for Boston.

Schr. Wm. H. Stevens, Snow, Gloucester, with fish.

Schr. Undine, Baker, Portland for Philadelphia.

Schr. Flying Fish, Nickerson, East Dennis, with fish.

Schr. J. B. Allen, Case, Nantucket for Rondout.

Schr. Maggie Bell, Gilkey, Newport, in ballast.

Schr. Gen. Taylor, Snow, Gloucester, with fish.

Schr. Saxes, Champlin, New-London.

Schr. Henry Gibbs, Snow, New-Bedford, with oil.

Schr. Nightingale, Nickerson, Bristol, in ballast.

Schr. Brandywine, Corson, Newport, in ballast.

Schr. Hannah Martin, Avery, New-Haven, in ballast.

Schr. Samuel N. Smith, Wilcox, New-Haven, in ballast.

Schr. J. S. Lane, Stewart, New-Haven, in ballast.

Schr. Python, Candage, Hudson, for Albany.

Schr. Rosanna, Rose, Barnes, Rondout for Boston.

Schr. Giraffe, Richardson, New-Haven, in ballast.

Schr. Eudora, Lord, Elisabethport, for Boston.

Schr. Fanny Moss, Davis, Fall River.

BELOW—2 barks and 1 brig unknown.

WIND—Sunset, S. E.

Sailed.

Steamship Ocean Queen, for Aspinwall.

Steamers Merrimac, Baltimore, Ellen S. Terry, Thomas Sparks.

Ships Glen, Villafranca, Enterprise.

Barks Persia, Magdalene, Pearl, Meteor, Pandora, Albertina.

Brigs Wanderer, Mountain Eagle, Clara Pickens, Hannah, Holberg, Tennessee, and others.

Miscellaneous.

A CARD.—We, the undersigned, passengers per steamship Hammonia, from Southampton to New-York, feel pleasure at parting in expressing our appreciation, not only of the uniform courtesy of Capt. Schwensen towards us, but also of the ability and skill displayed in the management of his vessel during the severe gales experienced on the voyage.

Signed by the cabin passengers.

The bark Sal Wilder, from New-Orleans for Boston, put into Havana on the 8th for medical assistance, nine of the crew being sick.

The U. S. steamer Vanderbilt left St. Helena Aug. 16, to cruise for privateers.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Oct. 23.—Arr. ships Addison Child and Mont Blanc, New-Orleans; barks Franklin, Cienfuegos; R. H. Knight, Havana; schr. Herbert, (Br.,) Turks Island.

Domestic Ports.

HOLMES' HOLE, Mass., Oct. 21, P. M.—Arr. and sld. schrs. El Dorado, Young, and Henry Perkins, Wilson, Philadelphia for Boston; Jabez L. Swan, Mayo, New-York for Wellfleet; Boston, Mail, New-Haven for Calais; Charmer, Burlingame, Boston for New-York.

Also sld. barks Annie Sherwood, Philena, Ada Carter; brigs Maria Wheeler, Matilda, Delmont, Locke, Burnham, Aldelma, Avondale, P. M. Sinker, Alfaretta, (Br.,) Elvira, Zebulon, (Br.,) Catharine Rogers, Ortelan, Cuba, (Br.,) Sam Small, Olive; schrs. A. M. Aldridge, Sarah M. Rowe, Baltimore, Red Jacket, Mary Fletcher, James Bliss, J. C. Harper, Crusoe, Dolphin, Harbinger, Defiance, Frederick Eugene, Mossuth, Hortensia, Electric Light, Orris, Frances, William Jones, T. E. French, Hero, Hampden Belle, George W. Glover, Alexander Nelson, Deliverance, Vashti, Sharp, Typhon, S. T. Garrison, M. M. Weaver, Maggie Van Dusen, Wm. Parson, Jonathan May, Richard Hill, Y. R. Jones, Richard Thompson, Rachel Seaman, Excelsior, Amy Clark, Princess and Mary Kelly.

Passed by at 3 A. M., U. S. steamer Shawmut, in tow of steamer Charles Pearson, from Portsmouth, for New-York.

22d—Arr. steamer Oriole, (Br.,) Woodfine, fm. Halifax for Havana; brig Crocus, Adams, from Washington for Boston.

Sld. steamer Oriole.

In port, bark B. Colcord; brig Crocus; schrs. Clara L. Sparks, Ocean Ranger, Moro, A. J. Horton, Onana, R. H. Colson, Ottoman, Avon, Ruth Thomas, Hampton, Juniatta and Montezuma.

Spoken, &c.

Gen. McClellan—ship, off Ormes Head 9th inst., bound up.

Arabia—steamship, off Mine Head 10th inst., bound up channel.

City of London—steamship, bound E., 20th inst., lat. 44 10, lon. 57 26.

Columbia—Br. steamship, hence for Galway, 22d inst., lat. 41 20, lat. 66 12.

Persia—steamship, hence for Liverpool, 22d inst., lat. 41 08, lon. 68.

Camperdown—Br. ship, from Madras for London, Aug. 4, lat. 34 47 S., lon. 38 10 E.

Everdina Elizabeth—Dutch bark, steering N. W., Aug. 14, lat. 35 8 N., lon. 19 48 W.

Lilly—brig, from West Indies for Boston, 22d inst. off Barnegat.

Coloden—Br. ship, from Bombay for Liverpool, 45 ds. out, Aug. 16, lat. 35 25 S., lon. 17 20 E.

Foreign Ports.

At St. Helena Sept. 1, whaling schr. Charmer.

At Bermuda 15th inst., brig Henrietta, hence, just arr.

At Matamoras Sept. 26, bark Mary Bentley, for New-York in 14 ds., and others.

At Havana 9th inst., bark Milton, Fuller, and brig Hebe, Lohmann, for New-York same day.

[PER HAMMONIA.]

Arrived from New-York—7th inst., Amelia at Dungeness; 9th, Helvis at Marseilles; 10th, Prince Imperial at Havre.

Arrived from Boston—9th, Stamboul at Marseilles.

Arrived from Callao—10th, Bazaar at Flushing.

Sailed for New-York—12th, Goshen, from Deal; 13th, Southampton, from do.

MEM.—The ship Gorilla, fm. Liverpool for Boston, was abandoned at sea; crew saved.

The ship B. F. Carver, while being towed to the wharf at Fleetwood, struck the pier with her bows, knocking off part of her keel. She has seven feet of water in the hold.

Latest Shipping Intelligence.

Arrived from New-York—Ellen and Mathilde at Marseilles; Sarah Elizabeth, Fortuna, and Wessel, in the Texel; Lombreth, Vonstralendorf and Lorens at Helves; President at Flushing; Mary Ann at Sicily; Konignon and Elizabeth at Falmouth.

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Have won the HIGHEST PREMIUMS at all the important State and Mechanical Fairs where exhibited this season.

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MARVIN & CO.

ALUM PATENT
FIRE, BURGLAR AND DAMP PROOF

SAFES.

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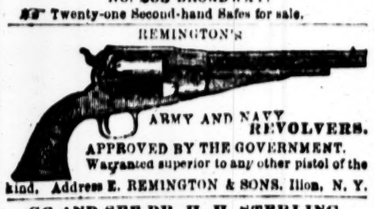

ARMY AND NAVY REVOLVERS.

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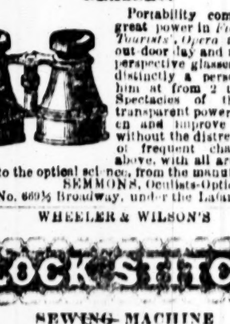
Warranted superior to any other pistol of the kind. Address E. REMINGTON & SONS, Ilion, N. Y.

GO AND SEE DR. H. H. STERLING.
No. 493 BROADWAY,

Where he has the AMBROSIA for sale which causes the hair to grow.



Dr. STERLING'S AMBROSIA is a stimulating, oily extract of roots, barks and herbs. It will cure all diseases of the scalp and itching of the head, entirely eradicates dandruff, prevents the hair from falling out or turning prematurely gray, causing it to grow thick and long. It is entirely different from all other preparations, and can be relied on.

DEPOT NO. 493 BROADWAY.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR Great Britain and the Continent, *via* Southampton and Bremen, per steamer BREMEN, and for Ireland, *via* Queenstown, per steamer CITY OF BALTIMORE, will close at this office on SATURDAY, the 24th day of October, at 10½ o'clock A. M., and at the up-town Stations as follows:

Stations A and B, 10 A. M.
Stations C and D, 9½ A. M.
Stations E and F, 9¼ A. M.
Station G, 9 A. M.

ABRAM WAKEMAN, Postmaster.

FINE GOLD WATCH CHAINS, NEW STYLES, FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.—Fifteen, Twenty, Twenty-five, Thirty-five, Fifty to One Hundred Dollars each. For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

SLEEVE-BUTTONS AND STUDS.—ONE, TWO AND THREE DOLLARS A SET.
For sale by
G. C. ALLEN,
No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

BEDS, MATTRESSES, &c.,
GOOD AND CHEAP, AT
WILLARD'S,
No. 304 Hudson-st.,
Corner Houston.

POLITICAL.

UNION MEETINGS.

The Union State Committee has made the following appointments of meetings:

SATURDAY, Oct. 24.

Albany—{Ex-Gov. HENRY S. LANE, of Indiana. {Hon. JOHN W. FORNEY, of Pennsylvania.
Corning—{Hon. Z. CHANDLER, of Michigan. {Hon. JAMES A. BRIGGS, of Ohio.
Albion—{Hon. HENRY RAYMOND. {Hon. S. H. HAMMOND. {Dr. FRANK TAYLOR, of Pennsylvania.
Seneca Falls—Hon. C. C. WOODMAN, of Boston.
Flushing—Hon. GREENE CLAY SMITH, of Kentucky.
Broadalbin—Ex-Gov. NOBLE.
Turin—Hon. WM. A. HOWARD, of Michigan.
Little Falls—PATRICK CORBETT.
Port Henry—Hon. W. K. PECK, of Connecticut.
Warsaw—{Hon. SCHUYLER COLFAX, of Indiana. {Hon. J. M. ASHLEY, of Ohio.
Utica—{Hon. HENRY WILSON, of Massachusetts. {Col. T. H. GIBBS, of Tennessee.
Haverstraw—Hon. L. SHERWOOD, of Texas.
Kinderhook—Hon. JOHN T. HOGEBOOM.
Canajoharie—{Hon. LEWIS BARKER, of Maine. {Hon. E. K. FOSTER, of Connecticut.
Oyster Bay—Gov. PIERREPONT, of Virginia.
Richmond—{Hon. JOHN A. BINGHAM, of Ohio. {Col. R. S. MATHEWS, of Baltimore. {GEO. W. CURTIS.
Geneva—Ex-Gov. RANDALL, of Wisconsin.
Pillar Point—Rev. B. I. IVES, afternoon.
Brownville—Rev. B. I. IVES, evening.
Matteawan—Col. O. T. BEARD.
Fulton—GEO. L. MAYNARD.

MONDAY, OCT. 26.

Saratoga Springs—{Ex-Gov. HENRY S. LANE, of Ind. {Hon. E. K. FOSTER, of Conn.
Elmira—{Hon. Z. CHANDLER, of Michigan. {Hon. JAS. A. BRIGGS, of Ohio.
Buffalo—{Hon. SCHUYLER COLFAX, of Indiana. {Hon. J. M. ASHLEY, of Ohio.
Adams—Hon. HENRY WILSON, of Mass., afternoon.
Watertown—{Hon. H. WILSON, of Mass., evening. {PATRICK CORBETT.
Rome—Col. T. H. GIBBS, of Tennessee.
Amenia—{Hon. GREENE CLAY SMITH, of Kentucky. {Hon. JOHN A. BINGHAM.
Elizabethtown—Hon. W. K. PECK, Jr., of Connecticut.
Canandaigua—{Dr. WM. C. DOANE, of Washington. {Dr. JAMES C. JACKSON.
Troy—{Hon. JOHN W. FORNEY, of Pennsylvania. {Hon. LEWIS BARKER, of Maine.
Lyons—GEORGE SAUL, of Syracuse.
Stuyvesant Falls—Hon. JOHN T. HOGEBOOM.
Boonville—Hon. WM. A. HOWARD, of Michigan.
Manlius—Hon DANIEL P. TYLER, of Connecticut.
Weedsport—Prof. HEGEMAN.
Port Jervis—Gov. JOHN A. ANDREW, of Massachusetts.
Catskill—Col. R. S. MATHEWS, of Baltimore.
Lima—Hon. S. H. HAMMOND.
Skaneateles—{Hon. C. C. WOODMAN, of Boston. {Gov. PIERREPONT, of Virginia.
Saugerties—{Gen. B. F. BRUCE.
Preble—GEORGE L. MAYNARD.
Theresa—Rev. B. I. IVES.
Port Leyden—F. S. LAMBERT.
Claverack—{Hon. CHAS. L. BEALE. {Hon. JOHN C. NEWKIRK.
Greenport—Hon. LORENZO SHERWOOD, of Texas.
Brunswick—{Col. F. MONTGOMERY, of Vicksburgh. {A. H. CHASE, of New-York.
Medina—Dr. FRANK TAYLOR, of Pennsylvania.
Yonkers—Judge PHILIP FRASER, of Florida.

TUESDAY, Oct. 27.

Ballston Spa—{Ex-Gov. HENRY S. LANE, of Ind. {Hon. E. K. FOSTER, of Connecticut.
Newark Valley—{Hon. Z. CHANDLER, of Michigan. {Hon. JAS. A. BRIGGS, of Ohio.
Chateaugay—Hon. H. WILSON, of Mass., afternoon.
Malone—Hon. HENRY WILSON, of Mass., evening.
Northville—Col. T. H. GIBBS, of Tennessee.
Westport—Hon. W. K. PECK, of Connecticut.
Lyons—{Hon. SCHUYLER COLFAX, of Indiana. {Hon. J. M. ASHLEY, of Ohio
Copake Flats—{Hon. JOHN A. BINGHAM, of Ohio. {Hon. JOHN T. HOGEBOOM.
Ogdensburgh—Hon. JOHN P. HALE, of N. H.
Glen Cove—Hon. LORENZO SHERWOOD, of Texas. {Gov. PIERREPONT, of Virginia.
Brooklyn—{Hon. JOHN W. FORNEY, of Penn. {Hon. LEWIS BARKER, of Maine. {Ex-Gov. B. G. NOBLE.
Onondaga Valley—Hon. D. P. TYLER, of Conn.
Port Byron—{Prof. HEGEMAN. {Hon. C. C. WOODMAN, of Boston.
Deposit—Gov. JOHN A. ANDREW, of Massachusetts.
Lockport—{Ex-Gov. RANDALL, of Wisconsin. {Dr. FRANK TAYLOR, of Pennsylvania.
Schenectady—Hon. GREENE CLAY SMITH, of Ky.
Oneida Depot—{Col. R. S. MATHEWS, of Baltimore. {Hon. WM. A. HOWARD, of Michigan.
Waverley—Hon. S. H. HAMMOND.
Truxton—GEO. L. MAYNARD.
Middletown—Dr. JAMES C. JACKSON.
Pedwood—Rev. B. I. IVES.
Cuylg—F. S. LAMBERT.
Berlin—{Col. F. MONTGOMERY, of Vicksburgh. {A. H. CHASE, of New-York.
St. Johnsville—Judge FRASER, of Florida.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 28.

Greene—{Hon. Z. CHANDLER, of Michigan. {Hon. JAS. A. BRIGGS, of Ohio.
Moores Village—Hon. H. WILSON, of Mass., afternoon.
Plattsburgh—Hon. HENRY WILSON, of Mass., evening.
Gloversville—Col. T. H. GIBBS, of Tennessee.
Penn Yan—{Hon. SCHUYLER COLFAX, of Indiana. {Hon. J. M. ASHLEY, of Ohio.
Hudson—{Hon. JOHN A. BINGHAM, of Ohio. {Hon. JOHN T. HOGEBOOM.
Canton—Hon. JOHN P. HALE, of New-Hampshire.
Ex ex—Hon. W. K. PECK, of Connecticut.
Hempstead—{Hon. LEWIS BARKER, of Maine. {Hon. JAMES WADSWORTH, of N. Y.
Roslyn—{Hon. LORENZO SHERWOOD, of Texas. {GEO. WM. CURTIS.
Fonda—Ex-Gov. H. S. LANE, of Indiana.
Glen's Falls—{Hon. E. K. FOSTER, of Connecticut. {Hon. B. F. HALL.
Eldridge—Hon. D. P. TYLER, of Connecticut.
Cortland—{Gov. JOHN A. ANDREW, of Mass. {Col. R. S. MATHEWS, of Baltimore.
Fort Plain—Gov. PIERREPONT, of Virginia.
Fredonia—Ex-Gov. RANDALL, of Wisconsin.
Oswego—{Hon. GREENE CLAY SMITH, of Kentucky. {Hon. C. C. WOODMAN, of Boston.
Poughkeep